# Major League Rules

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MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
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Rule 1

CIRCUITS

(a) CONDITIONS TO RELOCATION TO ANOTHER CLUB’S TERRITORY. A Major League Club, in order to relocate within the home territory of another Major League Club, must comply with the following conditions:

(1) The Major League Club intending to so relocate shall give notice of such intention to the Commissioner not later than midnight of October 31 of the year next preceding the first year it proposes to operate a second Major League Club in such home territory.

(2) Such Major League Club shall satisfy the Commissioner as to the bona fides of such Club’s intention to operate in such home territory on a long-term basis and as to the financial ability and character of the owners of such Club to maintain such Club for a period of five years.

(3) Any park owned or occupied by such second Major League Club in such home territory shall be located not less than five air miles distant from the park of the Club first located in such home territory, unless the two Clubs mutually agree otherwise.

(4) Such second Major League Club, before commencing its first year of operation in such home territory, shall pay to the Club already located in such home territory such sum of money as the Commissioner deems appropriate under the circumstances and in addition shall pay to the latter Club one-half of all sums paid by the latter Club to Minor Leagues or Clubs as compensation for inclusion of such home territory in a Major League. Any disputes as to the amounts paid as such compensation shall be determined by the Commissioner.

(b) NUMBER OF CLUBS. In no event shall any home territory in either Major League circuit have more than two Major League Clubs.
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(c) NOTICE.

(1) A Major League Club desiring to locate in a home territory in which a Minor League Club is operating must file notice of its intention to do so with the Commissioner between October 1 and October 31 (both inclusive) next preceding the first season it proposes to operate in such city.

(2) If a Major League Club transfers its location to another home territory after approval is obtained under the Major League Constitution, such Club shall notify the Commissioner of the transfer as soon as the agreements or proceedings necessary to effect such transfer and relocation have been completed. Fifteen days after delivery of such notice, but in no event later than February 1 next preceding the first season such Club proposes to operate in its new location, the Major League circuits set forth in the Major League Constitution shall be deemed amended to reflect such relocation and the city from which such Major League Club transferred shall be deemed vacated by such Club unless another Major League Club has located in such home territory prior to the expiration of 15 days after the delivery of such notice.

(d) DEFINITION. For the purposes of this Rule 1, “home territory” shall refer to the operating territories described in Article VIII, Section 8 of the Major League Constitution, and in Attachment 52 to these Rules in the case of Minor League Clubs.

Rule 2

PLAYER LIMITS AND RESERVE LISTS

(a) RESERVE LISTS.

(1) Filing of Reserve Lists. On a date designated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee (which shall be no later than November 20, or the last business day preceding November 20, if November 20 is not a business day), each Major League Club shall file Major League and Minor League Reserve Lists with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. A Major League Club shall include on its Major League Reserve List all players, player-managers and player-coaches who are currently under Major League Uniform Player's Contracts (unless they have been assigned outright to a Minor League Club) or who have been promoted to Major League status and must be tendered a Major League Uniform Player's Contract for the following championship season by December 2.
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MLR 2(a)

A Major League Club also must file a separate Minor League Reserve List for each Minor League classification in which it desires to reserve Minor League players. A Major League Club, however, may reserve players only in classifications in which it owned or had a PDC with a Minor League Club during the previous season. The Minor League Reserve Lists filed by a Major League Club must contain all players, player-managers and player-coaches that it has under Minor League Uniform Player Contracts, including players whose Major League Uniform Player’s Contracts have been assigned outright to Minor League Clubs. All players on one of the Minor League Reserve Lists filed by a Major League Club shall be reserved only to the Major League Club, which shall have the exclusive contractual right to the services of the players on such a list.

On the same date designated by the Commissioner for the filing of Minor League Reserve Lists by Major League Clubs, each independent Minor League Club shall file with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee a Minor League Reserve List containing the names of all players, player-managers and player-coaches that it has under Minor League Uniform Player Contracts. The composition of each Minor League Reserve List shall comply with the length of prior Minor League service limitations described in Rule 51(b) (Composition). A Minor League Club that is party to a PDC may not file a Minor League Reserve List and/or retain any sort of reserve or contractual rights to a player.

(2) Maintenance of and Changes to Reserve Lists. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall continuously maintain and update the Reserve Lists filed by Major League and Minor League Clubs. As part of this process, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall promptly record any transactions or player transfers permitted by these Rules and shall make them available electronically to all Major League and Minor League Clubs. Both Major League and Minor League Clubs shall immediately notify the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee of any changes to their Reserve Lists. Such Reserve List changes shall not take effect until approved by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and the Commissioner may establish procedures for notifying the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee of such changes. Except for outright assignments from the Major League Reserve List in accordance with Rule 9 (Assignment of Player Contracts), outright assignments of players not subject to selection at the next Rule 5 Selection Meeting, the addition of players signed as Major League or
Minor League free agents, or releases for the purpose of permitting players to sign a bona fide contract as a foreign professional, Minor League Reserve Lists may not be amended during the period between the latest date designated by the Commissioner for filing Minor League Reserve Lists and the conclusion of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting.

(3) Effect of Placement on Reserve List. No player on a Reserve List filed by a Major League or Minor League Club shall be eligible to play or negotiate with any other Major League or Minor League Club until the player is removed from the Reserve List because the player's contract has been terminated or assigned.

(b) MAXIMUM NUMBER OF RESERVED PLAYERS.

(1) Major League Club Limits. A Major League Club may place a maximum number of

(A) 40 players on its Major League Reserve List;

(B) 38 players on its Class AAA Reserve List for each Class AAA Club that it owned or with which it had a PDC during the previous season;

(C) 37 players on its Class AA Reserve List for each Class AA Club that it owned or with which it had a PDC during the previous season;

(D) 35 players on its Class A Reserve List for each Class A or Short-Season A Club that it owned or with which it had a PDC during the previous season; and

(E) 35 players on its Rookie Reserve List for each Rookie classification Club that it owned or with which it had a PDC during the previous season.

If two or more Major League Clubs shared a PDC with a single Minor League Club during the previous season, those Major League Clubs may place additional players on their Minor League Reserve Lists for the shared Minor League Club's classification. The number of players so reserved by each Major League Club sharing a PDC, however, shall not exceed the number of players that each Major League Club had placed on the Active and Inactive Lists of the shared Minor League Club as of the last day of the most recently concluded championship season.

(2) Minor League Club Limits. If a Minor League Club is not owned by a Major League Club and is not party to a PDC, the maximum number of players that it may place on its Minor League
RESERVE LIST

MLR 2(b) to 2(c)

Reserve List shall be the same as the maximum number of players that a Major League Club could place on a Minor League Reserve List in the same classification for each Minor League Club that it owned or with which it had a PDC.

(3) Reserve List Limits. As used in these Rules, the maximum limits on the number of players that a Major League or Minor League Club may place on the various Major and Minor League Reserve Lists shall be referred to as “Reserve List” limits. A Major or Minor League Reserve List may contain more than the maximum number of players if the additional players are on a List (Voluntarily Retired, Disqualified, Restricted, Ineligible, or Military) that does not count against the Reserve List limits or these Rules otherwise provide that such additional players in excess of the maximum number may be placed on a Major or Minor League Reserve List. See Rule 2(g)(3) (Major League Injured List; Effect on Limits), Rule 2(j)(1) (Players Signed for Future Services) and Rule 4(g) (Effect on Player Limits).

(4) A player who signs a first-year Minor League contract for the current season with a Major League Club shall be excluded from the Minor League under control limits of the signing Major League Club until 15 days have elapsed from the date of the contract or when the player has appeared in a championship season game, whichever occurs first.

(c) ACTIVE LISTS.

(1) Filing and Maintenance. Each Major League Club must file and maintain an Active List with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee for the Major League Club itself and for all Minor League Clubs that it owns or with which it has a PDC. If a Minor League Club is not owned by a Major League Club and does not have a PDC, it must file its own Active List with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. The Active List of a Minor League Club owned by a Major League Club or under a PDC may include only players who are reserved to and under Major League Uniform Player Contracts or Minor League Uniform Player Contracts with a Major League Club.

An Active List must include all players who are currently eligible to play in a championship season game for the Major League or the Minor League Club for which the list was filed. All Major League Active Lists must be filed by such time or times on the opening date of the Major League championship season as the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may set forth, provided, however, that any
such filing time shall be no later than one hour before the scheduled start of the first game of the championship season on such opening date. All Minor League Active lists must be filed by the opening date of the championship season of the Minor League Club to which the list applies.

An optional player who has been recalled shall be counted against the Major League Active List in accordance with Article XV(E)(3) of the Basic Agreement.

(2) Numerical Limits.

(A) Major League Club Active List.

(i) Except as provided herein, the maximum number of players who may be placed on an Active List for a Major League Club shall be 25 from opening day until midnight on August 31 of the same championship season, at which time the number of players on the Active List of a Major League Club may be increased to 40. With the exceptions of unconditional releases, designations for assignment, and assignments of a Major League contract to another Major League Club, Clubs may not change their Active Lists once a game has commenced, unless the game is suspended (in which case Clubs may change their Active Lists prior to the resumption of the game).

(ii) Prior to September 1, a Club may expand its 25-man Active Roster to 26 players for any split or regular doubleheader (including double-headers in which the first game is a continuation of a suspended game) that is contained in the regular season schedule or created to reschedule games, as follows:

(aa) The additional roster spot is not available in the first game of a doubleheader that is scheduled as a result of a postponed game earlier in the same series if the rescheduled game takes place the day following the announcement to reschedule the postponed game. The additional roster spot would be available in the second game of a doubleheader.

(bb) The additional roster spot shall not be available in the continuation of a suspended game.

(cc) A player added to the 25-man Active Roster for these purposes must be on the 40-man Roster (or
reinstated from a Major League Inactive List in accordance with the applicable Rule), and, except as set forth in Rule 2(c)(2)(A)(ii)(aa) and (bb) above, will be eligible to play in both scheduled games of the doubleheader (such player will be referred to as the "26th Player"). If a Club adds more than one player to the Active Roster, and one of the players is added pursuant to this Rule 2(c)(2)(A)(ii), it must identify the 26th Player at the time he is added to the roster.

(dd) Any Club that expands its roster for these purposes must return to a 25-man Active Roster immediately after the conclusion of the second game (i.e., a post-game roster adjustment). The recall and waiver requirements and limitations contained in these Rules shall not apply to the 26th Player if returned to his previous Minor League club for these purposes. Moreover, a player's addition to the 25-man Active roster for these purposes shall not affect the expiration of any 10-day period that may be required by Rule 11(b)(1). The return of the player to his previous Minor League club shall not be considered an assignment (i.e., to a Minor League club, an optional assignment under these Rules, or otherwise). A Club may return to a 25-man Active Roster by removing a player other than the 26th Player only if the Club's addition of the 26th Player complied with all applicable Rules and the Basic Agreement, and the Club's subsequent removal of the other player from its roster complied with all applicable Rules and the Basic Agreement (and both of those transactions will not be covered by the exception created by this Rule 2(c)(2)(A)(ii)).

(ee) The 26th Player shall be paid one day of Major League salary and shall receive one day of Major League service. Such day shall not be counted for purposes of counting days on option pursuant to the Articles XIX(E) and XXI(B) of the Basic Agreement or Rule 11(c).

(ff) The addition of the 26th Player must be consistent with the Prohibition on Taxi Squads contained in Article XV(E)(3) of the Basic Agreement.

(gg) A Club's addition of the 26th Player pursuant to this Rule 2(c)(2)(A)(ii) is not intended to preclude a Club
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from making other player transactions that are permissible under these Rules or the Basic Agreement.

(B) The maximum number of players on the Active List of a Class AAA Club shall be 25.

(C) The maximum number of players on the Active List of a Class AA Club shall be 25.

(D) The maximum number of players on the Active List of a Class A Club shall be 25.

(E) The maximum number of players on the Active List of a Short-Season A Club shall be 35.

(F) The maximum number of players on the Active List of a Rookie Club shall be 35.

(3) For purposes of applying the limits in Rule 2(c)(2) (Numerical Limits), a player-manager or player-coach shall be considered an active player.

(d) VOLUNTARILY RETIRED, RESTRICTED, DISQUALIFIED AND INELIGIBLE LISTS. Players on the Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible Lists shall not count against either the Reserve List or Active List limits. A player under a Major League Uniform Player's Contract or Minor League Uniform Player Contract who has been reserved for two consecutive years on the Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible Lists shall be omitted from further Reserve Lists and shall not be eligible to play until the player is first reinstated in accordance with Rule 16 (Reinstatement of Players). Upon reinstatement, the Major League or Minor League Club to which the player is reserved shall restore the player to the same status that the player had at the time when the player retired or became ineligible.

(e) MILITARY LIST. Players under reserve to Major or Minor League Clubs may be placed on the Military List subject to conditions and strictures set forth in this Rule 2(e).

(1) If a player has received definite orders to report for military service, the player may be placed on the Military List within 15 days of the date on which the player is to report. A player may not be placed on the Military List, however, unless the player has left the player's Major League or Minor League Club in preparation for reporting for military service.
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MLR 2(e) to 2(f)

(2) A player on the Military List shall not count against any Reserve List or Active List limits as of the date the player commences active military service if the player and the player’s Major or Minor League Club advise the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee in writing of the exact date that the player began active military service, the unit with which the player is serving and the player’s serial number.

(3) Upon discharge from military service a player will count against Reserve List and Active List limits after the player has completed a 15-day trial period or has participated in a championship season game, whichever comes first. This trial period shall begin when the player physically reports during either spring training or the championship season to the Major or Minor League Club for which the player has been directed to perform. A player on the Military List who is discharged from military service after the Rule 5 Selection Meeting, however, shall not count against any Reserve List or Active List limit until the opening day of the following championship season and such a player shall not count against any Reserve List limit in any event until the player has had a trial period of at least 15 days or has played in a championship season game.

(4) Upon learning that a player has been separated from military service, the Major or Minor League Club to which the player is under reserve must immediately transmit such information to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(5) A player who is required to return for additional military service, but who may be available to the player’s Major or Minor League Club while still in military service, shall be counted against the player’s Club’s Active List limit from the day the player participates in a championship season game and for the balance of the season. Any time accumulated by such player during spring training or the championship season shall be charged against the 15-day trial period that the player’s Club must give the player.

(f) SUSPENDED LIST.

(1) Suspension by Club. A player placed on the Suspended List by his Major or Minor League Club shall be excluded from all player limits until the player is reinstated.

(2) Suspension by League. A player placed on the Suspended List by the Commissioner, Senior Vice President, Standards and On-Field Operations, a Minor League or a Minor League Association, shall count against both Reserve List and Active List limits.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 2(g)

(g) MAJOR LEAGUE INJURED LIST. Upon appropriate application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, a Major League Club may request that a player on its Major League Active List, who is unable to render services because of a specific injury or ailment, be placed on one of the Injured Lists set forth in this Rule 2(g).

(1) Lists. The Major League Injured Lists shall consist of 7-day, 10-day and 60-day lists, which shall be the minimum period of inactivity for a player placed on such a list, as follows:

(A) 10-day and 60-day lists. The application for placement on the 10-day or 60-day list shall be accompanied by a Standard Form of Diagnosis completed by the Major League Club physician, and a copy of this completed form shall be given to the player. At the time of the request, the player’s Club must designate the specific list on which the player is to be placed. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may approve such requests after having received the Standard Form of Diagnosis.

(B) 7-day list. A player is only eligible for the 7-day list if he has suffered an acute concussion. The application for placement on the 7-day list shall be documented through an Event Form in the Electronic Medical Records System and accompanied by a concussion-specific Standard Form of Diagnosis, signed by the home or visiting Club physician and the home Club head certified athletic trainer. The completed diagnostic form and supporting information must be submitted to the Commissioner’s Office and the Players Association prior to the player’s placement on the 7-day list. A copy of the completed diagnostic form also shall be given to the player. Upon submission of the diagnostic form to the Commissioner’s Office, Major League Baseball’s Medical Director will review the form and any available supporting information, and, if appropriate, approve the placement of the player on the 7-day list.

(2) Transfers. Subject to the restrictions above, a player may be transferred from the 7-day list to the 10-day list, or from the 7-day or 10-day lists to the 60-day list. A player on the 7-day list who is recertified after the initial 7-day list placement shall automatically be transferred to the 10-day list in the event the player is not able to return to play after an initial 9-day period of inactivity. Time spent on the 7-day or 10-day lists prior to any such transfer shall count towards the 10-day or 60-day minimum inactivity periods, whichever is applicable.
(3) Effect on Limits. There shall be no limit on the number of players placed on any list; provided, however, that:

(A) a player may not be placed on or transferred to the 60-day list unless the Major League Reserve List of the player’s Club is at the maximum limit of 40 or the player’s Club adds a player to its Major League Reserve List who otherwise would cause the 40-player Reserve List limit to be exceeded;

(B) players on the 7-day and 10-day lists shall count against the Reserve List limits, but not against the Active List limits;

(C) players on the 60-day list shall not count against either the Reserve List or Active List limits;

(D) after the conclusion of the championship season, a player may not be placed on the 7-day Injured List earlier than the fourth day before the start of the next championship season;

(E) after the conclusion of the championship season, a player may not be placed on the 10-day Injured List earlier than the third day before the start of the next championship season;

(F) after the conclusion of the championship season, a player may not be placed on the 60-day Injured List earlier than the first date that Clubs may invite injured players, pitchers and catchers to attend spring training workouts in accordance with Article XIV(A)(1) of the Basic Agreement;

(G) players placed on or transferred to the 60-day Injured List prior to the start of the championship season may not be reinstated until 60 days of the championship season have elapsed;

(H) except for players on the 60-day Injured List, all players on the Injured List must be removed from the Injured List on or before the day following the conclusion of the championship season;

(I) Clubs must remove all players from the 60-day Injured List no later than the fifth day following the day that the last game of the World Series starts; and

(J) Clubs may not place players on or transfer players to the 60-day Injured List after August 31 unless the Club maintains a complete 40-man Roster.

For the effect of the minimum activity period on post-season rosters, see Rule 40(a)(2) (Submission of Rosters).
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MLR 2(g) to 2(h)

(4) Recertifications. The Club physician must complete and submit to the Commissioner’s Office and the Players Association the appropriate Standard Form of Diagnosis for Recertification for a player on the 7-day list when the player first becomes eligible for reinstatement to active status. A player on the 7-day list who is recertified shall automatically, without any additional recertification necessary, be transferred to the 10-day list in the event the player is not able to return to play after an initial 9-day period of inactivity. Except as provided herein, the Club physician must complete and submit the appropriate Standard Form of Diagnosis for Recertification for a player on the 10-day list when the player first becomes eligible for reinstatement to active status, and then every 10 days following the date upon which the player first becomes eligible for reinstatement. No recertification shall be required for players on the 60-day Injured List.

(5) Return to Play. Prior to the reinstatement of a concussed player from any Injured List, and before the player may consent to and undergo an injury rehabilitation pursuant to Rule 9(f), the player’s Club must submit a Return to Play Form and supporting information to the Medical Director and the Players Association.

(6) Disposition of Injured Players. Except as set forth in Rule 9(f) and Article XIX(C) of the Basic Agreement, a Major League Club may not direct, assign or otherwise transfer a player on a Major League Injured List to a Minor League Club. A Major League player on a rehabilitation assignment shall not count against the Active List limit of either the Major or the Minor League Club to which the player is assigned but shall continue to count against the Reserve List limit for the Major League Reserve List unless the player is on the 60-day Injured List.

(h) MINOR LEAGUE INJURED LIST AND TEMPORARILY INACTIVE LIST.

(1) If a Minor League Player is unable to render services because of a specific injury, the player may be placed on the Injured List for that particular Minor League Club. If the Minor League Club is not owned by a Major League Club and is not party to a PDC, the Minor League Club may submit a written application to the President of its Minor League Association requesting that a player on its active list be placed on the Injured List. The two lists a Minor League player may be placed on during the championship season are:

(A) Regular Injured List. Minimum period of placement on a Minor League Injured List shall be seven consecutive days.
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MLR 2(h)

(B) Emergency Injured List. Minimum period of placement on an Emergency Injured List shall be 60 consecutive days. A player on this list shall not count against either a Minor League Club’s Active or Reserve List limit.

Effect on Limits: A player on a Regular Minor League Injured List shall count against the player’s Minor League Club’s Reserve List limit but not against the Club’s Active List limit. A player assigned on rehabilitation while on the Injured List shall count towards the Reserve List limit of the assignor Club and shall not count against the player limits of the assignee Club.

(2) Placement on Temporarily Inactive List. If a Minor League player is

(A) not in position to render active service to the player’s Club due to any of the following:

(i) necessary temporary absence during the playing season on account of a family member’s bona-fide illness;

(ii) absence excused by the Club and approved by the Commissioner’s Office; or

(iii) the player not being in condition to render services as a result of an absence described in Rules 2(h)(2)(A) or 2(h)(2)(B), or as a result of having reported recently for service in that season; or

(B) awaiting completion of the player’s unconditional release for the purpose of allowing the player to sign with a club in a foreign league, provided the player’s Club submits documentation of the transaction with the foreign club satisfactory to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee,

the player may be placed on the Minor League Club’s Temporarily Inactive List. If the placement is pursuant to Rule 2(h)(2)(A), the Player’s salary entitlement shall be at the Club’s discretion until such player returns to the Club in physical condition to render services. A Player may not be placed on the Temporarily Inactive List prior to the start of the championship season.

The minimum period of placement on the Temporarily Inactive List shall be three consecutive days, during which the player will not be allowed in uniform during a game. No assignment of a Temporarily Inactive List player shall be permitted until after reinstatement, following expiration of the minimum period unless the player is being assigned to another Major
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League Club; provided, however, that a 40-man Roster player on the Temporarily Inactive List may only be assigned to another Major League Club within the 72-hour window leading up to the period set forth in Rule 9(b)(3). However, a Temporarily Inactive List player may be unconditionally released at any time, provided the player has first been reinstated from the Temporarily Inactive List.

Effect on Limits: A Temporarily Inactive player shall not be counted on a Minor League Club's Active List, but the player shall be included in the Reserve List limit. Written notice of placement upon the Temporarily Inactive List must be given to the player. A player cannot be carried on the Reserve List as Temporarily Inactive.

(i) PLAYERS SIGNED AFTER SELECTION. Players who are signed after selection in the Rule 4 draft shall count against Reserve List and Active List limits only as provided in Rule 4(g) (Effect on Player Limits).

(j) PLAYERS SIGNED FOR FUTURE SERVICES. No Major or Minor League Club may sign an eligible player if the player has no previous Major or Minor League experience and if the contract is for services to commence after the current calendar year, except as provided for in subparagraphs (1) or (2) of this Rule 2(j).

(1) A Major League Club may sign, after July 1, a player who has no previous Major or Minor League experience to a contract for the succeeding year, provided, however, that the number of players so signed shall not exceed 50 assigned in the aggregate to the Class A, Short-Season A or Rookie League Clubs that the Major League Club owns or with which it has a PDC during the current season. Each such additional player signed to a Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be placed on either a Class A, Short-Season A or Rookie Reserve List, but the player shall not count against Reserve List or Active List limits until the opening day of the succeeding championship season of the Club to which the player is assigned. The Club shall be obligated to take such player to its spring training camp (Major League, Minor League or a combination of both) for a minimum 15-day trial period. Each such additional player signed to a Major League Uniform Player's Contract shall be placed on a Major League Reserve List, shall count against such Reserve List limits immediately, shall be directed not to report until Major League spring training camp and shall not count against Active List limits until the opening day of the succeeding championship season of the Club to which the player is assigned. The Club shall be obligated to take such player to its spring training camp (Major League, Minor League or a combination of both) for a minimum 15-day trial period.
(2) A player who has no previous Major or Minor League experience and who is in the Armed Services may contract, regardless of the date on which the player is scheduled to be discharged, for either the current or the next succeeding season if the player is signed between the Rule 4 draft and the Winter Meetings, or for the season following the Winter Meetings if the player is signed between the Winter Meetings and the next Rule 4 draft. A player so signed shall not be eligible for placement on the Military List and shall be counted against the signing Club's Major or Minor League Reserve List limits. Players signed pursuant to this Rule 2(j)(2) shall not be charged for player classification purposes with any time between the date of the contract and the date of reporting.

(k) DESIGNATED PLAYERS. When the Active List and/or Reserve List limits of a particular Major League Club have been reached, and the Club desires to acquire, sign, transfer, recall from an optional assignment or reinstate an additional player, notice must first be given to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee of the Club’s intention to release or assign an equal number of players. The player(s) so designated shall be released or their contracts assigned within 7 days after such notice is given, and they shall not be eligible to participate in a championship season game after having been so designated until they are released or assigned to another Major or Minor League Club. No player obtained from a waiver claim award may be designated if such designation would violate Rule 10(g) (Player Limit).

(l) RE-SIGNING OF COACH OR MANAGER AS PLAYER. Any Major League Reserve List player who has been unconditionally released and signed as a coach or manager after midnight on August 1 of any championship season cannot be re-signed as a player by the releasing Major League Club until May 15 of the following championship season.

(m) LIMITATIONS ON COACHES, PLAYER-COACHES AND PLAYER-MANAGERS.

(1) Major League.

(A) A person employed as a coach shall not count against the Reserve List or Active List limits unless and until the person signs a contract as a player. Upon signing as a player the person cannot be re-employed as a coach during the same season, unless any applicable waivers are first secured and the person is unconditionally released as a player.

(B) A person signed as a player or a player-manager cannot be re-employed as a manager or coach until any applicable waivers are
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first secured and the person is unconditionally released as a player. If the person is then employed under a coach’s or manager’s contract, a Major League Club cannot release the person as coach or manager and subsequently re-sign the person as a player during the same championship season.

(C) No contract shall be approved unless a Major League Club indicates in the contract whether the person is to be employed as a player or as a coach.

(D) (i) From opening day through August 31 and during the post-season, a Major League Club shall be permitted no more than seven on-field uniformed coaches, instructors or bullpen coaches (including honorary coaches or instructors) during an official Major League Baseball game. Prior to substituting for a manager or coach who has left the Club on a temporary basis, the team must notify the Commissioner’s Office, as well as the opposing Club and umpire crew, of the temporary change prior to the start of the game.

(ii) From September 1 through the conclusion of the championship season, a Major League Club shall be permitted one additional on-field uniformed coach, instructor or bullpen coach during an official Major League Baseball game, so long as such additional coach is a full-time employee who has spent a significant amount of time during the championship season as a uniformed manager, coach or instructor of that Major League Club or a Minor League Club or Clubs affiliated with that Major League Club and so long as the Major League Club provides such coach’s name to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee before such coach appears in uniform during a Major League game. A Major League Club may designate a different additional coach from game to game, so long as the Major League Club complies with all other requirements of this Rule 2(m)(1)(D).

(iii) From September 1 through the conclusion of the championship season, a Major League Club shall be permitted one additional Certified Athletic Trainer or registered strength and conditioning coach to sit on the bench during an official Major League Baseball game, so long as such additional trainer or coach is a full-time employee who has spent a significant amount of time during the championship season as a trainer or coach of that Major
League Club or a Minor League Club or Clubs affiliated with that Major League Club and so long as the Major League Club provides the name of such trainer or coach to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee before such trainer or coach appears in uniform during a Major League game. A Major League Club may designate a different coach or trainer under this rule from game to game, so long as the Major League Club complies with all other requirements of this Rule 2(m)(1)(D).

(iv) There shall be no limit on the number of coaches or instructors who may work with players during any pre-game or post-game practice; however, additional coaches and/or instructors who participate in pre-game activities must leave the dugout, field and bullpen areas during the game.

(2) Minor League.

(A) A person employed as a manager or coach shall not count against the Reserve List or Active List limits unless and until the person signs a contract as a player. Upon signing as a player the person cannot be re-employed as a manager or coach during the same season, unless the person is unconditionally released as a player. During the same championship season, a manager or coach who has been signed and subsequently released as a player may not be re-signed as a player.

(B) A person signed as a player, player-manager or player-coach cannot be re-employed as a manager or coach until the person is unconditionally released as a player. If the person is then employed under a coach’s or manager’s contract, a Major or Minor League Club cannot release the person as coach or manager of a Minor League Club and subsequently re-sign the person as a player during the same championship season.

(C) No contract shall be approved unless a Major or Minor League Club indicates in the contract whether the person is to be employed as a player or as a manager or coach.

(n) MAJOR LEAGUE BEREAVEMENT/FAMILY MEDICAL EMERGENCY LIST. Upon written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, a Major League Club may request that a player be placed on the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List. No player may be placed on the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List unless such player is unable to render services because of the
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serious or severe illness or death of a member of such player’s immediate family (e.g., spouse, parent, grandparent, sibling, child or grandchild) or a member of such player’s spouse's immediate family.

A player on the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List shall be paid salary while on such List. For each day that the player receives salary while on the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, the player shall receive one day of Major League service.

The minimum period of placement on the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List shall be three consecutive days and the maximum period of placement shall be seven consecutive days, during which placement the player is not permitted to be with the player’s Club. No assignment of a Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List player shall be permitted until after reinstatement. However, a Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List player may be unconditionally released with the prior approval of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, or assigned to another Major League Club within the 72-hour window leading up to the period set forth in Rule 9(b)(3).

If a player’s absence from the player’s Major League Club continues past the maximum period of Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List placement, the player’s Club may submit written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to place the player on the Restricted List. See Rule 15(a) (Restricted, Disqualified and Ineligible Lists).

Effect on Limits: A Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List player shall not be counted on a Major League Club's Active List, but the player shall be included in the Reserve List limit. Written notice of placement upon the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List must be given to the player. A player may not be carried on the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List after the conclusion of the championship season.

(o) MAJOR LEAGUE PATERNITY LEAVE LIST. Upon written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, a Major League Club may request that a player be placed on the Major League Paternity Leave List. No player may be placed on the List unless that player is the father of a child whose delivery or adoption is imminent or has occurred within the prior 48 hours.

A player on the Major League Paternity Leave List shall be paid salary while on such List. For each day that the player receives salary while on the Major League Paternity Leave List, the player shall receive one day of Major League service.
The minimum period of placement on the Major League Paternity Leave List shall be one day and the maximum period of placement shall be three consecutive days, during which placement the player is not to be permitted to be with the player’s Club. No assignment of a Major League Paternity List player shall be permitted until after reinstatement. However, a Major League Paternity List player may be assigned to another Major League Club within the 72-hour window leading up to the period set forth in Rule 9(b)(3).

If a player’s absence from the player’s Major League Club continues past the maximum period of Major League Paternity Leave List placement, the player’s Club may submit written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to place the player on the Restricted List, see Rule 15(a) (Restricted, Disqualified and Ineligible Lists), or, if the player’s absence is as a result of a serious illness or death arising from the delivery of the child, the player’s Club may submit written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to transfer the player to the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, provided that any time spent on the Paternity Leave List shall count towards the minimum inactivity period. See Rule 2(n).

Effect on Limits: A Major League Paternity Leave List player shall not be counted on the Major League Club’s Active List, but the player shall be included in the Reserve List limit. Written notice of placement upon the Major League Paternity Leave List must be given to the player. A player may not be carried on the Major League Paternity Leave List after the conclusion of the championship season.

**Rule 3**

**ELIGIBILITY TO SIGN CONTRACT, CONTRACT TERMS, AND CONTRACT TENDERS**

**(a) ELIGIBILITY TO SIGN MAJOR LEAGUE OR MINOR LEAGUE CONTRACTS.**

(1) General Rules. Subject to the High School, College and Junior College Rules listed in this Rule 3(a), a Major or Minor League Club may contract with a player under the conditions and restrictions set forth in this Rule 3. A player may be subject to one or more of the following Rules and may contract with a Major or Minor League Club only if the conditions and restrictions of all Rules applicable to the player are satisfied. It is the responsibility of the contracting Club to determine that a player is eligible to sign in accordance with this Rule 3.
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For purposes of this Rule 3, the term “United States” shall mean the 50 States of the United States of America, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any other Commonwealth, Territory or Possession of the United States of America.

(A) A player who has not previously contracted with a Major or Minor League Club, and who is a resident of the United States or Canada, may be signed to a contract only after having been eligible for selection in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft.

(i) A player shall be considered a “resident of the United States or Canada” if the player enrolls in a United States or Canadian high school, junior college, or college or establishes a legal residence in the United States or Canada within one year prior to the date of the player’s contract. In determining residency, the Office of the Commissioner will consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, how long the player has lived at his current address, where the player intends to live permanently in the future, where the player has resided in the past, what passports the player holds, the player’s citizenship, and the player’s place of birth.

(ii) Except for players who become free agents pursuant to Rule 4(j)(4)(B), a player who is eligible for selection in the Draft may only sign a Minor League Uniform Player Contract. If such a player does not sign a Minor League contract with the selecting Club before being removed from the selecting Club’s Negotiation List pursuant to Rule 4(d), he may not sign with any Major or Minor League Club until after the next First-Year Player Draft for which the player is eligible for selection.

(B) A player who has not previously contracted with a Major or Minor League Club, who is not a resident of the United States or Canada, and who is not subject to the High School, College or Junior College Rules, may be signed to a contract if the player:

(i) is at least 17 years old at the time of signing, or

(ii) is 16 at the time of signing, but will attain age 17 prior to September 1 of the first season covered by the contract.

Proof of age in the form of a birth certificate or other appropriate documentation, issued by an appropriate government agency, shall accompany the filing of such player’s first Minor
League contract. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Major League Rules (including, but not limited to, Rule 3(f)(1)), any Minor League contract made in violation of this Rule 3(a)(1)(B) may be declared null and void only in the discretion of the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, and the Major or Minor League Club and any official, scout or employee of the offending Major or Minor League Club who participated in the violation shall be subject to such penalties or such other action as the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee may from time to time deem appropriate under the circumstances. A Major League or Minor League Club that recruits such a player may not sign or encourage such a player to sign a professional baseball contract other than with a Major or Minor League Club.

(C) A Player covered under Rule 3(a)(1)(B) may not be signed to a Major League contract unless he qualifies as a Foreign Professional. A Foreign Professional is a player who, at the time of signing, is at least 25 years of age and has played as a professional in a foreign professional league recognized by the Commissioner's Office for a minimum of six seasons.

(D) A player who has previously contracted with a Major or Minor League Club, and is currently reserved by such Club or by another assignee Club, may be signed to a contract only by the Club that currently holds reservation rights to the player's contract.

(E) A player who has previously contracted with a Major or Minor League Club, but who is no longer subject to reservation by that Club, may contract with any Major or Minor League Club subject to the limitations on resigning with a prior Club in Rule 8(i) (Re-Signing of Released Players).

(F) No player is permitted to, directly or indirectly, provide to a Major or Minor League Club, or to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, any false material information or documentation in regard to the player's age, identity, citizenship, residence or scholastic standing in connection with the player signing with a Major or Minor League Club. Any player found to have violated this Rule 3(a)(1)(F) shall be declared ineligible to sign with any Major or Minor League Club for a period of one year, if the player does not have an approved contract with a Major or Minor League Club, or shall be placed on the Disqualified List for a period of one year, if the player does have an approved Minor League Uniform Player Contract with a Major or Minor League Club.
Club. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall have the discretion to reduce the mandatory sanctions described in this Rule 3(a)(1)(F) only if the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee concludes that extraordinary circumstances exist that call for the exercise of such discretion. If a complaint is first made to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee more than one year following the player’s first appearance in a game in a Major or Minor League in the United States or Canada and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee concludes that a player has violated this Rule 3(a)(1)(F), then the mandatory sanctions described in this Rule 3(a)(1)(F) shall not apply and, instead, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may impose such sanctions as may be deemed appropriate, in the discretion of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. If the false information or documentation is in regard to a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract, or if the disclosure of evidence of false information or documentation in regard to a player is made to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee while such player is on a Major League Reserve List, whether or not the false information or documentation is in regard to a Minor League Uniform Player Contract, then the mandatory sanctions described in this Rule 3(a)(1)(F) shall not apply and, instead, Rule 21(f) (Other Misconduct) shall apply. Any person employed by or affiliated with any Major or Minor League Club who participates in, aids or abets any violation of this Rule 3(a)(1)(F) shall be subject to such sanctions as may be deemed appropriate, in the discretion of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(G) The mandatory sanctions described in Rule 3(a)(1)(F) shall neither abrogate nor supersede any rights or remedies a Club may have, whether under a Minor League Uniform Player Contract, under a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract, at law, in equity or otherwise, against a player who has engaged in conduct prohibited by Rule 3(a)(1)(F). Rule 3(a)(1)(F) shall not be admissible in any arbitration or other litigation involving a Club contention that a player induced the Club to execute a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract by, among other things, providing false information or documentation in regard to the player’s age, identity, citizenship, residence or scholastic standing.
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(H) The signing of players covered under Rule 3(a)(1)(B) is governed by Attachment 46 to the Basic Agreement, and all provisions of that attachment are expressly incorporated herein.

(2) High School Rules.

(A) Definitions:

(i) The term “high school” for purposes of Rules 3 and 4 shall mean a secondary school that confers a diploma on a student after the completion of three or four years of academic study, typically referred to as grades 9, 10, 11 or 12, or freshman, sophomore, junior and senior. The term “high school” also shall include institutions that provide post-graduate high school courses and allow enrolled students to participate on a baseball team that competes with other high schools.

(ii) The terms “graduation” or “graduate” for purposes of Rule 3(a)(2) and Rule 4 shall mean the issuance of a diploma to a student by his high school signifying that the student has completed the academic requirements of the high school as determined by the school, the school district, or state or local government bodies, whichever is applicable. The terms “graduation” or “graduate” does not include the receipt by the player of a general equivalency diploma or degree.

(B) A high school student (or a student eligible to attend a high school) may only be signed to a contract upon the conclusion of the fourth school year following the date that the student’s class entered its freshman year of high school (i.e., 9th grade). A player will be eligible to sign a contract prior to the expiration of the four-year period described in the preceding sentence only if he satisfies each of the following:

(i) the player has graduated from high school after having attended for a minimum of three full academic years (e.g., 9th, 10th, and 11th grades);

(ii) the player will be 17 years old within 45 days of the conclusion of the First-Year Player Draft;

(iii) the player will not play baseball for any high school baseball team following his graduation (except to complete a season that commenced prior to his date of graduation); and
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(iv) the player provided the Office of the Commissioner with written notice by January 15 of his desire to be eligible for the next First-Year Player Draft as a result of his early graduation from high school.

No player will be eligible to sign a contract prior to the expiration of the four-year period described herein unless and until the player provides the Office of the Commissioner with a sworn affidavit by May 1 that he has satisfied or will satisfy each of the foregoing criteria within 45 days of the conclusion of the First-Year Player Draft.

(C) A high school player who is eligible to sign a contract under this Rule 3(a)(2) may do so only after the player has been subject to selection in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft in accordance with Rule 4. If a player is selected in the First-Year Player Draft, the player may sign a contract until being removed from the selecting Club’s Negotiation List in accordance with Rule 4(d). If a player is not selected, the player shall remain eligible to sign a contract until the start of the next Closed Period. Notwithstanding the above, if the player enrolls in junior college or college, or the player returns to high school, the right of the player to sign a contract shall immediately terminate on the day of the first scheduled class of the fall semester of the institution in which the player enrolls, in which case the player will be ineligible to sign a contract until the conclusion of the next First-Year Player Draft for which the player is eligible under the applicable High School, Junior College or College Rules.

(D) A Club may require a signed high school player to report for service prior to his graduation date only with the written consent of the player and approval from the Office of the Commissioner.

(3) College Rules.

(A) Definitions.

(i) The term “college” for purposes of Rules 3 and 4 shall mean any university or other institution of higher education located in the United States or Canada that confers degrees upon students following completion of sufficient credit hours to equal a four-year course. To fall within this definition, the institution must be represented by a baseball team which participates in inter-collegiate competition. This definition
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includes but is not limited to all members of the National Collegiate Athletic Association (“NCAA”) and the National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics (“NAIA”).

(ii) The term “potential college baseball eligibility” for purposes of Rules 3 and 4 shall mean that the player has not exhausted his four years of eligibility for participation in college baseball competitions under the rules of the NCAA, NAIA or applicable governing body (in addition to any extensions that may be granted to the player), irrespective of whether the player has enrolled in college, joins the baseball team or is permitted or eligible to participate on such team by his college, the NCAA, the NAIA or applicable governing body.

(iii) The term “college junior” for purposes of Rules 3 and 4 shall mean any student who has completed three years of college baseball eligibility (i.e., has one year of remaining potential college baseball eligibility), or has completed six academic semesters of full-time coursework (or nine academic quarters of full-time coursework).

(B) Except as set forth in Rule 3(a)(3)(C), a player who enrolls in a college may not be signed by a Major or Minor League Club during the period beginning on the day of the first scheduled class of the fall semester of the institution in which the player is enrolled and ending with the graduation of the class with which the player originally entered college or with the graduation of the college’s undergraduate class in a later year if the player retains potential college baseball eligibility in such later year. The prohibition set forth in this Rule 3(a)(3)(B) shall apply irrespective of whether the player is a member of his college’s baseball team or is permitted to participate on such team by his college, the NCAA, the NAIA or applicable governing body.

(C) A player who is covered by Rule 3(a)(3)(B) may be permitted to sign a contract with a Major or Minor League Club only in the following circumstances:

(i) the player is at least 21 years old and is currently between school years;

(ii) the player has completed his junior year and is currently between school years;
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(iii) the player has no potential college baseball eligibility remaining;

(iv) the Commissioner grants the player’s written application to be declared eligible for the next First-Year Player Draft as a result of his termination from his college for scholastic deficiency; or

(v) the player has withdrawn from his college and remains out for at least 120 days (including the date of withdrawal).

(D) A college player who is eligible to sign a contract under Rule 3(a)(3)(C) above may do so only after having been subject for selection in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft in accordance with Rule 4.

(E) A player who is selected in the First-Year Player Draft may sign a contract with the selecting Club until the earlier of: (i) the player’s removal from the selecting Club’s Negotiation List in accordance with Rule 4(d); (ii) the player’s return to college in the fall or spring semester (if the player has remaining potential college baseball eligibility on the day of the first scheduled class of that semester); or (iii) the first scheduled class of the fall semester at a junior college in which the player is enrolled. A player who is not selected in the First-Year Player Draft may sign a contract with any Club until the earlier of: (i) the commencement of the next Closed Period; (ii) the player’s return to college in the fall or spring semester (if the player has remaining potential college baseball eligibility on the day of the first scheduled class of that semester); or (iii) the first scheduled class of the fall semester at a junior college in which the player is enrolled.

(F) A college player with remaining potential college baseball eligibility who returns to college is not permitted to sign a contract until the conclusion of the next First-Year Player Draft for which the player is eligible.

(G) A college player whose team is eligible for the national tournaments conducted by the NCAA and NAIA may not be signed until the day after the player’s team has been eliminated from such tournament.

(H) A student enrolled in a college without a baseball team who claims he is eligible to sign a contract because his college does not have a baseball team that participates in inter-collegiate competitions, or a college student who claims that he qualifies for
the exception set forth in Rule 3(a)(3)(C)(iv), shall make written application to the Commissioner setting forth the relevant facts with supporting documentation. If the Commissioner determines that the player is eligible to sign a contract, the player and all Major and Minor League Clubs will be notified that the player is authorized to sign a contract following the conclusion of the next First-Year Player Draft.

(4) Junior College Rules. A student at a junior college in the United States or Canada may not be signed during the period commencing with the day of the first scheduled class of the fall semester of the institution in which the student enrolls and ending after the conclusion of the next First-Year Player Draft.

(5) Time Period for Determining Eligibility to Contract. A player who will become eligible to sign a contract under the High School, College or Junior College Rules within 45 days of the conclusion of the First-Year Player Draft (and thus is eligible for selection in the draft under Rule 4(a)) will be deemed eligible to sign a contract with his selecting Club upon selection, or with any Club if not selected upon the conclusion of the First-Year Player Draft.

(b) UNIFORM CONTRACTS.

(1) Uniform Contract for Major League Players. To preserve morale among Major League players and to produce the similarity of conditions necessary for keen competition, the contracts between all Major League Clubs and their players on the Major League Reserve List shall be in the form prescribed by any Basic Agreement in effect between the Major Leagues and the Major League Baseball Players Association.

(2) Uniform Contract for Minor League Players. To preserve morale among Minor League players and to produce the similarity of conditions necessary for keen competition, all contracts between either Major or Minor League Clubs and players on Minor League Reserve Lists shall be in the form of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract that is appended to these Rules as Attachment 3. All Minor League Uniform Player Contracts between either a Major or a Minor League Club and a player (except a Foreign Professional as defined in Rule 3(a)(1)(C)) who has not previously signed a contract with a Major or Minor League Club shall be for a term of seven Minor League playing seasons. A Minor League Uniform Player Contract between either a Major or a Minor League Club and a player who has previously signed a contract with a Major or Minor League Club (or
otherwise qualifies as a Foreign Professional as defined in Rule 3(a)(1)(C)) may be for any term not to exceed seven Minor League playing seasons that is mutually acceptable to the signing Club and the player. The minimum salary in each season covered by a Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be the minimum amount established from time to time by the Major League Clubs for each Minor League classification or League.

(3) Except with the written approval of the Commissioner, no Major or Minor League Club shall enter into a contract with a player that differs from the Major League Uniform Player’s Contracts or Minor League Uniform Player Contracts. All contracts shall be in duplicate and the player shall retain a counterpart original. All Major League Uniform Player’s Contracts and all Minor League Uniform Player Contracts must be filed with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee for approval.

(4) No player shall participate in any championship season game until the player has signed a contract in the form prescribed by this Rule 3(b) for services during the current season. Use of an ineligible player shall subject the offending Club to such penalties as the Commissioner may impose, including, without limitation, forfeiture of any game won by the Club that uses an ineligible player.

(5) No Major League Uniform Player’s Contract or Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be approved if it contains a bonus for playing, pitching or batting skill or if it provides for the payment of a bonus contingent on the standing of the signing Club at the end of the championship season.

(6) The contract of a first-year player (i.e., a player who has not previously contracted with a Major or Minor League Club) selected in the First-Year Player draft may not be assigned to another non-affiliated Major or Minor League Club until 9:00 A.M. Eastern Time on the day following the day that the last game of the World Series had started. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the contracts of selected players who may remain on the Negotiation List until the start of the next Closed Period in accordance with Rule 4(d)(5) may not be assigned until the later of 9:00 A.M. Eastern Time on the day following the day that the last game of the World Series had started or 90 days from the date the player signs a Minor League contract that is approved at any time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee pursuant to Rule 3(e)(2).
(1) First Contract Season. First-year players must contract for either the current or the following season.

(2) Salary Rates.

(A) Major League Uniform Player’s Contracts. The minimum salary for Major League service in all Major League Uniform Player’s Contracts is set forth in the Basic Agreement.

(B) Minor League Uniform Player Contracts. The salary in each Minor League Uniform Player Contract between a Major League Club and a first-year player shall be the amount established by the Major Leagues for each Minor League classification or League. The salary in each Minor League Uniform Player Contract between an independent Minor League Club and a first-year player shall be the amount established by the Minor League Association for each Minor League classification or League. On a pro rata basis, a first-year player must receive the minimum salary in a particular Minor League classification for each day that the player spends on the Active List or Injured List in that classification.

(3) Trial Period. Unless the contract is terminated or voided pursuant to Paragraphs XVII(B) or XIX(B)(1)(2)(3) or (5) of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract, each player must receive a trial of 15 days during the championship season if the player signs for the current season or during the spring training period if the player signs for the succeeding season. Participation in any Instructional League shall not count against the 15-day trial period.

(4) Signing Bonuses For Drafted and Undrafted Players.

(A) Signing Bonus Pool.

Each Major League Club will be assigned a Signing Bonus Pool for each First-Year Player Draft. A Club’s Signing Bonus Pool will comprise the sum of Signing Bonus Values that have been assigned to each of a Club’s selections in the first ten rounds of the draft (including any compensation rounds). A Club will be assessed the penalties set forth in Rule 3(c)(4)(B) if the aggregate amount in signing bonuses it provides to players selected in the First-Year Player Draft or undrafted players (“Total Signing Bonuses”) exceeds its
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Signing Bonus Pool. Each Club’s preliminary Signing Bonus Pool will be distributed by April 1, and final Signing Bonus Pools will be distributed no later than the day prior to the first day of the First-Year Player Draft. The following rules will be used to determine whether a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses exceed its Signing Bonus Pool:

(i) The full amount of any Signing Bonus provided to players selected through the conclusion of the tenth round of the First-Year Player Draft will count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses. The term “Signing Bonus” shall include all compensation provided to the player in connection with the execution of the contract. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following compensation will not be considered part of the Signing Bonus (and will not count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses): (i) the Contingent Payment set forth in Rule 3(c)(5)(B); (ii) the Incentive Bonus Plan set forth in Rule 3(c)(5)(C); (iii) the Continuing Education Program set forth in Rule 3(c)(5)(D); and (iv) salary paid to the player for performing services during the playing season pursuant to Addendum C of the Minor League contract.

(ii) The portion of any Signing Bonus in excess of $125,000 provided to players selected after the tenth round will count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses. The first $125,000 of the Signing Bonus provided to such players will not count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses.

(iii) The portion of any Signing Bonus in excess of $125,000 provided to players who were eligible for, but not selected, in the First-Year Player Draft will count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses for the most recent draft in which the player was not selected (irrespective of when the player is signed). The first $125,000 of the Signing Bonus paid to such players will not count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses.

(iv) If a Club fails to sign a player selected before the conclusion of the tenth round, or passes on a selection prior to the conclusion of the tenth round, the Club’s Signing Bonus Pool will be reduced by the Signing Bonus Value assigned to the draft selection.
(v) The total amount of the Signing Bonus contained in a Minor League contract (including dual-sport contracts) will count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses irrespective of when the Signing Bonus is scheduled to be paid and without any discounting of the face amount of the bonus.

(vi) The total amount of the Signing Bonus contained in a Minor League contract (including dual-sport contracts) that a player may be eligible to receive will count toward a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses even if a player’s entitlement to a portion of the Signing Bonus is contingent on future events.

(B) Penalties for Exceeding Signing Bonus Pool.

A Club whose Total Signing Bonuses exceed its Signing Bonus Pool will be assessed the following penalties:

(i) 0-5% in excess of Pool—75% tax on all of the Pool overage;

(ii) >5-10% in excess of Pool—75% tax on all of the Pool overage and loss of first-round pick in the next succeeding First-Year Player Draft;

(iii) >10-15% in excess of Pool—100% tax on all of the Pool overage and loss of first and second-round picks in the next succeeding First-Year Player Draft; and

(iv) >15% in excess of Pool—100% tax on all of the Pool overage and loss of first-round picks in the next two succeeding First-Year Player Drafts.

If a Club’s Total Signing Bonuses exceed its Signing Bonus Pool, and it does not possess the draft selections that are subject to forfeiture, the Club will forfeit the applicable first and/or second round draft choices in the next First-Year Player Draft in which it possesses those selections. Any draft selections forfeited under this Rule 3(c)(4)(B) will be awarded to other Clubs through the lottery system set forth in Rule 4(k)(1). The forfeiture of selections pursuant to this Rule 3(c)(4)(B) will be determined prior to accounting for any selections forfeited by the Club pursuant to Article XX(B)(4) of the Basic Agreement.
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(C) Distribution of Tax Proceeds.

The proceeds collected by the Office of the Commissioner from Clubs whose Total Signing Bonuses exceed their Signing Bonus Pools will be distributed to Net Revenue Sharing Payee Clubs, as defined in Article XXIV of the Basic Agreement, that have a Market Score of 100 or less as set forth in Attachment 26 of the Basic Agreement, and that did not exceed their Signing Bonus Pool in the First-Year Player Draft. To the extent that no Clubs qualify to receive any tax proceeds, such proceeds will be split among the six Net Revenue Sharing Payee Clubs (that have a Market Score of 100 or less) whose Total Signing Bonuses exceeded their Signing Bonus Pools by the lowest percentage. For purposes of this Rule, the Oakland Athletics shall not be subject to the requirement that tax proceeds recipients cannot have a Market Score greater than 100 until 2020.

Proceeds from the Pool will be distributed evenly among the Clubs entitled to receive a distribution under this Rule. The final accounting of the amount Clubs will be penalized for providing Total Signing Bonuses exceeding their Signing Bonus Pools, and the Clubs that will receive a distribution of the proceeds, will be made during the next Closed Period.

(D) Circumvention.

No Club or player (including their designated representatives) may enter into any understanding, agreement, or transaction, or make any representation, whether implied or explicit, that is designed to defeat or circumvent the provisions of Rule 3(c)(4). A non-exclusive list of conduct that is strictly prohibited includes: (i) providing, paying or promising a player, his advisor or his family members anything of value other than the compensation and benefits contained in the Minor League contract; (ii) promising, representing, or committing that the player will be placed on the Major League Roster by a particular date (including, for example, guaranteeing a September call-up); and (iii) promising, representing, or committing to sign the player to another Minor League contract or Major League contract in the future, or to provide additional compensation or benefits under the extant contract. Any Club or Club representative that is found to have violated this
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Rule 3(c)(4)(D) will be subject to sanctions by the Commissioner. Such sanctions may include the loss of future selections in the First-Year Player Draft; the loss of negotiating or reserve rights to the player; and other penalties or sanctions that the Commissioner deems appropriate.

(5) Permissible Special Covenants. A Minor League Uniform Player Contract with a first-year player (except a Foreign Professional as defined in Rule 3(a)(1)(C)) may include no special covenants, except the following:

(A) Bonus Payments for Signing Contract.

(i) All payments due the player or any other person in connection with the player’s signing shall be set forth in the contract and must be stated in a fixed dollar amount at the time of the signing of the contract. Any bonus payment for signing a contract for a player subject to selection in the First-Year Player Draft must be paid before the conclusion of the calendar year following the date of the contract, provided, however, that any bonus payment for signing a contract for a player not subject to selection in the First-Year Player Draft is permitted to be paid before the conclusion of the third calendar year following the date of the contract if the total amount of all such bonus payments to such player is $1 million or more. Within the time periods set forth in this Rule 3(c)(5)(A) for the payment of bonuses, all or part of any bonus payment for signing a contract for a player not subject to selection in the First-Year Player Draft is permitted to be made contingent upon the player’s ability to obtain successfully a visa to work for the player’s Club in the United States, if the player is directed to perform in the United States.

(ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Rule 3(c)(5)(A), any bonus payment for signing a contract may be made in installments extending no more than five years following the date of the contract if

(aa) the player and Club agree that the player shall be permitted to participate in or shall refrain from participating in specified professional or amateur sports during the period of the installment payments; and

(bb) the Commissioner determines, in the Commissioner’s sole discretion, that the player has the
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legitimate potential to become a professional athlete in at least one of the sports specified by the player and Club in the Minor League Uniform Player Contract, pursuant to Rule 3(c)(5)(A)(i).

(iii) Clubs and players may not agree to include signing bonus forfeiture clauses that extend the period of recoupment: beyond five years after the effective date of the contract for bonuses in excess of $1 million; beyond four years after the effective date of the contract for bonuses of $1 million or less but in excess of $250,000; and beyond three years after the effective date of the contract for bonuses of $250,000 or less. Notwithstanding the above, the period of recoupment will be coextensive with the length of the contract for players who receive bonuses in excess of $1 million if the player retires but subsequently signs a contract with another professional baseball club during the period covered by the contract. If a player suffers an injury that in the opinion of the Club physician prevents him from continuing as a productive professional baseball player, and the player desires to retire from professional baseball, the Club will waive any contractual right it may have to recoup the signing bonus. Any disputes regarding whether a player qualifies for the exception contained in the preceding sentence will be resolved with finality by the Commissioner.

(B) Contingent Payments. A first-year player may be offered a specified sum of no more than $2,500 contingent upon the player’s being retained by the signing Major or Minor League Club for a period that may not exceed 90 days of one Minor League playing season. If a player whose contract contains such a contingent bonus provision is selected under Rule 5 (Annual Selection of Players) before the date the bonus becomes payable, the bonus shall become due immediately and shall be paid by the Club from which the contract was selected.

(C) Incentive Bonus Plan. A Major or Minor League Club may agree to make standard “incentive bonus payments” in a contract with a first-year player if such payments are conditioned on the player being on the Active List in a certain classification for 90 days of any one championship season, including any official
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play-off or other post-season series in which the player might be eligible to participate. The amount of such incentive bonus payments and the classification in which they are to be paid shall be as follows:

(i) the sum of $1,000 for the Class AA classification;

(ii) the sum of $1,500 for the Class AAA classification;

and,

(iii) the sum of $5,000 for the Major League level.

Time spent on any Inactive List shall not count toward the 90 days to be served before an incentive bonus payment becomes payable. However, a player shall be credited with Injured List time if the player is placed on the Injured List after the player has accumulated 60 or more days of service in any particular season.

A player who has received the incentive bonus payment applicable to a particular classification shall not be entitled to another such payment for service in the same classification, regardless of whether such service occurs in the same or a subsequent season. A player who qualifies for the Major League or Class AAA incentive bonus payment shall also receive the incentive payment(s) for the lower classification(s) if the player has not previously received the incentive payment(s) for that classification(s). The Major or Minor League Club that holds a player’s contract at the time an incentive bonus payment becomes due shall pay the bonus to the player. An unconditional release or free agency shall terminate the incentive bonus plan for the player.

(D) Continuing Education Program. A Major or Minor League Club may agree through the Continuing Education Program (“CEP”) to pay on behalf of a first-year player any dollar amount incident to the player’s pursuit of education or training at any educational organization or institute (including vocational training school) that offers training for personal and professional development that meets the standards of a regional or national accrediting agency, as follows:

(i) Eligible Institutions.

(aa) In the United States, the CEP will be available for any educational organization or institution that meets the standards of a regional or national accrediting body
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(e.g., NEASC). Similarly, the CEP will be available for vocational training schools that are accredited by recognized regional or national accrediting agencies (e.g., ACCET).

(bb) For educational opportunities outside of the United States, the Office of the Commissioner will retain qualified independent credential evaluation services (e.g., Center for Educational Documentation) to determine whether a foreign organization or institution is accredited by a body that is deemed to meet the standards of the U.S. Department of Education and thus qualified for the CEP.

(cc) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the CEP will not be available for for-profit educational institutions that have a graduation rate below 50% according to the most recent graduation rate published by the U.S. Department of Education, unless such institution had a graduation rate at or above 50% at the time of the player's initial enrollment.

(dd) The Office of the Commissioner shall maintain a list of pre-approved accredited organizations and institutions, both nationally and internationally, for Clubs and players seeking to access the CEP.

(ii) Any amounts included in a CEP special covenant may not exceed the actual cost of such participation and shall be allocated into a Tuition Allowance and a Living Allowance, as follows:

(aa) Tuition Allowance. For a player participating in the CEP, a Club shall make (or cause to be made) payments or reimburse such player for the cost that such player actually incurs for tuition, fees, textbooks and supplies (less withholding for applicable income and employment taxes), up to the Tuition Allowance described in his contract.

(bb) Living Allowance. For a player under the CEP, the player shall be reimbursed for reasonable room and board expenses that the player actually incurs (less withholding for applicable income and employment taxes), up to the Living Allowance described in his contract; provided, however, that:
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(I) expenses incurred after the 10th anniversary of the date the player executes the Minor League Uniform Player Contract containing the CEP special covenant shall not be reimbursable;

(II) expenses to be reimbursed must be for room and board to live away from the home (or homes) of the player’s parents (custodial and noncustodial) and/or guardian for the purpose of attending classes (and while not on academic probation);

(III) expenses may not exceed the maximum room and board fees of the educational organization or institution or, if not applicable, the per diem amount established by the Commissioner from time to time; and

(IV) the player must request reimbursement in writing, and provide a copy of the receipt for each reimbursable expense, within 90 days after completing a semester (or installment) in the CEP in which he is enrolled (and not after finishing the semester or installment on academic probation).

If a player lives off campus for a semester, such player’s living allowance for such semester shall not exceed the cost of living on campus. If a player attends a college that does not have facilities for on-campus residence, such player’s living allowance shall not exceed the per diem amount established by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee from time to time.

(iii) Non-covered Expenses. A Club shall not be required to reimburse a player for any amount that is paid or reimbursed by an outside source, such as another scholarship. A Club shall pay any reimbursement of room and board expenses within 90 days of the date the player submits the player’s written request for reimbursement (with all required documentation). In no case shall a player be reimbursed for, among other things, transportation, parking charges, medical insurance or infirmary charges, laundry or garment cleaning, clothing, umbrellas, furniture, lamps, calculators, book bags, computer hardware or software, typewriters, or any other...
tools or supplies (other than textbooks) that a player may keep after completing the applicable educational program, unless such purchase is specifically required as a part of the player’s coursework.

(iv) When Club is Relieved of the Obligation to Make Payments. An unconditional release of the player or the player’s placement on the Military List shall not relieve the Club of the obligation to make CEP payments but the Club shall be relieved of such obligations under the following circumstances:

(aa) if the player fails to commence participation in the CEP within two years after the date the player ceases to be reserved by a Major League, Minor League, foreign professional, or Independent League club, voluntarily retires or is reserved on an Inactive List, whichever comes first, unless the player again becomes reserved to a Major League, Minor League, foreign professional, or Independent League club (not on an Inactive List) within such two-year period;

(bb) if, after commencement of his participation in the CEP and after the player retires or is released by a Major League or Minor League Club and is not signed again as a player by a Major League, Minor League, foreign professional, or Independent League club, within the two years following the player’s release, the player fails to participate in the CEP within two consecutive years of the player’s most recent participation;

(cc) if the player is placed on the Ineligible List; or

(dd) if the player is shown to have engaged in fraud in an attempt to secure funds.

(v) Liability for Payment. The original signatory Club shall continue to be liable to make CEP payments even if the player’s contract is selected by, or assigned to, another Club; provided, however, that, in case of assignment otherwise than by selection or on waiver claim, the assignee Club may agree, through a statement set forth in the assignment agreement, to undertake to make any payments that accrue subsequent to
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the date of such assignment. For purposes of the CEP, all rights and obligations of “Club” shall be held and borne by the Club liable for payments in accordance with this Rule 3(c)(5)(D).

All payments made under the CEP shall be made by the Club liable for the payments in accordance with this Rule 3(c)(5)(D). To the extent possible, all payments under the CEP shall be made to the institution attended (in person or on-line) by the player.

(vi) Procedure. A Club that agrees to the participation of a player in the CEP shall include as a special covenant such provisions as may be prescribed by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, consistent with this Rule 3(c)(5)(D). Upon receipt of notification that the contract has been approved, the Club shall notify the player of the procedures to be followed.

(vii) Coordination of Benefits. In the event that a first-year player contract contains both an Incentive Bonus Plan and a CEP special covenant, the following coordination of benefits shall apply:

(aa) If a player receives a payment under the Incentive Bonus Plan, the player’s aggregate remaining allowance for tuition, fees and textbooks shall be reduced by the amount of such Incentive Bonus payment.

(bb) If a player receives one or more payments under the CEP, any amount subsequently due under the Incentive Bonus Plan shall be reduced sequentially by the aggregate amount of payments that the player received under the CEP. Any remaining Incentive Bonus Plan balance earned by the player in excess of the payments received under the CEP shall be paid directly to the player.

It is the intent of this coordination of benefits provision that, to the extent earned, the cumulative benefits received under either the CEP or the Incentive Bonus Plan (before withholding) will offset any cumulative amounts due under the other Plan.

(viii) The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may unilaterally amend the CEP to the extent that the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee determines is
necessary or appropriate to comply with any applicable law (including any tax law), so long as such amendment does not reduce the aggregate amount payable to a player under the CEP.

(ix) Nothing contained in this Rule 3(c)(5)(D) is intended to supplant or otherwise replace any College Scholarship Plan provision that may be contained in any Major or Minor League Uniform Player Contract existing at the time of the adoption of this Rule, which shall continue to be governed by the terms of Rule 3(c)(5)(D) contained in the 2016 Major League Rules.

(E) Age and Identity Fraud. A Club may include a special covenant in a first-year Minor League contract providing the Club with the right to void the contract ab initio if it determines within six (6) months of the signing date that the player falsified his age or identity in connection with signing the contract. In the event a Club voids a player’s contract pursuant to such a provision, the resolution of any related dispute shall be resolved pursuant to an alternate dispute resolution process that will provide for binding arbitration before a neutral arbitrator in a forum that is convenient for the player.

(6) Each contract for a first-year player who is not subject to selection in the First-Year Player Draft shall include an addendum in a form promulgated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee in which the player and the player’s parent (or legal guardian), if the player is under 21 years old, swear under oath:

(A) to the accuracy of the player’s age and identity as stated in Addendum A to the Minor League Uniform Player Contract;

(B) that neither the player nor the player’s parent (or legal guardian) provided money or other valuable consideration to any Club representative in connection with the signing of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract; and

(C) that neither the player nor the player’s parent (or legal guardian) has received any money or other valuable consideration from any Club employee for securing the Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

(d) ACCEPTANCE. Any agreement for service between a Major or Minor League Club and a player, evidenced by written acceptance, whether by letter or electronic communication, shall be construed to be a contract
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and held to be binding if the player declines to enter into a formal contract. The player’s refusal to sign a formal contract shall disqualify the player from playing with the contracting Club or entering the service of any Major or Minor League Club unless the player is released or assigned.

(e) REPORTING AND FILING OF CONTRACTS.

(1) Reporting. The terms of any agreement between a Major or Minor League Club and a player must be reported to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee within 24 hours of the time the agreement is reached. In addition, the terms of any agreement between an independent Minor League Club and a player must be reported to the President of the Minor League Association.

(2) Filing. The validity of any contract, arrangement or agreement for service between a Major or Minor League Club and a player not on its Reserve List(s) will not be recognized unless written proof thereof is submitted to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee within 20 days after such agreement is made, for promulgation in the next official bulletin, and unless the agreement is actually approved. A Minor League player who is not on a Major League Reserve List and whose contract, arrangement or agreement for service with a Major or Minor League Club is not received by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee within 20 days after such agreement is made may be declared a free agent, in the sole discretion of the Commissioner. In addition, written proof of any contract, arrangement or agreement for service between an independent Minor League Club and a player must be reported to the President of the Minor League Association.

(f) CONTRACTS IN VIOLATION.

(1) Any written or oral contract made in violation of these Rules (including any agreement between a Major or Minor League Club and a player that is not embodied in a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract or Minor League Uniform Player Contract) shall be declared null and void, and the official, scout or employee of the offending Major or Minor League Club who participated in the violation shall be subject to such penalties as the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may impose.

(2) In addition, if the violation is of the High School, College or Junior College Rule, the offending Club shall be prohibited from signing such player for a period of three years from the date that such contract is declared void, and shall be fined by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.
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(g) CONTACTS AND TRYOUTS. The following rules shall govern contacts with and tryouts of all amateur players:

(1) Contacts. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting any Major or Minor League Club, or its officers, agents or employees, from talking to any player, who is not on another Club’s Negotiation List, at any time concerning a career in professional baseball and discussing the merits of the player’s contracting, when eligible, with any particular Club. However, no discussions shall be held with players during practice sessions or during the progress of games.

Any Club or Club official, employee, agent or representative who suggests, procures or otherwise influences a student to withdraw from high school, college or junior college, or to refrain from playing high school, college or junior college baseball, other than in connection with negotiations to sign such student to a contract that are permitted under these Rules, or to transfer to another school, shall be held in violation of this Rule 3(g) and subject to penalties.

(2) Tryouts. Tryouts may be held in accordance with the following:

(A) High School Students.

(i) During Summer Vacation and One Week Prior to First-Year Player Draft. “Tryouts” of high school students may be conducted during the summer vacation period and during the one-week period immediately preceding the first day of the First-Year Player Draft by any Major or Minor League Club without permission of any high school official or other restriction.

(ii) During School Year. Except during the one-week period immediately preceding the first day of the First-Year Player Draft, for which Rule 3(g)(2)(A)(i) applies, a student may be invited to a tryout during the school year, provided that the athletic director or baseball coach of the player’s high school, if not employed by the Major or Minor League Club conducting the tryout, shall have approved such participation in writing.

(B) College and Junior College Players.

(i) During Summer Vacation. Tryouts of college players by Major and Minor League Clubs may be conducted during the summer vacation periods falling between school years, without the permission of any college official or other restriction

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(ii) During School Year. Major or Minor League Clubs may not try out college players during the school year but may observe players in intercollegiate competition as frequently as they desire.

(iii) Participation in Summer Baseball. Consistent with the principle that this Rule 3 protects the eligibility of college players during the college year and at the same time affords such players every opportunity to develop for possible future professional play, a College Player Committee is hereby empowered to act on behalf of professional baseball to:

(aa) survey and investigate the existence of and conditions in summer amateur baseball leagues available to college players;

(bb) cooperate with the NCAA and NAIA or committees representing those bodies; and

(cc) recommend action or legislation to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, all with the objective of extending, liberalizing, and improving the summer amateur baseball program for college age players in the United States and Canada.

(C) Player on Negotiation List.

(i) If a Major League Club selects a player in the Rule 4 Draft who was eligible for selection pursuant to Rule 3(a)(2) (High School Rules), and if the player has not yet enrolled in a college, the Major League Club may pay for the expenses of the player in connection with a tryout with the Major League Club, provided that the tryout visit is no longer than 48 hours.

(ii) If a Major League Club selects a player in the Rule 4 Draft who was eligible for selection pursuant to Rule 3(a)(3) (College Rules), the Major League Club may pay for the expenses of the player in connection with a tryout with the Major League Club, provided that the tryout visit is no longer than 48 hours.

(D) Prohibition of Expense Payments and Future Service Agreements. Unless Rule 3(g)(2)(C) (Player on Negotiation List) applies, no Major or Minor League Club shall

(i) reimburse, directly or indirectly, any amateur player for any travel expenditure in connection with a tryout unless the player is signed at the tryout;
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(ii) pay or give anything whatsoever to any high school, college or junior college student, directly or indirectly, in connection with any tryout; or

(iii) enter into an agreement for the future services of any high school, college or junior college student unless such student is eligible to sign at the tryout.

Notwithstanding the prohibition in Rule 3(g)(2)(D)(i), a Club may advance to, or reimburse, a player who is not a resident of the United States or Canada within the meaning of Rule 3(a) (Eligibility to Sign Major League or Minor League Contracts) or a high school, college or junior college student within the meaning of Rule 3(a) (Eligibility to Sign Major League or Minor League Contracts) for

(iv) ground transportation in connection with a tryout at a Club facility outside the United States and Canada, in an amount not to exceed a maximum amount set forth from time to time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee; and

(v) air transportation, room and board in connection with a tryout at a Club facility in the Dominican Republic or Venezuela for the player and one family member or guardian, so long as such Club has obtained the prior approval of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and so long as such player is eligible to participate in a program at a Club facility pursuant to regulations set forth from time to time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.

(h) TENDER OF CONTRACT RENEWALS OR SALARY ADDENDUMS.

(1) Major League Tenders. On or before December 2 (or, if December 2 is a Saturday or Sunday, then on the preceding business day), each Major League Club must tender a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract to each player on its Major League Reserve List. A Major League Club must tender a contract to each player on its Major League Reserve List who is on the Restricted List, or is on a Disqualified List for failure to render services to a Club. Should a Club fail to so tender or renew a contract, the player shall become a free agent without any restrictions or qualifications, and the player automatically shall be removed from the Restricted or Disqualified List.
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With regard to any player who is on a Disqualified List for a reason other than that stated in the preceding paragraph or who is on the Suspended, Ineligible, Voluntarily Retired or Military List, a Club shall not be obligated to tender or renew a contract until the player is removed from such list and reinstated to active status. If a player is removed from such list during a period beginning on November 22 and extending through the next championship season, the Club shall tender a contract to the player within 10 days following such removal. Thereafter, should the Club and the player fail to agree upon the terms of a new contract within 10 days after the player’s receipt of the tendered contract, the Club shall be obligated, within the next five days, to renew the player’s prior Major League Contract, provided, however, that if the tender is made during the period beginning on November 22 and ending on the next March 1, the renewal period shall be as set forth in paragraph 10(a) of the Major League Uniform Player’s Contract. Except as set forth in the Basic Agreement, including Article XX(A), should a Club fail to tender or renew a contract as provided in this paragraph, the Player shall become a free agent without any restrictions or qualifications.

(2) Minor League Tenders and Salary Addendums.

(A) Between the conclusion of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting and January 15 (or if a Saturday or Sunday, then on the preceding business day), each Major League Club must tender a Minor League Uniform Player Contract to each player who has been assigned outright to a Minor League Club and who has either not previously signed a Minor League Uniform Player Contract or has previously signed a Minor League Uniform Player Contract that has expired. Such tender may be made to the player in person or by mail addressed to the player’s last address of record with the Major League Club.

(B) Between the conclusion of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting and March 15 (or, if a Saturday or Sunday, then on the preceding business day), each Major or Minor League Club must tender a Salary Addendum to each player on its Minor League Reserve Lists.

A Club shall not tender an addendum to a player whose name appears on its Minor League Reserve Lists as a Voluntarily Retired, Ineligible, Disqualified or Restricted List Player, but a Club may, at its discretion, tender a contract to a player on the Military List.
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(C) No player shall participate in any championship season game until the player has signed an addendum in the form prescribed by this Rule 3(h) for services during the current season. (See Rule 3(b)(4) (Uniform Contracts)).

(i) UNIFORM MANAGER’S AND EMPLOYEE’S CONTRACTS. Managers, coaches, trainers and salaried scouts must sign contracts on forms prescribed by the Commissioner before rendering services to a Major or Minor League Club. (So-called “Bird Dog” scouts and scouts whose compensation is conditional upon performance of players are not required to sign one of the uniform contracts. However, such “Bird Dog” and sub-scouts are required to be signed to a contract or agreement drafted by the Major or Minor League Club.) An executed copy of each uniform manager’s or employee’s contract shall be filed with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee for approval within 10 days after the execution of the contract.

(j) CERTAIN PAYMENTS FORBIDDEN.

(1) Gift to Employee for Securing Employment. No scout, player, employee or official of any Major or Minor League Club, or any umpire, employee or official of any Major or Minor League, or any other person with any relationship to any of the aforementioned persons, shall demand or receive any money or other valuable consideration, whether gratuitous or otherwise, for or because of services rendered, or to be rendered, or supposed to have been rendered, in securing the employment of any person with any Major or Minor League Club. Such money or other valuable consideration shall be returned immediately upon its receipt, and if not so returned, the Commissioner may impose such penalties, including ineligibility, as the Commissioner may deem proper.

(2) Payment to Player’s Trainer. No Major or Minor League Club shall make any payment or convey anything of value to any firm or person for services provided to a player in connection with preparing such player for professional baseball.

(3) Payment of Finder’s Fee. No Major or Minor League Club shall make any payment or convey anything of value to any firm or person not retained or employed by such Club for bringing such player to the attention of such Club as a prospective player. Any firm or person who is retained or employed by a Major or Minor League Club and who brings unsigned players to the attention of such Club as prospective players (for example, as a so-called “Bird Dog” scout) shall disclose to any player the relationship with the Club, shall not act as
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agent or representative for any player and shall not establish or maintain with more than one Club at a time any relationship with respect to scouting or signing players.

(4) Payment to Player’s Representative. No Major or Minor League Club shall make any payment or convey anything of value to any firm or person for legal, representational or other services provided by such firm or person to a player in connection with the negotiation of a contract between the signing Club and the player.

(k) TAMPERING. To preserve discipline and competition, and to prevent the enticement of players, coaches, managers and umpires, there shall be no negotiations or dealings respecting employment, either present or prospective, between any player, coach or manager and any Major or Minor League Club other than the Club with which the player is under contract, or acceptance of terms, or by which the player is reserved or which has the player on its Negotiation List, or between any umpire and any baseball employer other than the baseball employer with which the umpire is under contract, or acceptance of terms, unless the Club or baseball employer with which the person is connected shall have, in writing, expressly authorized such negotiations or dealings prior to their commencement.

Rule 4

FIRST-YEAR PLAYER DRAFT

(a) PLAYERS SUBJECT. A Major League or Minor League Club may contract with a player who is a resident of the United States or Canada and who has not previously contracted with a Major League or Minor League Club only if the player was selected, or eligible for selection, in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft in accordance with this Rule 4. Players are eligible to be selected in the First-Year Player Draft if they are eligible to sign a contract under the provisions of the applicable High School, College or Junior College Rules on the date of the First-Year Player Draft, or within 45 days of the conclusion of the draft, and have not notified the Office of the Commissioner of their desire not to be selected (see Rule 4(b) below). For purposes of this Rule 4, the term “United States” shall mean the 50 states of the United States of America, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and any other Commonwealth, Territory or Possession of the United States of America.

(b) SELECTION MEETING. One selection meeting shall be conducted each year in June and shall be known as the First-Year Player Draft or the Rule 4 draft. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall,
before August 31 each year, announce the date of the commencement of the next year’s First-Year Player Draft. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall choose the place where each First-Year Player Draft shall be conducted and may determine that such First-Year Player Draft be conducted by telephone conference or electronic means. Only Major League Clubs may make selections at the First-Year Player Draft. The Commissioner shall preside over all selections at the First-Year Player Draft and shall resolve all procedural questions in connection with the First-Year Player Draft, including, but not limited to, all questions regarding eligibility.

The First-Year Player Draft shall conclude after 40 selection rounds. Selections made pursuant to Rules 4(c)(2) (Supplemental Selections) and 4(k)(2) (Competitive Balance Selections) shall not constitute separate selection rounds. Selections made as free agent compensation selections pursuant to Article XX(B) of the Basic Agreement shall be considered part of the round of the draft that they immediately follow, as set forth in Article XX(B). Each Major League Club shall designate a representative to act on its behalf. As the Major League Club’s turn is called in each selection round, such representative may select a player for the Major League Club’s Negotiation List.

The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may impose time limits for the exercise of a selection. A Major League Club shall forfeit its right to make a particular selection in the event that it is the Club’s turn to select and the Club fails to respond to a call within the time limit announced by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, after having received a warning from the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. If a Major League Club announces a “pass” when it is such Club’s turn to select, such Club shall forfeit its right to make that selection, but will not forfeit its right to make any other selections in the First-Year Player Draft.

The selecting Major League Club shall be responsible for determining the eligibility of selected players. Any otherwise eligible player who does not wish to be selected in the First-Year Player Draft must notify the Office of the Commissioner in writing by May 1 in the year of the First-Year Player Draft. The Office of the Commissioner will notify all Clubs of any players who have notified the Office of the Commissioner of their desire not to be selected in the First-Year Player Draft. Any player who notifies the Office of the Commissioner of his desire not to be selected in the First-Year Player Draft shall be ineligible for selection in that draft but will be subject to selection in the next First-Year Player Draft for which the player is eligible. Except as provided in Rule 4(k) below, no Major League Club may transfer to another Club its right to select.
(c) ORDER OF SELECTION. The following order of priorities shall govern the Major League Clubs' selections at each First-Year Player Draft.

(1) Standard Selection Order. The Major League Clubs shall be placed in the reverse order of their percentages of games won at the close of the preceding championship season. For purposes of this Rule 4(c)(1), each Club's winning percentage at the close of the preceding championship season shall be determined by the percentage of games won in the championship season, without regard to standings within any Division or League and without regard to post-season results. If two or more Clubs had an identical winning percentage at the close of the preceding championship season, the selection order of those Clubs shall be determined by the percentage of games won in the next prior championship season, with any remaining ties resolved by continuing to examine the tied Clubs' respective championship season winning percentages in each preceding prior year, until the tie is broken. The Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall announce to the Major League Clubs the standard selection order produced by operation of this Rule 4(c), and that order shall govern each round.

(2) Supplemental Selections. If a Major League Club selects a player before the fourth round of a First-Year Player Draft and such Club fails to sign such player before such player is removed from such Club's Negotiation List pursuant to Rule 4(d) (Effect of Selection on Player), then such Club shall have the right to make an additional selection, called a supplemental selection, in the next First-Year Player Draft, as follows:

(A) If the unsigned player had been selected before the third round of the First-Year Player Draft, the supplemental selection awarded shall be exercised immediately after the numbered position overall that corresponds with the numbered position overall at which the unsigned player had been selected in the previous First-Year Player Draft. For example, if the unsigned player had been the 30th selection in the First-Year Player Draft, the supplemental selection awarded shall be the 31st selection in the next First-Year Player Draft.

(B) If the unsigned player had been selected in the third round of the First-Year Player Draft, the supplemental selection awarded shall be exercised after the completion of the third round. If more than one Club is in this category, the supplemental selections shall be made in the same order as the selections giving rise to the supplemental selections had been made in the previous First-Year Player Draft.
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(C) If a Major League Club fails to sign a player who was selected with a draft selection awarded pursuant to this Rule 4(c)(2) before the player is removed from the Club's Negotiation List pursuant to Rule 4(d) (Effect of Selection on Player), the Club again shall receive a supplemental selection in the next First-Year Player Draft as compensation for failing to sign its original supplemental selection, as follows:

(i) If the unsigned supplemental selection was selected prior to the third round, the Club shall receive a supplemental selection in the next First-Year Player Draft at the same numbered position as its unsigned supplemental selection. In the event that the same numbered position is awarded to another Club as supplemental compensation pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2)(A) above, the Club awarded the supplemental selection for the second time shall be awarded the selection following the selection awarded to the other Club pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2)(A) above.

(ii) If the unsigned supplemental selection was selected in the third round, the Club shall receive a supplemental selection after the completion of the third round, and shall select after all of the Clubs awarded selections pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2)(B) above. If more than one Club is awarded a second supplemental selection under this paragraph, the Clubs shall select in the same order as the original draft selections that resulted in the Club being awarded supplemental compensation pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2)(B) above.

(3) Competitive Balance Selections. The Competitive Balance Selections described below in Rule 4(k)(2)(B) (“Competitive Balance Round A”) shall immediately follow the first round of the First-Year Player Draft (including any selections at the end of the first round of the First-Year Player Draft awarded to Clubs pursuant to Article XX(B) of the Basic Agreement). The Competitive Balance Selections described below in Rule 4(k)(2)(C) (“Competitive Balance Round B”) shall immediately follow the second round of the First-Year Player Draft (and prior to any selections awarded to Clubs pursuant to Article XX(B) of the Basic Agreement).

(d) EFFECT OF SELECTION ON PLAYER. A selected player shall be placed on the Major League Club's Negotiation List and shall remain on such Negotiation List until:
(1) such player signs a Minor League contract that is approved at any time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee pursuant to Rule 3(e)(2);

(2) such player is removed because of ineligibility for selection;

(3) such player is removed because the Major League Club’s Negotiation Right has been revoked under Rule 4(e) (Negotiation Rights);

(4) the Signing Deadline for the First-Year Player Draft that is set forth below if such player has not utilized all of his potential college baseball eligibility:

(A) July 7, 2017 at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time
(B) July 6, 2018 at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time
(C) July 12, 2019 at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time
(D) July 10, 2020 at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time
(E) July 9, 2021 at 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time; or

(5) the start of the next year’s Closed Period, as defined in Rule 4(f), if such player has utilized all of such player’s potential college baseball eligibility. For purposes of this Rule 4(d)(5), a player shall be deemed to have utilized all of his potential college baseball eligibility if he satisfies each of the following criteria:

(A) the player is selected in the First-Year Player Draft after his junior year of college pursuant to Rule 3(a)(3)(C)(ii);

(B) the player does not sign a contract with the selecting Club prior to being removed from the Club’s Negotiation List in accordance with Rule 4(d)(4) above;

(C) the player signs a professional baseball contract in a league that is not affiliated with MLB or any MLB Club; and

(D) the player does not attend college or junior college between his removal from the selecting Club’s Negotiation List and the next First-Year Player Draft.

If the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee disapproves a contract that a player on a Negotiation List and the Club that had selected such player each signed before the Signing Deadline, the player and Club shall have the opportunity to cure any defect in the contract, resubmit such contract for approval and continue to have such contract
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deemed signed before the Signing Deadline for purposes of this Rule 4(d), so long as the contract originally submitted contained the material permissible special covenants, if any, of the agreement between the player and Club. It is the intent of this paragraph not to permit a player and Club to extend the Signing Deadline by submitting an incomplete contract in order to continue negotiations after the Signing Deadline.

(e) NEGOTIATION RIGHTS.

(1) Tender of Contract. Immediately upon the close of the First-Year Player Draft, the Major League Club that has selected the right to negotiate exclusively with a player shall be deemed to have tendered the player an executed Minor League Uniform Player Contract. The terms of such tendered Minor League contract shall not include any signing bonus or other special covenants.

(2) A Major League Club shall have the exclusive right to contract with a player on its Negotiation List and negotiations must be conducted by the selecting Club in accordance with Rule 3 (Eligibility to Sign Contract and Contract Terms).

(3) A Major League Club may not transfer its Negotiation Right to any other Club.

(4) Players on the Negotiation List shall not count against any player limits.

(5) Players who join the Armed Forces while on the Negotiation List shall continue to be subject to this Rule 4 in the same manner as all other selected players.

(f) CLOSED PERIOD. The period of time beginning at 12:01 a.m. Eastern Time of the seventh day prior to the date of a First-Year Player Draft and concluding with the beginning of such First-Year Player Draft shall be called the Closed Period. The right to contract with a player selected at the preceding First-Year Draft, who is not subject to the signing deadline set forth in Rule 4(d)(4), or with a player eligible to sign who was not selected at the preceding First-Year Draft, shall terminate at the beginning of the Closed Period unless such player becomes ineligible to sign at an earlier date by operation of the applicable High School, College or Junior College Rule.

(g) EFFECT ON PLAYER LIMITS.

A player who signs a Minor League contract for the succeeding season with a Major League Club following the player's selection at the First-Year Player Draft (see Rule 2(j)(1) (Players Signed for Future Services)) shall
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count against the Minor League under control limits of the signing Major League Club when 15 days have elapsed from the date of contract. However, if the signing Major League Club places the player on one of its under control lists in the Class A, Short-Season A or Rookie classifications, the player may be carried as one of the “extra” players that a Major League Club may place on under control lists in those classifications under Rule 2(b) (Maximum Number of Reserved Players) and Rule 2(j)(1) (Players Signed for Future Services).

(h) IF SELECTED PLAYER DOES NOT SIGN. A player who is selected at a First-Year Player Draft and who does not sign a Minor League contract before being removed from the selecting Club’s Negotiation List, see Rule 4(d) (Effect of Selection on Player), shall be subject to selection at the next First-Year Player Draft at which the player is eligible for selection. A selected player who does not sign may not be selected by the same Major League Club at any subsequent First-Year Player Draft unless the player has notified the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee in writing that the player has no objection to such re-selection.

(i) IF PLAYER IS NOT SELECTED. A player who is eligible for selection and who is not selected may be signed to a Minor League contract by any Major League or Minor League Club after the conclusion of the First-Year Player Draft. Such player shall remain eligible for signing until the start of the next Closed Period, unless such player becomes ineligible to sign at an earlier date by operation of the applicable High School, College or Junior College Rule.

(j) MEDICAL INFORMATION.

(A) Each year, the Office of the Commissioner will select the 300 potential top prospects in the First-Year Player Draft to participate in the Pre-Draft Medical Information Program (“the Top 300 Program”). If named to participate in the Top 300 Program, players will be required to submit to the Office of the Commissioner all of their pre-existing medical records relating to their physical condition, including, but not limited to, MRIs, X-Rays and CT Scans. Players are not required to provide records relating to conditions that would not reasonably affect their ability to perform services as a baseball player. Each player will be required to certify in writing that he has submitted a complete copy of all of the medical records required to be submitted to the Office of the Commissioner pursuant to this Rule 4(j)(1)(A). The player also will be required to submit any updated medical information to
the Office of the Commissioner by the May 1 immediately preceding the Draft, to the extent such information exists. Clubs may review the players’ medical records through Major League Baseball’s Electronic Medical Records system (“EMR”) or another secure file-sharing system. Immediately upon the conclusion of the Draft, a Club’s access to such medical records will be revoked except with respect to the Club’s Draft selections.

(B) A player named to participate in the Top 300 Program may not provide additional medical information to one Club without first providing such information to the Office of the Commissioner for placement on the EMR. In addition, a player may not submit to a pre-draft physical conducted by a Club unless he agrees to submit to a pre-draft physical for any Club that requests it.

(C) If a player named to participate in the Program refuses to comply with the Top 300 Program, the player will be prohibited from submitting medical information, whether orally or in writing, to any Club. The Office of the Commissioner will notify all Clubs of a player’s refusal. A Club may not obtain medical information from a non-compliant player until the player complies with the Top 300 Program.

(2) The Pre-Draft MRI Program.

(A) From the pool of the 300 top prospects selected to participate in the Top 300 Program, the Office of the Commissioner will select 50 top pitching prospects to participate in the Pre-Draft Pitcher MRI Program (the “Pre-Draft MRI Program”). Participation in the Pre-Draft MRI Program is voluntary and does not affect the selected players’ status or obligations with respect to the Top 300 Program. Players who are selected and choose to participate in the Pre-Draft MRI Program must submit to an MRI (without contrast) for their shoulder, their elbow, and for any body part other than the shoulder or elbow that, due to injury, caused the player to miss playing time in the season immediately preceding the draft, pursuant to the MRI protocols agreed upon by the Office of the Commissioner and the Players Association. MRIs must be performed at a facility approved by both the Office of the Commissioner and the Players Association. In addition to receiving his own copy of the results of his MRI, the player must execute a release authorizing the facility to submit the MRI directly to the Office of the Commissioner.
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Upon receiving an MRI for a player participating in the Pre-Draft MRI Program, the Office of the Commissioner shall provide the MRI to a radiologist jointly selected by the Office of the Commissioner and the Players Association, who shall in turn review the MRI and supply an MRI report to the Office of the Commissioner, the Players Association, and the player.

(B) By the March 15 preceding each First-Year Player Draft, the 50 pitching prospects selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program will be notified by the Commissioner’s Office of their selection for the Program and provided information about how to schedule an MRI at an approved facility. If the player does not live within a reasonable distance of an approved facility, the Office of the Commissioner will help the player to identify a suitable facility. If a prospect selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program chooses to participate in the Program, he must receive an MRI at an approved facility in the period between April 1 and the date 21 days prior to the commencement of the next First-Year Player Draft (“MRI Window”). A player who, by the close of the MRI Window (i.e., by the date 21 days prior to the First-Year Player Draft), does not receive an MRI at an approved facility and execute the release to ensure that the results are provided to the Office of the Commissioner within the MRI Window will be deemed to have declined to participate in the Pre-Draft MRI Program for purposes of Rule 4(j)(3)(B)(ii). Submission of an MRI taken outside of the MRI Window or at an unapproved facility will not constitute participation in the Pre-Draft MRI Program, absent written consent from the Commissioner’s Office.

(C) Prior to the completion of the MRI Window, Clubs may identify to the Office of the Commissioner, on a confidential basis, which players selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program the Club has potential interest in selecting in the upcoming First-Year Player Draft and thus which players’ MRIs and MRI reports (collectively, “MRI Results”) the Club would like to review before the Draft for that purpose. A Club must include in this notice the list of all Club officials designated to have access to the request players’ MRI Results. The Office of the Commissioner will share with those Clubs’ designated officials only the identified players’ MRI Results via a secure file-sharing system. Immediately upon being selected in the Draft, a Club’s access to such MRI Results will be revoked, and Clubs are prohibited from retaining or storing copies of MRI Results, except with respect to the Club’s Draft selections. Unless
authorized by the Basic Agreement, any Club official who intentionally disseminates, or causes to be disseminated, information from a draft prospect's MRI Results to a member of the media will be suspended for a minimum of 30 days by the Office of the Commissioner and the Club shall be fined a minimum of $500,000. The foregoing penalties shall not apply if the information was first made public by a source other than the Club or the Office of the Commissioner.

(3) Drug Testing

All players eligible for selection in the First-Year Player Draft will be subject to Major League Baseball’s Drug Prevention Program for Potential Selections in the First-Year Player Draft (“Prospect Drug Testing Program”). All players named to participate in the Top 300 Program described in Rule 4(j)(1)(A) above will be subject to a random, unannounced drug test prior to the First-Year Player Draft. Any player subject to random drug testing under the Prospect Drug Testing Program who refuses to be tested shall be deemed ineligible for selection in the First-Year Player Draft, and shall not be eligible to sign a contract with a Major or Minor League Club, as fully set forth in the terms of that Program.

(4) Physical Examinations.

(A) Major League Clubs shall waive their rights under Paragraph XVII(B) of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract when signing drafted players if one of the following conditions is met:

(i) The drafted player submits to a complete physical examination conducted by the Club before an agreement is reached on the terms of a Minor League contract; or

(ii) The player and the Club reach a tentative agreement on a Minor League contract that is contingent on the Player passing a physical examination conducted by the Club, and the Player passes that physical examination (including the reporting of all test results) prior to the applicable deadline for submitting terms of an agreement to the Commissioner’s Office.

(B) Drafted Players Who Fail Club-Administered Physical Examinations.
(i) Drafted Players Not Selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program. If a drafted player who was not selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program fails a Club-administered physical examination, and the Club does not subsequently offer that player a bonus equal to or greater than 40% of the player's Signing Bonus Value (or $50,000 if the player was selected after the 10th round) and hold that offer open until the earlier of 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the seventh day following the date the offer was made or the signing deadline (see Rule 4(d)(4)), the player will become a free agent if no agreement is reached by the time the player is removed from the Club's Negotiation List pursuant to Rule 4(d). In such case, the Club shall not receive a supplemental selection pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2) for failing to sign such player, and, for players selected prior to the 11th round, the Club's Signing Bonus Pool (described in Rule 3(c)(4)(A)) shall be reduced by the Signing Bonus Value attributable to his selection. If the Club does subsequently offer the player a bonus equal to or greater than 40% of the player's Signing Bonus Value and holds that offer open until the earlier of 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the seventh day following the date the offer was made or the signing deadline (see Rule 4(d)(4)), but no agreement is reached, the player's status will be determined pursuant to Rule 4(h), the Club will receive, if applicable, a supplemental selection pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2) for failing to sign such player, and the Club's Signing Bonus Pool (described in Rule 3(c)(4)(A)) shall be reduced by the Signing Bonus Value attributable to that player. This Rule 4(j)(3)(B)(i) applies only if a Club does not sign a player based on the results of a Club-administered physical examination, and does not apply to a Club's failure to sign a player, or its decision not to offer a signing bonus of a particular amount, for reasons other than the player's failure of a Club-administered physical examination.

(ii) Drafted Players Selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program. If a drafted player who is selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program and elects to participate in the Pre-Draft MRI Program fails a Club-administered physical examination based on an injury or defect to his shoulder, his elbow, or any other body part that was encompassed by the pre-draft MRI he provided pursuant to Rule 4(j)(2) above, and the Club does not subsequently offer that player a bonus equal to or greater than 60% of the player's Signing Bonus Value (or $75,000 if
the player was selected after the 10th round) and hold that offer open until the earlier of 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the seventh day following the date the offer was made or the signing deadline (see Rule 4(d)(4)), the player will become a free agent if no agreement is reached by the time the player is removed from the Club’s Negotiation List pursuant to Rule 4(d). In such case, the Club shall not receive a supplemental selection pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2) for failing to sign such player, and, for players selected prior to the 11th round, the Club’s Signing Bonus Pool (described in Rule 3(c)(4)(A)) shall be reduced by the Signing Bonus Value attributable to his selection. If the Club does subsequently offer the player a bonus equal to or greater than 60% of the player’s Signing Bonus Value and holds that offer open until the earlier of 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the seventh day following the date the offer was made or the signing deadline (see Rule 4(d)(4)), but no agreement is reached, the player’s status will be determined pursuant to Rule 4(h), the Club will receive, if applicable, a supplemental selection pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2) for failing to sign such player, and the Club’s Signing Bonus Pool (described in Rule 3(c)(4)(A)) shall be reduced by the Signing Bonus Value attributable to that player.

Notwithstanding the above, if a pre-signing MRI conducted by the Club shows that the player’s injury or defect occurred, or was exacerbated, following the pre-draft MRI submitted by the player pursuant to the Pre-Draft MRI Program, the player shall be treated as a player who was not selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program and Rule 4(j)(4)(B)(i) shall govern. Any dispute regarding whether a player’s injury or defect occurred, or was exacerbated, following the MRI submitted by the player pursuant to the Pre-Draft MRI Program will be submitted to, and resolved on a binding, expedited basis, by a neutral orthopedist selected in advance by the Office of the Commissioner and the Players Association to resolve such disputes.

If a drafted player who is selected to participate in the Pre-Draft MRI Program and declines to participate in the Program subsequently fails a Club-administered physical examination based on an injury or defect to his shoulder, elbow, or any other body part that would have been encompassed by his pre-draft MRI (per the terms of Rule 4(j)(2)(A)), the Club shall be relieved of the obligation set
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forth in Rule 4(j)(4)(B)(i) to offer any signing bonus in order to retain its right to receive a supplemental selection pursuant to Rule 4(c)(2) for failing to sign such player, the player’s status will be determined pursuant to Rule 4(h), and the Club’s Signing Bonus Pool (described in Rule 3(c)(4)(A)) shall be reduced by the Signing Bonus Value attributable to that player in the event the Club does not sign the player.

If a drafted player who is selected to participate in the Pre-Draft MRI Program fails a Club-administered physical examination based on an injury to a part of his body that was not, or would not have been, encompassed by his Pre-Draft MRI per the terms of Rule 4(j)(2)(A), the player shall be treated as a player who was not selected for the Pre-Draft MRI Program and Rule 4(j)(4)(B)(i) shall govern, regardless of whether or not the player chose to participate in the Pre-Draft MRI Program.

(k) FORFEITED DRAFT LOTTERY AND COMPETITIVE BALANCE SELECTIONS.

1) Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery.

(A) The Office of the Commissioner will award to other Clubs through a lottery any selections in the First-Year Player Draft that are forfeited by Clubs whose Total Signing Bonuses exceed their Signing Bonus Pools (as described in Rule 3(c)(4)). Any Club whose Total Signing Bonuses did not exceed its Signing Bonus Pool in the applicable First-Year Player Draft will be eligible for entry in the lottery. A Club’s odds of winning the lottery will be based on its prior season’s winning percentage and prior season’s Net Defined Local Revenue (“NDLR”) under Article XXIV of the Basic Agreement, each weighted equally in a formula that will be distributed to eligible Clubs prior to the lottery. A Club may be awarded only one selection in the Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery until such time as all Clubs eligible for the lottery have been awarded a selection.

(B) The Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery will be held on the first Wednesday following the Signing Deadline, and any Club that had not exceeded its Signing Bonus Pool as of that date will be entered into the lottery. A Club that is awarded a selection in the Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery and subsequently exceeds its Signing Bonus Pool will itself forfeit the selection it was awarded. During the Closed Period following the First-Year Player Draft, a
Supplemental Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery will be held, if necessary, to redistribute: (i) any selections awarded to a Club in the original lottery that the Club forfeited pursuant to this Rule 4(k)(1)(B) by exceeding its Signing Bonus Pool between the date of the lottery and the beginning of the Closed Period; and/or (ii) any selections that a Club forfeited pursuant to Rule 3(c)(4)(B) for exceeding its Signing Bonus Pool between the date of the original lottery and the beginning of the Closed Period. All Clubs that did not exceed their Signing Bonus Pool as of the beginning of the Closed Period will be eligible to participate in the Supplemental Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery, with the odds of winning based on the same formula as set forth in Rule 4(k)(1)(A) above. A Club previously awarded a selection in the Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery will not be eligible to be awarded a selection in the Supplemental Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery until such time as all Clubs eligible for the Supplemental Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery have been awarded a selection.

(2) Competitive Balance Selections.

(A) Eligibility to Receive Competitive Balance Selections. Beginning with the 2017 First-Year Player Draft, the ten Clubs with the lowest NDLR in the preceding year that are not market disqualified, and to the extent not included in that group, the ten Clubs with the lowest Market Score as set forth in Attachment 26 to the Basic Agreement, will receive an additional selection in the First-Year Player Draft (“Competitive Balance Selection”).

(B) 2017 Competitive Balance Round A. The six eligible Clubs with the lowest average ranking among eligible Clubs in (i) NDLR in the 2016 Revenue Sharing Year and (ii) winning-percentage in the 2016 championship season will receive a selection immediately following the completion of the first round of the 2017 First-Year Player Draft, as set forth in Rule 4(c)(3) above (“Competitive Balance Round A”). Clubs shall select in Competitive Balance Round A in inverse order of their average ranking among eligible Clubs in NDLR and winning-percentage in 2016.

(C) 2017 Competitive Balance Round B. The eligible Clubs that did not receive draft selections in Competitive Balance Round A will receive selections immediately following the completion of the second round of the 2017 First-Year Player Draft.
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**(D)** Competitive Balance Selections in Subsequent Years. Beginning with the 2018 First-Year Player Draft and continuing thereafter, any eligible Club that received a selection in Competitive Balance Round A in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft shall receive a selection in Competitive Balance Round B; and any eligible Club that received a selection in Competitive Balance Round B in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft shall receive a selection in Competitive Balance Round A. Clubs will continue to alternate from year-to-year between Competitive Balance Rounds A and B, provided they remain eligible to receive a Competitive Balance Selection. Any Club that is eligible for a Competitive Balance Selection in the 2018 First-Year Player Draft or any subsequent First-Year Player Draft that was not eligible for a Competitive Balance Selection in the immediately preceding Draft shall receive a selection in Competitive Balance Round B. In each year, Clubs will select in Competitive Balance Rounds A and B in inverse order of their average ranking among eligible Clubs in NDLR and winning-percentage in the prior year.

**(E)** The Office of the Commissioner will notify Clubs on December 1 whether they will receive a selection in Competitive Balance Round A or B in the next First-Year Player Draft, and the position they will select within that round (but not the overall position of the selection within the First-Year Player Draft).

**(F)** For purposes of this Rule 4(k)(2), the Oakland Athletics will not be considered market disqualified until the 2020 First-Year Player Draft.

**(3)** All selections in the Forfeited Draft Selection and Competitive Balance Selections are assignable as follows:

**(A)** Selections are only assignable by the Club that was originally awarded the selection (i.e., the selections may be assigned only once).
(B) Cash consideration of any kind may not be included in an assignment involving a Club’s assignable draft selections unless the cash consideration is included directly to offset the salary obligations of another player included in the assignment (and is no greater than such obligations), subject to the Commissioner’s approval.

(C) A Club may only assign (or agree to assign) selections in the next succeeding First-Year Player Draft, and may only assign (or agree to assign) such selections during the period beginning on the December 2 preceding the First-Year Player Draft and ending two hours prior to the commencement of the Draft.

(D) A Club that is awarded a selection in the Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery and assigns such selection to another Club may not subsequently provide an unsigned player (i.e., a player not subject to the Signing Deadline) with a Signing Bonus that would cause it to exceed its Signing Bonus Pool. In addition, a Club may not assign a selection awarded in the Forfeited Draft Selection Lottery to another Club if it has yet to sign one or more players selected in the first ten rounds of the draft, and its failure to sign one or more of those players would cause it to exceed its Signing Bonus Pool.

(l) INTERPRETATION. Official interpretations of this Rule 4 may be made from time to time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

Rule 5

ANNUAL SELECTION OF PLAYERS

(a) MEETINGS. A selection meeting shall be held each year at such time and place as the Commissioner shall designate and shall be known as the Rule 5 Selection Meeting. At the Rule 5 Selection Meeting, Major League Clubs may claim the contracts of players who are on Minor League Reserve Lists (filed pursuant to Rule 2) and who are subject to selection as set forth in this Rule 5. If any Major League or Minor League Club shall fail to file Minor League Reserve Lists in accordance with Major League Rule 2, its players on Minor League Reserve Lists shall be subject to selection under this Rule 5 without any restrictions. The Commissioner shall decide all procedural questions that may arise during the Rule 5 Selection Meeting.

(b) METHOD AND PRIORITY OF SELECTIONS. Selections under this Rule 5 shall be made in two separate phases: the Major League phase and the Class AAA phase. A player selected in one of these phases must be
placed on the Major League Club’s Reserve List in the same classification of the phase in which the player was selected. Within each phase, only players from a Reserve List of a lower classification Club are eligible for selection.

Within each phase, selections shall be made according to the following order and conditions:

(1) Major League Clubs shall select in reverse order of their winning percentages at the close of the preceding championship season, without regard to standings within any Division or League and without regard to post-season results. If two or more Clubs had an identical percentage of games won at the close of the preceding championship season, the selection order of those Clubs shall be determined by the percentage of games won in the next prior championship season, with any remaining ties resolved by continuing to examine the tied Clubs’ respective championship season winning percentages in each preceding prior year, until the tie is broken.

(2) As called in the above order of priority in a phase, each Major League Club shall have a right to select one player subject to selection under this Rule 5. If a Club does not exercise its right of selection when called, or if its right of selection in that phase has ceased because its Reserve List(s) for the classification covered by the phase has reached the allowable limit under Rule 2, the next Club in order shall be called. When a round has been completed, the process of selection shall be repeated until all Major League Clubs have no further right of selection in that phase. A Club having announced its selection in proper order cannot later cancel the selection.

(3) In any year in which one or more new members have been admitted to a Major League for operations in the next championship season, each such new member may select player contracts under this Rule 5. The procedures and regulations governing such selections shall be as agreed upon by the Major League Clubs.

(4) Any Major League Club may authorize (in writing or by electronic communication) any employee, the Commissioner, or an employee of the Commissioner’s Office to announce its selection or selections at the meeting. Such authorized selections shall be as binding and effective as if announced by a Major League Club official.

(e) PLAYERS SUBJECT TO SELECTION. All players on the Minor League Reserve Lists of Major League and Minor League Clubs, except players on the Voluntarily Retired, Disqualified or Ineligible Lists, shall be subject to selection by other Major League Clubs at the Rule 5 Selection Meeting in accordance with the following:
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 5(c)

(1) A player without previous Major or Minor League service who signs with a Major League or independent Minor League Club shall be subject to selection based on the following:

(A) if 18 years of age or under on the June 5 immediately preceding the player’s signing, the player shall be subject to selection at the fifth Rule 5 Selection Meeting that follows the signing date of the player’s first Major or Minor League contract, unless Rule 5(c)(1)(C) applies;

(B) if 19 years of age or over on the June 5 immediately preceding the player’s signing, the player shall be subject to selection at the fourth Selection Meeting that follows the signing date of the player’s first Major or Minor League contract, unless Rule 5(c)(1)(C) applies;

(C) if the signing date of a player’s first Major or Minor League contract is between

(i) the conclusion of the championship season for the Major or Minor League Club to which the player is assigned on such contract and

(ii) the next Rule 5 Selection Meeting,

then the player shall be deemed to have signed after the next Rule 5 Selection Meeting, for purposes of this Rule 5(c)(1).

(2) A player who is re-signed by a Club within one year from the date the Club released the player shall be subject to draft at the Rule 5 Selection Meeting following the date of the latest contract with that Club.

(3) A player who has been subject to draft at a Rule 5 Selection Meeting shall be subject to draft at any subsequent Rule 5 Selection Meeting if the player is on a Minor League Reserve List (filed pursuant to Rule 2 (Player Limits and Reserve Lists)) at the time of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting.

(4) A player

(A) whose contract has been assigned outright by a Major League Club to a Minor League Club,

(B) who has been signed as a free agent to a Minor League Uniform Player Contract for services in the following year and is otherwise subject to selection pursuant to Rule 5(c)(1) or Rule 5(c)(2), or
(C) who has been released unconditionally from a Minor League roster and is otherwise subject to selection pursuant to Rule 5(c)(1) or Rule 5(c)(2),

shall be subject to selection at any subsequent Rule 5 Selection Meeting if the player is on a Minor League Reserve List (filed pursuant to Rule 2 (Player Limits and Reserve Lists)) at the time of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting.

(5) A Major League or independent Minor League Club may designate any player on one of its Minor League Reserve Lists to be subject to selection who otherwise would not be selectable under this Rule 5.

(d) CONSIDERATION, PAYMENT, AND RESPONSIBILITY. The consideration for a selection under this Rule 5 shall be as follows:

(1) $100,000, if the selected player is placed on a Major League Reserve List;

(2) $24,000, if the selected player is placed on a Class AAA Reserve List;

In addition to the compensation set forth in this paragraph, an independent Minor League Club shall be reimbursed by a selecting Major League Club for all compensation (including salary, bonuses and benefits) that it has paid to a selected player if the player is selected at the first selection meeting following the first year of the player’s initial Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

Payment of the consideration due the selectee Club shall be made in the same manner as provided in Rule 12 (Transfer Agreements) regarding other assignments of player contracts.

The selector Major League Club must assume all responsibility for the player’s physical condition and for the player’s reporting.

(e) PLAYER-MANAGERS. A Player-Manager shall be subject to selection if the player would otherwise be selectable under Rule 5(c) (Players Subject to Selection). However, a player-manager shall be subject to selection as a player only and the player-manager selected may reject such selection by giving written or electronic notification of such rejection to the Commissioner within 30 days from the date that the player-manager receives notification of such selection from the Commissioner. A player-manager contract that has been executed within 30 days before the close of the season shall not be changed to a player contract during the season following execution of such player-manager contract unless the Commissioner approves such a change in writing.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 5(f) to 6(b)

(f) COVERING UP. No agreement shall be made for the purpose or with the effect of covering up a player from selection. If the Commissioner shall be of opinion that any such agreement has been made, the Commissioner may impose a fine upon each party to such an agreement.

Rule 6

SELECTED PLAYERS

(a) RESTRICTIONS. From the date of selection to the close of the subsequent Major League championship season, no player selected in the Major League phase of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting shall be released or directed to perform for or otherwise transferred to any Minor League Club until:

(1) the player has received a 15-day trial period during spring training and/or the championship season of the year following the player’s selection;

(2) Outright Assignment waivers have first been granted on the player’s contract in accordance with Rule 10 (Major League Waivers) (see, e.g., Rule 10(d)(3) (Restrictions on Waiver Requests)); and

(3) outright assignment of the player has then been offered to and rejected by the Major or Minor League Club from which the player’s contract was selected.

(b) OFFER OF OUTRIGHT ASSIGNMENT—PROCEDURES. An offer of outright assignment to the Major or Minor League Club from which a player’s contract was selected shall be made through the Commissioner and the consideration shall be 50 percent of the price paid for the selection. Upon receiving notice of the selecting Major League Club’s intention to make such an offer, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall communicate by electronic means to the Major or Minor League Club from which the player was selected that it has

(1) 24 hours from the time of dispatch of the electronic message to accept or reject assignment of the contract, unless Rule 6(b)(2) applies; or

(2) 24 hours after the Club from which the player was selected is notified by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee of the selected player’s decision whether to accept the proposed return assignment, if the player was selected to a Major League Reserve List and has the right to elect free agency after an outright assignment.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 6(b) to 6(d)

Failure to accept the offer within such period shall constitute a rejection. Should such an offer be rejected, all obligations of the selecting Major League Club to the Major or Minor League Club from which the player was selected shall be fulfilled.

If the player was selected to a Major League Reserve List and if such player has the right to elect free agency after an outright assignment, the selecting Club shall provide the player any written notice of the contemplated outright assignment to the player’s former Minor League Club that the collective bargaining agreement with the players’ union may require and shall provide a copy of such notice to the Club from which the player’s contract was selected. If the selecting Club fails to provide the selected player with such written notice, and the selected player elects free agency in lieu of the return outright assignment, then the selecting Club may be subject to a fine by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, which the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may order to be paid, in whole or in part, to the Club from which the player’s contract was selected. The selecting Club shall communicate immediately to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee the player’s decision whether to accept the return outright assignment, and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall communicate such decision promptly to the Club from which the player’s contract was selected.

(e) ACTIVE LIST RESTRICTIONS. If the selected player is not carried on the Active List of the selecting Major League Club for 90 days of the season following the selection, the restrictions in Rule 6(a) shall continue to apply until the player has been on the Active List for an aggregate of 90 days during a championship season or seasons.

(d) SALARY ON RETURN. If a selected player was under a Minor League Uniform Player’s Contract for the entire championship season before the player’s selection, a Major League Club that returns such a player through tender of an outright assignment to the Major or Minor League Club from which the player was selected shall be liable for any salary set forth in its Major League Uniform Player’s Contract with the player in excess of the salary amount in the player’s Minor League Uniform Player Contract for the season before selection.

If a selected player was under a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract for all or part of the season preceding the player’s selection, a Major League Club that returns such a player to the Major or Minor League Club from which the player was selected shall be liable for any salary set forth in its Major League Uniform Player’s Contract with the player in
excess of the total salary the player received (under both a Major League Uniform Player's Contract and a Minor League Uniform Player Contract) for the previous championship season.

(e) DRAFT-EXCLUDED PLAYERS. A player who has less than three years of Major League service as of the conclusion of the championship season and who is excluded from selection in a Rule 5 Selection Meeting because the player was promoted to a Major League Reserve List after August 15 of the championship season preceding the selection meeting and remains on a Major League Reserve List through the conclusion of such selection meeting shall be referred to as a “draft-excluded player.” A draft-excluded player shall not be directed to perform for, assigned to, or otherwise transferred to a Minor League Club unless the player first receives a trial with the player’s Major League Club lasting until 20 days before the opening day of the following Major League season. See Rule 10(d)(4) (Restrictions on Waiver Requests) for rules concerning when waivers may be requested on a player who would become a draft-excluded player and Rule 10(c)(4)(B) (Consideration for Assignment of Player; Selected or Draft-Excluded Player) for rules concerning the waiver claim price for a draft-excluded player.

Rule 7

TERMINATION OF PLAYER-CLUB RELATION

The relation between a Club and a player created by contract may be terminated before the expiration of the specified term either by the Club (by release or assignment or, in the case of a Minor League Uniform Player Contract, by other termination) or by the player as provided in the contract.

Rule 8

MAJOR LEAGUE UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE

(a) WAIVER REQUIREMENTS. No Major League Club may unconditionally release a player unless it has tendered and received a waiver of the contract from all other Major League Clubs.

(b) PROCEDURES FOR OBTAINING WAIVERS. The procedures for obtaining unconditional release waivers are as follows:

(1) A waiver request may be made at any time during the year, and must state that it is for the purpose of unconditional release.

(2) Waiver requests will be processed in accordance with the procedures in Rule 10 (Major League Waivers) and may not be
withdrawn after being registered with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(3) Waiver claims must be entered in accordance with Rule 10(c) (Waiver Claims and Awarding of Contracts).

(c) RESTRICTIONS ON UNCONDITIONAL RELEASE WAIVER REQUESTS.

(1) No Major League Club may release a player on the Military or Ineligible Lists unless the player is first reinstated from such list to the Active List.

(2) No Major League Club may release a player on the Voluntarily Retired List without first having obtained the approval of the Commissioner.

(d) EFFECT ON PLAYER LIMITS. On the day of the waiver request, the player shall be advised in writing that the Major League Club has requested waivers for the purpose of unconditional release and the date on which the waiver request will expire. The player shall be removed from all player limits at the time that the waiver request is transmitted to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(e) WAIVER CLAIMS AND CONSIDERATION. Any other Major League Club may claim the contract at a waiver price of $1 and the priority of claim shall be determined in accordance with Rule 10(c)(3) (Waiver Claims and Awarding of Contracts).

(f) NOTICE TO PLAYER OF WAIVER CLAIMS, AND RIGHT OF PLAYER TO TERMINATE CONTRACT. At the expiration of the waiver period, the player may contact the Major League Club to determine whether the player’s contract has been claimed.

If the player’s contract is claimed, the Major League Club shall promptly and before any assignment notify the player that the contract has been claimed.

Within five days after receipt of notice from a Major League Club that a player’s contract has been claimed, the player shall be entitled by written notice to the Major League Club to terminate the player’s contract on the date of the player’s notice of termination. If the player fails to notify the Major League Club, the player’s contract shall be assigned to the claiming Major League Club entitled to the assignment under Rule 10(c)(3) (Waiver Claims and Awarding of Contracts).
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 8(g) to 8(i)

(g) NOTICE OF TERMINATION IF NO CLAIMS. If the player’s contract is not claimed, the player is a free agent, and the Major League Club shall give the player notice of termination.

(1) Telephone notice shall be effective immediately upon communication with the player.

(2) Written notice, if handed to the player personally, shall be effective immediately upon delivery to the player.

(3) Written notice, if mailed to the player, shall be effective three days from the date of mailing to the last address that the player has supplied to the Major League Club.

Other procedures for unconditional release may be agreed upon from time to time and set out in the current Basic Agreement between the Major League Clubs and the Players Association.

(h) SALARY OBLIGATIONS. If a contract is terminated by the player, as provided in Rule 8(f) (Notice to Player of Waiver Claims, and Right of Player to Terminate Contract), the player shall be entitled to compensation through the date of the player’s notice of termination and not thereafter.

If the player’s contract is not claimed, upon effective termination of the contract according to Rule 8(g) (Notice of Termination If No Claims), the player shall be entitled to termination pay in accordance with the terms of the contract.

If the player’s contract is claimed and not terminated by the player, the Major League Club shall give notice to the player of the assignment of the player’s contract. The assignee Major League Club shall be liable to the player for payments accruing after the date of such notice of assignment.

(i) RE-SIGNING OF RELEASED PLAYERS. A player may be re-signed by the releasing Major League Club, except that:

(1) A player released during the playing season shall not again be placed on the Active List of the Major League Club during the 30-day period that starts on the date of the waiver request, unless the Major League Club has had less than the full complement of active players at all times from the date of the waiver request to the date player is resign; and,

(2) Absent an intervening Major League contract with another Club, any player who has been unconditionally released between midnight, August 31 of any championship season and the opening day
of the following championship season, may not be re-signed to a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract by the releasing Major League Club until May 15 of that following championship season.

Rule 9

ASSIGNMENT OF PLAYER CONTRACTS

(a) NOTICE. A Club may assign to another Club an existing contract with a player. The player, upon receipt of written notice of such assignment, is by the player’s contract bound to serve the assignee Club.

The date of assignment shall be deemed to be the date upon which notice of assignment is delivered to the player.

After the date of such assignment, all rights and obligations of the assignor Club under the contract shall become the rights and obligations of the assignee Club, except as otherwise provided in Rule 3 (Eligibility to Sign Contract, Contract Terms, and Contract Tenders), and the assignee Club shall be liable to the player for payments accruing from the date of assignment and shall not be liable (but the assignor Club shall remain liable) for payments accrued prior to and including that date.

In the event that a player physically reports to the assignee Club on the same date as the player’s assignment, the assignee Club shall be responsible for salary starting with that date and the assignor Club shall not be required to pay salary for that day. EXCEPTION: In the event the player plays or is available to play for the assignor Club on the day of assignment, the assignor shall pay the player’s salary for that day.

If at any time the assignee is a Major League Club, it shall be liable to pay the player at the full rate stipulated in the player’s contract for the remainder of the term thereof and all prior assignors and assignees shall be relieved of liability for any payment during the remainder of the player’s contract, except as otherwise provided in Rule 3 (Eligibility to Sign Contract, Contract Terms, and Contract Tenders).

Unless the assignor and assignee Clubs agree otherwise, if the assignee Club is a Minor League Club, the assignee Club shall be liable only to pay the player at the rate usually paid by said assignee Club to its players of similar skill and ability in its classification and the assignor Club shall be liable to pay the player for the remainder of the player’s contract the difference between the amount payable to the player under the player’s contract and the amount paid to the player by the assignee Club.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 9(a) to 9(b)

If a player’s contract is assigned by a Major League Club to another Major League Club, any transportation, travel, and moving allowances shall be governed by the Basic Agreement.

In the event such player is unconditionally released by the Minor League Club to which the player’s contract has been assigned and the player would have been entitled to severance pay had the player been so released under the player’s contract with the assignor (Major League Club), then the assignor is liable to pay the player an additional amount equal to the termination pay provided for in the player’s Major League contract and the reasonable travelling expenses of the player, including first-class jet air fare and meals en route, to the player’s home city.

Written notice of assignment of a player’s contract shall be given to a player. Such notice shall not be given until the Club has been formally advised by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee that waivers have been granted by all Clubs entitled to claim the player as set forth in these Rules, and if notice is given prior to the granting of all waivers, the notice shall be void and the Commissioner shall collect a fine from the Club giving such void notice.

(b) CLOSED PERIODS.

(1) No Minor League Club shall assign a player contract to any other professional baseball club during the period commencing on the date that the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee designates for the filing of Reserve Lists and ending upon the conclusion of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting.

(2) No contract of a Major League player shall be assigned to a Club of lower classification during the period from 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time of the third day prior to the start of the Rule 5 Selection Meeting until the Rule 5 Selection Meeting has been concluded.

(3) No Major League Uniform Player’s Contract (including for outrighted players) shall be traded to another Major League Club during the period commencing 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on July 31 (the “Major League Trade Deadline”) and ending upon the day following the day that the last game of the World Series starts. In years in which July 31 falls on a Saturday, the Major League Trade Deadline shall be 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on Friday, July 30. In years in which July 31 falls on a Sunday, the Major League Trade Deadline shall be 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time on Monday, August 1.
(4) No contract of a Minor League player shall be traded to another Major League Club during the period commencing at 12:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the seventh day prior to the conclusion of the regularly scheduled Major League championship season and ending upon the day following the last game of the Major League championship season (including any rescheduled game or any additional game played to break a tie pursuant to Rule 33(c)).

(5) The Commissioner’s Office will prohibit any transaction (or series of transactions) that, in the judgment of the Commissioner’s Office, appears (or appear) designed to circumvent the prohibitions of Rule 9(b).

(c) ASSIGNEE CLUB’S RESPONSIBILITY FOR BONUS PROVISIONS IN PLAYER’S CONTRACT. If a Major League player’s contract is assigned to another Major League Club and there are unearned bonuses in the player’s Major League Uniform Player’s Contract at the time of the assignment, the standard-form Major League Uniform Player’s Contract sets forth the allocation of responsibility between the assignor and assignee Clubs for payment of such bonuses, when such bonuses are earned. The assignor and assignee Clubs may include cash consideration in a transfer agreement that is contingent upon whether such bonuses become earned. See MLR 12(e)(1)(B) (Consideration Must Be in Definite Terms).

(d) VETERAN PLAYERS. The contract of a player with five or more years of Major League service, not including service while on the Military List (or seven or more years of Major League service, including service while on the Military List) shall not, without the player’s written consent, be assigned other than to another Major League Club. In ascertaining such service, part-season shall be computed at the rate of 172 days to a full season. Service preceding or succeeding a championship season shall not be included.

(e) CONSENT TO ASSIGNMENT. The contract of a player with 10 or more years of Major League service, the last five of which have been with one Club, shall not be assignable to another Major League Club without the player’s written consent.

(f) INJURY REHABILITATION.

(1) Major League. With the written consent of the player and the prior approval of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, the contract of a Major League player on a Injured List may be assigned to a Minor League Club for the purpose of injury rehabilitation for a maximum period of 20 days in the case of
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 9(f)

non-pitchers and 30 days in the case of pitchers. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a player rehabbing from UCL reconstruction surgery may consent to up to three consecutive ten-day extensions of his rehabilitation assignment, with the approval of the Commissioner's Office and the Association. In accordance with Rule 2(g), a concussed player on the 7-day Injured List who has been cleared to return to play may then consent to a rehabilitation assignment for a maximum period of 5 days in the case of non-pitchers and 8 days in the case of pitchers, provided, however, that if the concussed player is transferred to the 10-day or 60-day Injured List, the maximum periods shall be 20 days for non-pitchers and 30 days for pitchers. A player so assigned shall continue to receive his Major League salary. The rights and benefits of such player that do and do not follow the player to the Minor League Club shall be in accordance with past practices. Any such service with a Minor League Club shall be deemed to be Major League service. An assignment made under the provisions of this Rule 9(f) shall not be counted as an optional assignment under Rule 11 (Optional Agreements). Waivers, pursuant to Rule 10, shall not be required for assignments made under this Rule 9(f). If the player sustains a new injury or a reoccurrence of an injury while on a rehabilitation assignment, separate written consent from the player and approval from the Commissioner's Office is required for a subsequent rehabilitation assignment. The Office of the Commissioner will carefully scrutinize any claim by a Club that a new rehabilitation assignment period is warranted if the player has not been returned from the original rehabilitation assignment for at least five days for a position player and seven days for a pitcher. A Club that decides to return a player from an injury assignment should notify the Commissioner's Office at the time a decision is made to end the rehabilitation assignment. If it was determined that a new injury or reoccurrence of the player's original injury occurred, the player's five or seven day “down” period would begin on the date the Commissioner's Office was originally notified. The player would then be eligible for a new 20 or 30 days rehabilitation assignment, pending the completion of the five- or seven-day period and the completion of a new SFD. If it was determined that there was no new injury or reoccurrence of the player's original injury, then the player would return on rehabilitation assignment without any interruption.

(2) Minor League. The contract of a Minor League player on a Injured List in a higher classification may be assigned to a Club in the Short-Season A, Rookie or Rookie-Advanced classification, for the purpose of rehabilitation of an injury; provided, however, there shall
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 9(f) to 10(a)

not be more than three such players on a Short-Season A, Rookie or Rookie-Advanced Club at any one time. Rehabilitation assignments, per injury, shall not exceed 20 days in the case of non-pitchers or 30 days in the case of pitchers. Effect on Limits: The player shall continue to be counted towards the Reserve List limit of the assignor Club and will continue to receive salary and benefits as such. The player shall not count against the player limits of the assignee Club.

Rule 10

MAJOR LEAGUE WAIVERS

(a) DEFINITIONS.

(1) Generally. A waiver is a permission granted for certain assignments of player contracts or for the unconditional release of a Major League player (see Rule 8). There are two types of waivers: Outright assignment waivers and Unconditional Release waivers. Waiver requests are always irrevocable. See Rule 10(d)(2) (Restrictions on Waiver Requests).

(2) Outright Assignment Waivers. Outright assignment waivers must be sought and obtained in order for a Major League Club to assign a Major League player outright (i.e., without right of recall) to a Minor League club. Outright assignment waivers are obtained only after each Major League Club has been given the opportunity to accept the assignment of that player contract, and none has filed a claim requesting assignment of that contract. Once obtained such permission is granted either for that entire waiver period or for seven days (depending upon the time the waivers are obtained), unless the player is on an optional assignment. See Rule 10(b)(4) (Grant of Waivers and Effective Periods). Outright assignment waivers may be requested and obtained in regard to a player who is on an optional assignment, without the requesting Club having to recall such player. Any outright waiver request in regard to a player on an optional assignment shall include a notation that the player is on an optional assignment.

(3) Unconditional Release Waivers. Unconditional Release waivers must be sought and obtained in order for a Major League Club to unconditionally release a Major League player at any time. See Rule 8 (Major League Unconditional Release). Once Unconditional Release waivers are obtained, the player is released in accordance with Rule 8(g) (Notice of Termination If No Claims).
(b) THE PROCEDURES FOR OBTAINING WAIVERS. The procedures for obtaining waivers are as follows:

(1) Request. A Club desiring a waiver notifies the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, in writing or by approved electronic means, by 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time during any permissible day, as set forth in Rules 10(b)(1)(A), (B), and (C), designating in its notice which of the two types of waivers (Outright or Unconditional Release) it is requesting. No Club may give notice of its request by telephone. Once registered with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, no waiver request may be canceled. See Rule 10(d) for certain restrictions on waiver requests.

(A) Spring Training/In-Season Waivers. During the period beginning with the earliest date that a Major League Club is permitted to invite a Major League player to spring training pursuant to the Basic Agreement with the Major League Baseball Players Association (“Spring Training Voluntary Report Date”) and ending with the last day of the championship season for any Major League Club, inclusive, any day, including Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, shall be a permissible day, within the meaning of Rule 10(b)(1), except as provided for in Rule 10(b)(1)(C).

(B) Off-Season Waivers. During the period between the last day of the championship season for any Major League Club and the Spring Training Voluntary Report Date, a permissible day within the meaning of Rule 10(b)(1) shall be any Monday to Friday. Notices received after 2:00 p.m. on Friday shall be considered as received on Monday morning. Waiver requests will not be accepted on Saturdays, Sundays or holidays as published by notice from the Commissioner’s Office. Such requests shall be deemed received the morning of the following business day.

(C) End-of-Spring Training Waivers. During the four-day period ending with the day that the first championship season game is played by any Major League Club (unless the first championship season game is played on a Wednesday, in which case a five-day period shall apply), a permissible day within the meaning of Rule 10(b)(1) shall be any Monday to Friday. Notices received after 2:00 p.m. on Friday shall be considered as received on Monday morning. Waiver requests shall not be accepted on Saturdays, Sundays or holidays as published by notice from the Commissioner’s Office. Such requests shall be deemed received the morning of the following business day.
Once a Club requests waivers with respect to a player, the Club is permitted to make certain transactions and not permitted to make certain other transactions with respect to such player before the expiration of the waiver claiming period, as set forth in Rule 10(b)(3) (Claiming Period), as follows:

(D) If a Club requests Outright assignment waivers with respect to a player, such Club is permitted to designate such player for assignment during such period, subject to all other rules and restrictions contained in the Major League Rules. See Rule 2(k) (Designated Players).

(E) If a Club requests Outright assignment waivers with respect to a player, such Club is permitted, during such time period and subject to all other rules and restrictions contained in the Major League Rules and the Basic Agreement in effect between the Major League Clubs and the Major League Baseball Players Association, to option such player, recall such player from optional assignment, and re-transfer such player's optional assignment from an affiliated Minor League Club to another affiliated Minor League Club or transfer such player's rehabilitation assignment from an affiliated Minor League Club to another affiliated Minor League Club. See Rule 10(b)(4) (Grant of Waivers and Effective Periods) for the duration of waivers that are obtained while a player is on an optional assignment.

(F) If a Club requests Outright assignment waivers with respect to a player, such Club is permitted, during such time period and subject to all other rules and restrictions contained in the Major League Rules and the Basic Agreement in effect between the Major League Clubs and the Major League Baseball Players Association, to reinstate such player from the Injured List. See Rules 2(g) (Major League Injured List) and 10(d)(6) (Restrictions on Waiver Requests).

(G) If a Club requests Unconditional Release waivers while an Outright assignment waiver request is pending, the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall cancel the different type of waiver request. The Unconditional Waiver request shall remain.

(H) If a Club requests Outright assignment waivers with respect to a player, such Club is not permitted during such time period to assign such player outright to a Minor League Club or to another Major League Club.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 10(b)

(I) If a Club requests Outright assignment waivers with respect to a player on the Injured List, such Club is not permitted to assign such player to a rehabilitation assignment. See Rules 9(f)(1) (Injury Rehabilitation; Major League) and 10(d)(6) (Restrictions on Waiver Requests).

Permitted Transactions While an Outright Assignment Waiver Request Is Pending*

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Contemplated Transaction</th>
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<tr>
<td>Designate for assignment</td>
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<td>Option</td>
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<td>Recall from optional assignment</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transfer optional assignment</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transfer injury rehabilitation assignment</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reinstate from Injured List</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unconditional Release</td>
<td>Permitted (waiver request cancelled)</td>
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<td>Outright to Minor League Club</td>
<td>Not permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outright to Major League Club (i.e., trade)</td>
<td>Not permitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Injury rehabilitation assignment</td>
<td>Not permitted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* In each instance, a contemplated transaction is permitted only to the extent that it is permitted by all other rules and restrictions contained in the Major League Rules and the Basic Agreement in effect between the Major League Clubs and the Major League Baseball Players Association.

(2) Notification to Clubs. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall notify all other Major League Clubs of the request for waivers, noting which type of waiver (Outright or Unconditional Release) is being requested.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 10(b)

(3) Claiming Period. The period in which a Club may claim a player on whom waivers have been sought is as follows:

(A) Spring Training/In-Season Waivers. Except as provided for in Rule 10(b)(3)(B), the period in which a Club may claim a player on whom waivers have been sought is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waivers Requested by</th>
<th>Waiver Claim Must Be</th>
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(B) Off-Season and End-of-Spring Training Waivers. When waivers are requested during the periods set forth in Rules 10(b)(1)(B) and 10(b)(1)(C), the period in which a Club may claim a player on whom waivers have been sought is as follows:

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The Commissioner's Office may publish a notice of holidays for which the waiver claiming period may be extended, if the last date on which a waiver claim may be entered would otherwise fall on such a holiday.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 10(b) to 10(c)

(4) Grant of Waivers and Effective Periods. In the event no claims are made before the deadline, waivers of the type requested are obtained, and the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall so notify the requesting Club. Outright assignment waivers obtained between September 1 and the 30th day of the following championship season (as determined by the first scheduled championship season game, excluding international openers), inclusive, shall be in effect until 1:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the seventh day after the date they were obtained, or until 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the 30th day of the championship season, whichever comes first. Outright assignment waivers obtained on and after the 31st day of the championship season shall be in effect until one hour following the Major League Trade Deadline described in Rule 9(b)(3); and outright assignment waivers obtained after the Major League Trade Deadline shall be in effect until midnight, Eastern Time on August 31, inclusive.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, outright waivers obtained while a player is on an optional assignment shall be in effect only until 72 hours after the expiration of the waiver claiming period.

The expiration date of Outright assignment waivers shall be stated in the waiver bulletin.

(c) WAIVER CLAIMS AND AWARDING OF CONTRACTS.

(1) Notice of Claim by Club. A Club desiring assignment of a player contract on which waivers have been requested shall notify the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, in writing or by approved electronic means, of its claim before the claiming deadline published in the waiver bulletin in which the player's name appeared. No Club may give notice of its claim by telephone. Once a claim is registered with the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, it may not be canceled.

(2) Notice to Requesting Club. At the conclusion of the claiming period, the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall notify the requesting Club of any claims.

(3) Assignment of Player. If a waiver claim is made, the contract shall be assigned in the following manner:

(A) If only one claim is entered, assignment shall be made to that claiming Club.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 10(c)

(B) If more than one Club makes a claim, assignment shall be to the Club with the lowest winning percentage among the claiming Clubs, without regard to the League of the claiming Clubs.

During the first 30 days of a championship season (as determined by the date of the first game scheduled for either Major League in that season, excluding international openers), percentages of games won at the close of the preceding championship season, without regard to post-season results, shall be used instead of the current championship season percentages of games won. At all other times during the championship season, percentages of games won shall be based on the result of play through the date prior to the expiration of the claiming period. During the off-season, the final percentages of games won at the close of the last preceding championship season shall control, without regard to post-season results.

If two or more claiming Clubs are tied with the lowest percentage of games won, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall make the award

(i) to the tied Club that is in the same League as the Club making the waiver request; or,

(ii) if the tied Clubs are in the same League, then to the tied Club with the lower percentage of games won at the close of the prior championship season, without regard to post-season results. If the tied Clubs had an identical percentage of games won at the close of the preceding championship season, the award shall be made to the tied Club with the lower percentage of games won in the next prior championship season, without regard to post-season results, with any remaining ties resolved by continuing to examine the tied Clubs’ respective championship season winning percentages in each preceding prior year, until the tie is broken.

(4) Consideration for Assignment of Player.

(A) When Unconditional Release Waivers Are Requested. The consideration for a player claimed after Unconditional Release waivers are requested shall be the consideration set forth in Rule 8(e) (Waiver Claims and Consideration).
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 10(c) to 10(d)

(B) Selected or Draft-Excluded Player. The consideration to be paid for an award on waiver claim, when such claim is not an Unconditional Release waiver claim, of the contract of a player selected at the preceding Rule 5 Selection Meeting or excluded from draft at such meeting in accordance with Rule 6(e) shall be 50 percent of the price paid for selection under Rule 5.

(C) Other Player. The consideration for the assignment as a result of an Outright waiver claim of any player contract other than ones described in Rules 10(c)(4)(A) (When Unconditional Release Waivers Are Requested) and 10(c)(4)(B) (Selected or Draft-Excluded Player) shall be $50,000.

(d) RESTRICTIONS ON WAIVER REQUESTS. The following restrictions on waiver requests shall apply:

(1) A Club shall not request any type of waivers on more than seven players on any one day.

(2) A waiver request shall state that it is irrevocable and that it may not be withdrawn in response to a claim by another Club.

(3) Outright assignment waivers may not be requested on the contract of a player selected pursuant to Rule 5 during the period beginning with the player's selection and ending 25 days prior to the opening of the championship season of the year following the player's selection. If waivers are obtained, no assignment may be made pursuant to such waivers until 20 days prior to the opening of the championship season of said year.

(4) Outright assignment waivers may not be requested on the contract of a player who stands to become a draft-excluded player, as described in Rule 6(e), during the period beginning five days following the last day of the World Series and ending 25 days prior to the opening of the championship season of the year following the year the player became a draft-excluded player. If waivers are obtained, no assignment may be made pursuant to such waivers until 20 days prior to the opening of the championship season of said year.

(5) Outright assignment waivers may not be requested on a player who appears on the Military, Voluntarily Retired, Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency, Paternity, Restricted, Suspended, Disqualified, Ineligible List, or Temporarily Inactive List until the player has been reinstated to the Active List of the player's Club. See Rule 8(c) for restrictions on Unconditional Release waiver requests.
(6) Outright assignment waivers may not be requested on a Major League Injured List Player during the championship season unless the minimum period of inactivity as prescribed in Rule 2 (Player Limits and Reserve Lists) has expired and the requesting Club guarantees that the player has recovered from the player’s ailment and is capable of performing at the player’s accustomed level. If waivers are obtained on such a player, the requesting Club shall, within 72 hours, assign the player outright or restore the player to its Active List.

(7) Outright assignment waivers shall not be requested on a player during any period in which waivers are already in effect, with the exception that waivers may be requested two permissible days prior to the date on which such existing waivers expire, so that waivers, if secured, will be in effect as early as possible in the subsequent waiver period. A waiver claim made on any waiver request permitted by this Rule 10(d)(7) shall immediately cancel the waivers existing when the subsequent waiver request was made.

(8) From the Spring Training Voluntary Report Date through the last day of the championship season for any Major League Club, a Club may not ask Outright assignment waivers on a player claimed on Outright assignment waivers within 48 hours after the time of the award of the claim or until the player has spent at least one game on the Major League Active List, whichever is earlier. During the period between the last day of the championship season for any Major League Club and the Spring Training Voluntary Report date, a Club may not ask Outright assignment waivers on a player claimed on Outright assignment waivers within 7 days after the time of the award of the claim.

(e) EFFECT ON WAIVERS OF TRANSFER OF OPTIONAL ASSIGNMENT. No waivers are required when a Major League Club assigns a player who is on an optional assignment from one Minor League Club to another Minor League Club.

(f) PENALTIES. The waiver rules are for the benefit of the players as well as the Clubs. No Club, therefore, shall solicit another Club, directly or indirectly, to claim or not to claim a player on whom waivers have been requested, nor shall a Club otherwise act in concert with any Club or Clubs in the operation of the waiver system. In addition to any remedy that players injured by a violation of this Rule 10(f) may be awarded pursuant to remedies afforded by a collective bargaining agreement between players and Major League Clubs, the Commissioner shall have authority to impose penalties for such conduct.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 10(g) to 11(a)

(g) PLAYER LIMIT.

(1) In the case of award of a player on waiver claim to another Club already having the limit of players prescribed by Rule 2(b) (Maximum Number of Reserved Players), such Club must immediately upon notice of award give notice of its intention to release or assign the contract of a player or players in accordance with Rule 2(k) (Designated Players) or transfer to or place on the 60-day Injured List, in accordance with Rule 2(g), an Injured player, or a combination thereof. Such designated player or players may not be the same player obtained from the waiver claim award. In addition, a Club may not designate a claimed player within 48 hours after the time of the award of the claim or until the player has spent at least one game on the Major League Active List, whichever is earlier.

(2) In the case of award of a player on waiver claim to another Club already having the limit of players prescribed by Rule 2(c) (Active Lists), such Club must, upon the reporting of the player claimed, give notice of its intention to release or assign the contract of a player(s) in accordance with Rule 2(k) (Designated Players). Such designated player may not be the same player obtained from the waiver claim award. In addition, a Club may not designate a claimed player within 48 hours after the time of the award of the claim or until the player has spent at least one game on the Major League Active List, whichever is earlier.

(3) The Commissioner’s Office will prohibit any transaction (or series of transactions) that, in the judgment of the Commissioner’s Office, appears (or appear) designed to circumvent the designated player prohibition contained herein.

Rule 11

OPTIONAL AGREEMENTS

(a) DEFINITION. An assignment of a player contract must in general be an absolute assignment, but in a limited number of cases, as specified in Rule 11(c), the assignor Club may reserve the right to recall, which must be exercised on or before the day following the last day of the Major League championship season. Such an assignment shall be designated as an optional assignment and is permitted between a Major League Club and a Minor League Club. An optional assignment must be filed with and approved by the Commissioner.
(b) LIMITATIONS ON RECALL.

(1) Ten-Day Rule. A Major League Club may not recall to the Active Roster a player who is on optional assignment until 10 days of the championship season have elapsed from the date of the optional assignment (see Article XXI(B) of the Basic Agreement regarding counting days on option), unless the Club obtains prior approval from the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and one of the following conditions applies:

(A) the optional player’s contract is being recalled for the purpose of replacing on a Club’s Active List

   (i) a player placed on a Major League Injured List, the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, the Major League Paternity Leave List or the Restricted List pursuant to Major League Baseball’s Joint Drug Prevention and Treatment Program or Joint Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault and Child Abuse Policy subsequent to the date the optional player’s contract had been assigned to the optionee Club; or

   (ii) a player assigned to the Active List of another Major League Club;

(B) the optional player is being assigned to the Active List of another Major League Club;

(C) the Major League Club had assigned the player on the optional assignment within 24 hours after having acquired the player in an assignment from another Major League Club, the player had been on optional assignment with the other Major League Club at the time of the assignment and the Major League Club had not placed the player on its Major League Active List during the 24-hour period following the assignment.

(2) Certain Optionee Clubs. The recall of an optional player for immediate service during the optionee’s championship season shall be prohibited in any case in which the recalling Club owns or is otherwise affiliated with any other Club in the League of which the optionee Club is a member, unless the Commissioner approves the recall.

(3) Waivers. The recall of an optional player’s contract for purposes of requesting waivers under Rule 10 is not required. Waivers may be requested in regard to a player on an optional assignment, see
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 11(b) to 11(c)

Rule 10(a) (Definitions), without requiring recall of the player and without making the player ineligible to participate in games for the Minor League Club to which such player is assigned.

(4) Recall Not to Report. A Major League Club may recall a player not to report for the purpose of assigning such player to another Major League Club. A Major League Club may recall a player not to report after the conclusion of the championship season of the Minor League Club to which the player is on optional assignment but no later than the day following the last day of the Major League championship season. See Rule 11(a) (Definition). In the event that a Major League Club acquires a player on an optional assignment who may not be optioned under Rule 11(e), such player must report to the Major League Club. However, if such player does not have any Major League service in the current season, the Club may direct the player not to report. Players directed not to report in accordance with this Rule 11(b)(4) shall not accrue Major League salary or service.

(5) Notice to Player. A Major League Club recalling an optioned player shall give the player written notice of such recall. The notice shall be on a form approved by the Major League Executive Council. A copy of such notices shall be given to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(c) LIMITATIONS ON OPTIONAL ASSIGNMENTS. An optional assignment of a player contract shall be permitted for not more than three seasons between Major League Clubs and Minor League Clubs; provided that if the player is optioned for less than a total of 20 days in one season, as determined by the date(s) of the optional assignment(s) and recall(s), respectively, the player shall not be charged with an optional transfer in connection with the foregoing limitation.

EXCEPTION: Contracts of Major League players who, prior to commencement of the current season, have been credited with less than five seasons in the Major and Minor Leagues (excluding service on the Military, Disqualified, Restricted, Voluntarily Retired and Ineligible Lists) shall be eligible for a fourth optional assignment during that season. For purposes of this Rule 11(c), 90 days or more on the Active List during a championship season shall constitute a “season of service.” While time spent on any Inactive List shall not be counted toward the 90 days required before a season’s service is credited, if a player is placed on the Injured List after the player has been credited with 30 or more days of service in any particular season, the Injured List time shall be counted to the player’s credit.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 11(c) to 11(h)

No optional agreement shall be permitted between Major League Clubs. No optional assignment shall be permitted for a player unless the player is under contract for service in the season for which the optional agreement is effective.

If, prior to an optional assignment, a player had at least three months active service in a Minor League classification, the player may not be optionally assigned to a lower classification unless the player is paid at the salary rate for the higher classification from which the player entered the Major Leagues.

(d) NUMBER. The maximum number of optional agreements that any Major League Club may have in effect at any one time shall be 16.

(e) CLOSED PERIOD. No player shall be transferred to a Minor League Club on an optional assignment during the period from the close of the regularly scheduled season of the optionee Club, including playoffs, and the first permissible date in Spring Training for the next season as determined under the terms of the Basic Agreement.

Nothing herein nor in the rules of any Minor League shall be construed as prohibiting a Major League Club from assigning a player’s contract to a Minor League Club at any time for the purpose of injury rehabilitation as provided in Rule 9(f).

(f) SALARY ARREARS. A Club assigning the contract of a player optionally shall be responsible to such player for salary due to the player.

(g) SALARY ON OPTION OR RECALL. Upon optional assignment, a player shall be paid at the rate stated in the player’s Major League contract for Minor League service, or at the minimum Minor League service rate set forth in the Basic Agreement, whichever is applicable. Upon the recall of an optional player, the player’s contract with the recalling Club, which was the subject of the optional assignment, shall be in full force and effect as to all of its terms and conditions.

(h) SALARY BETWEEN SEASON OPENINGS. A Club that, after contracting with a player for a season, makes an optional assignment of such contract to a Minor League Club whose championship season commences after that of the assigning Club must pay the player at the rate of the player’s assigned contract from the time it would have become effective (but for the assignment) up to the day the player’s salary starts with the player’s new Club, provided the player promptly reports and gives service to the Club to which the player’s contract is assigned. A Club that assigns a
player's contract optionally to a Minor League Club whose championship season commences prior to start of the assignor Club's season must pay the player at the rate of salary for service with the assignee from the date the player reports to the assignee Club.

(i) PLAYER LOANS.

(1) Prohibited at Major League Level. All right or claim of a Major League Club to a player, unless it is under an optional agreement approved by the Commissioner, shall cease upon outright assignment to another organization. No arrangement between Clubs for the loan or return of a player shall be binding between the parties to it or recognized by other Clubs. This Rule 11(i) does not authorize the selection of such players, or other players, from an owned or affiliated Club under Rule 5.

(2) Permitted at Minor League Level. With the prior approval of the Commissioner, Clubs may arrange for the loan and return, prior to November 1 of the same year, for players under Minor League contracts during the championship season.

(j) REACQUIRING PLAYER.

(1) If the player's contract has been assigned outright by a Major League Club to a Minor League Club, the player's contract may be reacquired at any time during the year by the assignor Major League Club without restrictions, except:

(A) during the closed period set forth in Rule 9(b); or

(B) within 10 days from the date of the most recent assignment to the Minor League Club, if the assignment was made during the championship season.

(2) The restriction in Rule 11(j)(1)(B) shall not apply, and a Major League Club may reacquire for immediate service the contract of an outrighted player prior to the expiration of the 10-day period from the date of the most recent assignment to the Minor League Club, if the Major League Club obtains prior approval from the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee and one of the following conditions applies:

(A) the outrighted player's contract is being reacquired for the purpose of replacing on a Club's Active List a player placed on a Major League Injured List, the Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, the Paternity List, or the Restricted List pursuant to Major League Baseball's Joint Drug Prevention and
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 11(j) to 12(b)

Treatment Program or Joint Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault and Child Abuse Policy subsequent to the date the outrighted player's contract had been assigned to the assignee Club;

(B) the outrighted player is being assigned to the Active List of another Major League Club.

(3) In the event that a player has Major League options remaining at the time of the player's optional assignment to a Minor League Club and the contract is reacquired by the assignor Club after 20 or more days of the Major League championship season have elapsed from the date of the assignment, such player shall be credited with a Major League option.

(4) A player will not be credited with a year's optional service until commencement of that year's closed period prohibiting optional assignment of player contracts, regardless of the number of times the player's contract may be optioned during that year.

(5) No player shall be credited with more than one season of optional service in a single season regardless of the number of times the player's contract may be assigned optionally for service in a single season.

(6) No Club shall be charged with more than one optional assignment of a player's contract regardless of the number of times the contract is optionally assigned for service in a single season.

Rule 12

TRANSFER AGREEMENTS

(a) REQUIREMENTS. The Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall prescribe the form of assignments and no such transaction shall be recognized as valid unless approved by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.

(b) PENALTIES. Penalties may be imposed in case anything except the actual consideration, terms and conditions are stipulated or in case agreements are made that are not embodied in the document as filed. Penalties shall also be imposed in the event a player plays in a game for the assignor Club after notice of the player's assignment or pending assignment on any basis has been given to the press for announcement. Such penalties shall be imposed by the Commissioner and the amount shall be subject to the Commissioner's judgment.

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MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 12(c) to 12(e)

(e) PROMULGATION. Assignments and optional agreements shall be promulgated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.

Assignment agreements shall be executed whenever title to a player's services is transferred from one Club to another under any condition—outright, optionally, by waiver claim, by selection, by recall of an optional player, or by injury rehabilitation assignment. Official notice of such transfer, and in the case of unconditional release, shall in each instance promptly be given by the Club to the player, the President of the Minor League Association in the case of a Minor League player and the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in case of a Major League player.

(d) PAYMENT. All payments by a claiming Club must accompany agreement papers on all transactions in which a player's contract has been assigned on waiver claim. Failure to include such payments may result in a fine.

Payments for all other transactions may not be deferred for more than one year from the date of assignment. Any agreement providing for the deferral of payment beyond one year shall subject the offending parties to such penalties as the Commissioner in the Commissioner's judgment shall deem proper.

(e) CONSIDERATION MUST BE IN DEFINITE TERMS.

(1) (A) Every transfer agreement shall express the consideration for the transfer in definite terms, unless Rule 12(e)(1)(B) applies.

(B) If a transfer agreement includes the assignment of a Major League Uniform Player's Contract that includes unearned performance bonuses, then the assignor and assignee Club may include in such transfer agreement cash consideration that is contingent upon the player earning all or a portion of such performance bonuses. The transfer agreement must state with specificity all performance-bonus contingencies. The assignor and assignee Club are not permitted to alter their respective responsibilities to the player to pay performance bonuses. Such responsibilities to the player are covered by the standard-form Major League Uniform Player’s Contract. See MLR 9(c) (Assignee Club’s Responsibility for Bonus Provisions in Player’s Contract).

(2) A transfer agreement may provide for the assignment of the contract of an unnamed player, provided:

(A) the assignment must be made on or before a specified date, which shall be within six months from the date of the agreement;
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 12(e) to 12(h)

(B) the agreement permits a stated cash consideration in lieu of the assignment;

(C) the player has not been on the Active List of any Major League Club during any part of a championship season (and, if applicable, the postseason) between the date of the agreement and the date of the assignment;

(D) if the player was selected in the immediately preceding First-Year Player Draft he would otherwise be eligible to be assigned pursuant to Rule 3(b)(6) at the time of the original agreement in which he was the unnamed player; and

(E) the player was not a designated player when named.

(f) TRANSFERS—WHEN VOID. The death or permanent incapacitation of a player following assignment of the player’s contract, or the player’s failure to report to the assignee Club, shall not void the assignment, unless the agreement provides otherwise.

In the event of the bona fide retirement of a player following assignment of the player’s contract, the player shall be placed on the Voluntarily Retired List of the assignee Club, unless the agreement provides otherwise.

A player who enters the Armed Forces after assignment of the player’s contract and before the date the player normally would report to the assignee Club shall be placed on the Military List of the Assignee Club, unless the agreement provides otherwise.

(g) SALARY BETWEEN SEASON OPENINGS. A Club that, after commencement of its championship season, assigns a player’s contract to a Club whose season commences after that of the assigning Club, must pay the player at the rate of the player’s assigned contract up to the day the player’s salary with the player’s new Club begins, provided the player promptly reports to the latter.

(h) TRANSPORTATION. A Club assigning the contract of a player in its active service to another Major League Club or to a Minor League Club shall, at the time of notifying the player of the assignment, deliver to the player transportation to the city designated by the assignee Club and the assignee Club shall reimburse the assignor within 10 days for the cost of such transportation.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 13(a) to 13(c)

Rule 13

SUSPENDED PLAYERS

(a) MISCONDUCT OR INSUBORDINATION.

(1) Suspension by Club. A Major or Minor League Club may suspend a player that it has under a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract or Minor League Uniform Player Contract for insubordination or other misconduct or for violation by the player of any regulation or other provision of the player’s contract. At its discretion, the Major or Minor League Club with which the player is under contract may impose a reasonable fine and deduct the amount of the fine from the player’s salary or may suspend the player without salary for a reasonable period, or both. Written notice of the fine, or suspension, or both, and of the reason for the fine and/or suspension shall in every case be given to the player. During the period of suspension the player shall be ineligible to play with any other Major or Minor League Club.

(2) Suspension by Minor League or Minor League Association. A Minor League or Minor League Association may discipline a player assigned to such Minor League if authorized by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to consider discipline as a general matter in such circumstances, including, without limitation, pursuant to any on-field behavior policy promulgated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee. Such discipline may include a fine and/or suspension. Written notice of the fine, or suspension, or both, and of the reason for the fine and/or suspension shall in every case be given to the player. During the period of suspension the player shall be ineligible to play with any other Minor League Club.

(b) PLAYER NOT IN CONDITION. A player under a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract or Minor League Uniform Player Contract who fails to get into playing condition within 60 days after the commencement of the training season of the player’s Club may be suspended without pay until the player is in condition to play.

(c) APPEAL. A player suspended by a Major or Minor League Club or a Major or Minor League for a term longer than 10 days shall have the right to appeal to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may order the player’s reinstatement and afford the player adequate redress if the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee holds that the punishment is excessive or not merited.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 14(a) to 15(a)

Rule 14

RETIRED PLAYERS

(a) APPLICATION. A player under a Major League Uniform Player's Contract or a Minor League Uniform Player Contract who desires to retire from the profession shall make written application to the player's Major or Minor League Club, stating fully the player's reasons for retiring. The Major League Club shall forward the application and the Club's recommendation to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee. If the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee deems it proper to do so, the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee may grant an application for voluntary retirement upon the conditions set forth in this Rule 14 and upon such other terms and conditions as the facts and circumstances may warrant, in the judgment of the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee. However, no player shall be reinstated within 60 calendar days of the championship season or seasons from the date that the player filed the application for voluntary retirement with the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.

(b) PLAYING WHILE RETIRED. If a voluntarily retired player, during the player's retirement, shall desire to play baseball for hire, otherwise than for the Major or Minor League Club entitled to the player's services, the player shall first obtain written consent of the player's Club. The player then must file an application with the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee requesting permission to play otherwise than for the Major or Minor League Club to which the player is under contract. The player's application shall specify the teams with and against which the player desires to play, and their locations, and shall be transmitted with the player's Club's consent to the Commissioner for approval or denial.

Rule 15

RESTRICTED, DISQUALIFIED AND INELIGIBLE LISTS

(a) RESTRICTED LIST. If, without permission from a player's Major or Minor League Club, a player fails, within 10 days of the opening of the player's Club's championship season, to report to, or contract with, the player's Club, the player may be reported by the Club to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee for placement on the "Restricted List." A player on the Restricted List shall not be eligible to play for any Major or Minor League Club.

Before the start of the championship season but not before January 1, a Major or Minor League Club also may report for placement on the
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 15(a) to 15(d)

Restricted List any player, whether or not under contract for the current season, who has given the Club written or electronic notification that the player will not report until 30 days or more after the opening of the championship season. Requests to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall be accompanied by the notification which the Club received from the player.

The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may place a Major or Minor League Reserve List player on the Restricted List if the player’s Club certifies that unusual circumstances exist.

Except with regard to players with outstanding suspensions that are required to be placed on the Restricted List upon signing with a new Club, Clubs may not report a player for placement on the Restricted List if at the time the Club signed the player the Club knew or should have known that the player would be unavailable to play for or report to the Club during the initial period of such placement.

(b) DISQUALIFIED LIST. A player who violates a player contract or reservation may be reported to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee for placement on the “Disqualified List.” A player on the Disqualified List shall not be eligible to play with any Major or Minor League Club. In addition, a player shall be placed on the Disqualified List pursuant to Rule 15(c)(2) (Ineligible List).

(c) INELIGIBLE LIST.

(1) A player or other person found guilty of misconduct or other acts mentioned in Rule 21, or convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude, may be placed on the “Ineligible List” by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. A player or other person on the Ineligible List shall not be eligible to play or associate with any Major or Minor League Club.

(2) No Major or Minor League player shall knowingly play with or against a team with which, during the current season, any ineligible player or person has had any connection. Should a player knowingly play with or against any such team, the player shall be placed on the Disqualified List.

(d) ACTION BY COMMISSIONER OR THE COMMISSIONER’S DESIGNEE. In all cases the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may determine, at any time, either on his or her own motion or at the request of a Major or Minor League, Major or Minor League Club or player, that the best interests of Baseball require that a player, Club or League official or employee, or other person, be placed on the Ineligible List and may also, in
his or her sole discretion and upon such terms and conditions as he or she may deem proper, reinstate any such person from the Ineligible List or transfer the person from the Ineligible List to the Disqualified List.

(e) PLAYER STATUS. With respect to a player under a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract:

(1) A Club’s obligations to tender and renew a contract, as set forth in paragraph 10(a) of the Major League Uniform Player’s Contract, shall apply with regard to any player who, at the applicable time, is on the Restricted List, or is on the Disqualified List for failure to render the player’s services to the Club. Should a Club fail to so tender or renew a contract, the player shall become a free agent without any restrictions or qualifications, and the player shall be removed from the Restricted or Disqualified List. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Player who properly has been placed on the Restricted List for a violation of the Joint Drug Program shall be eligible to become a free agent as provided in Article XX of the Basic Agreement, if otherwise qualified as set forth therein, but shall remain on the Restricted List until he completes his suspension.

(2) With regard to any player who is on the Disqualified List for a reason other than stated in Rule 15(e)(1), or is on the Suspended, Ineligible, Voluntarily Retired or Military List, a Club shall not be obligated to tender or renew a contract until the player is removed from such list and reinstated to active status. If a player is removed from such list during a period beginning on November 22 and extending through the next championship season, the Club shall tender a contract to the player within 10 days following such removal. Thereafter, should the Club and the player agree upon the terms of a new contract within 10 days after the player’s receipt of the tendered contract, the Club shall be obligated, within the next five days, to renew the player’s prior Major League contract, provided, however, that if the tender is made during the period beginning on November 22 and ending on the next March 1, the renewal period shall be as set forth in paragraph 10(a) of the Major League Uniform Player’s Contract. Should a Club fail to tender or renew a contract as provided in this paragraph, the player shall become a free agent without any restrictions or qualifications.

(3) A player on the Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible List:

(A) shall not be unconditionally released, and

(B) shall not be entitled to salary while on any such list, nor after reinstatement from any such list, until such date (not exceeding 30 days after reinstatement) as the player is in condition
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES  
MLR 15(e) to 16(a)

to participate in championship games to the satisfaction of the player’s Club, unless the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee approves otherwise in regard to a player on the Restricted or Disqualified Lists.

(f) EFFECT ON PLAYER LIMITS. A player on the Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible List shall be excluded from all player limits until the player is reinstated.

(g) RESERVATIONS. A player on the Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible List may be reserved as such for two consecutive years. At the expiration of that two-year period, the player need not be reported on the player’s Major or Minor League Club’s annual Reserve List and will automatically be transferred to a General Restricted List, General Disqualified List or General Ineligible List.

(h) PROMULGATION. Whenever a player is placed on the Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible List, such fact shall be promulgated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to all Major League Clubs in the form of a transaction bulletin.

(i) ASSIGNMENT. The contract of a player on the Restricted or Disqualified List may be assigned, but the assignee Club shall assume all responsibility for the player’s reporting. The contract of a player on the Ineligible List may not be assigned except with the permission of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

Rule 16

REINSTATEMENT OF PLAYERS

(a) APPLICATION. Any player on the Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible List may apply for reinstatement, or to have the player’s status changed, upon the conditions stated in this Rule 16. Any Major or Minor League Club having a player on the Restricted List may apply for the player’s reinstatement. Such application shall be filed with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. An application for reinstatement may be granted upon such terms and conditions as the facts may warrant in the judgment of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

If a player files an application for reinstatement from the Voluntarily Retired, Disqualified or Ineligible Lists after February 1 of any year, the player’s Major or Minor League Club shall be entitled to 30 days’ written notice prior to the player’s reinstatement. No application for reinstatement
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 16(a) to 16(d)

shall be received from a Voluntarily Retired player within 60 playing days of the player’s retirement. No Major League player on the Voluntarily Retired or Ineligible Lists shall be reinstated during the period from August 1 to and including October 31. No Major League player on the Disqualified List shall be reinstated during the period from August 1 to and including October 31, unless the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee has approved the reinstatement. No Major League player on the Restricted List shall be reinstated during the period from August 1 to and including October 31, unless the Restricted List placement had followed a Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List placement pursuant to Rule 2(n) (Major League Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List), had followed a Major League Paternity List Placement pursuant to Rule 2(o) or had been made pursuant to the Major or Minor League Drug Treatment and Prevention Programs, or the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee has approved the reinstatement. No Minor League player on the Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible Lists shall be reinstated during the period from August 1 until the conclusion of the Minor League championship season and playoffs, unless the Restricted List placement had been made pursuant to the Major or Minor League Drug Treatment and Prevention Programs, or the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee has approved the reinstatement.

(b) PLAYER ON RESTRICTED LIST. A Restricted List player shall be reinstated immediately upon receipt of application for reinstatement, in writing or by approved electronic means, from the player’s Major or Minor League Club.

(c) PLAYER ON VOLUNTARILY RETIRED, DISQUALIFIED OR INELIGIBLE LIST. Upon proper application, a player on the Voluntarily Retired, Disqualified or Ineligible List may be reinstated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. However, in the case of an Ineligible List player, no such application may be made until after the lapse of one year from date of placement on the Ineligible List.

(d) PLAYER LIMITS. A player reinstated from the Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible List between the mandatory spring training reporting date and the conclusion of the championship season shall not count against the player limits of the Major or Minor League Club to which the player is reinstated until such date (not exceeding 30 days after reinstatement) as the player is in condition to participate in championship games to the satisfaction of the player’s Club. A player reinstated from such a List between the conclusion of a championship season and the mandatory
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 16(d) to 17(e)

spring training reporting date shall not count against the player limits of the Major or Minor League Club to which the player is reinstated until the fourteenth calendar day following reinstatement.

(e) REINSTATEMENT BEFORE RELEASE. A Player on the Military, Restricted, Disqualified or Ineligible Lists must be reinstated before the player can be released unconditionally. A player on the Voluntarily Retired List may be unconditionally released if both approval of the Commissioner and any applicable waivers are first obtained.

Rule 17

PLAYER SALARIES

(a) FIRST-YEAR PLAYER. If a Club is assigned a non-drafted player without previous Major or Minor League experience within the first season of the player’s service and the Club does not assume the salary stipulated in the player’s original contract to the close of the contract’s term, the player shall be declared a free agent.

(b) PART-SEASON SALARY. A player who is in the service of a Club for part of a season only, under a contract fixing a salary at a stipulated rate for the season, shall receive such proportion of the stipulated season’s salary as the number of days of the player’s actual employment bears to the number of days in the Club’s championship season.

(c) DELAY IN REPORTING. A player who fails to report for spring training as directed by the player’s Club in accordance with the player’s contract shall be required to get in playing condition to the satisfaction of the team manager, and at his own expense, before the player’s salary shall commence.

(d) MINIMUM SALARY. The minimum rate of payment to each player for each day of service during the Major League season shall be as agreed in the current Basic Agreement between the Major League Clubs and the Players Association.

Minimum rates of payment for a player under a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract assigned to a Minor League Club for service shall be as set forth in the current Basic Agreement.

(e) RENEWAL OF CONTRACT. Upon request by a Major League player to the Commissioner, the Commissioner may, on such conditions as he stipulates, consent to such player accepting a renewal of his contract at a salary rate less than eighty (80) percent of the rate stipulated for the
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 17(e) to 18(b)

preceding year, providing the salary rate is mutually agreed upon between the club and the player prior to January 10 and providing the request for consent to accept such salary is made by the player and received by the Commissioner prior to January 10.

Rule 18

PLAYING OTHERWISE THAN FOR CLUB

(a) WINTER LEAGUES. The Major League Clubs may establish one or more Winter Leagues. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may, on behalf of the Major League Clubs, enter into an agreement or agreements with one or more Winter Leagues or associations of Winter Leagues. Such agreements shall set forth the relationship between the Major League Clubs and such Winter Leagues and Winter League clubs and shall set forth the terms and conditions under which Major League players and Minor League players under contract to Major League Clubs may participate in Winter League play.

(b) EXHIBITION GAMES. No player shall participate in any exhibition game during the period between the close of the Major League championship season and the following training season, except that, with the consent of the player’s Club and permission of the Commissioner, a player may participate in exhibition games for a period of not less than 30 days, such period to be designated annually by the Commissioner. Players who participate in barnstorming during this period cannot engage in any Winter League activities.

Player conduct, on and off the field, in connection with such post-season exhibition games shall be subject to the discipline of the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall not approve of more than three players of any one Club on the same team. The Commissioner shall not approve of more than three players from the joint membership of the World Series participants playing in the same game.

No player shall participate in any exhibition game with or against any team which, during the current season or within one year, has had any ineligible player or which is or has been during the current season or within one year, managed and controlled by an ineligible player or by any person who has listed an ineligible player under an assumed name or who otherwise has violated, or attempted to violate, any exhibition game contract; or with or against any team which, during said season or within one year, has played against teams containing such ineligible players, or so managed or controlled. Any player who participates in such a game in violation of this Rule 18 shall be fined not less than $50 nor more than $500, except that in
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 18(b) to 19(b)

no event shall such fine be less than the consideration received by such player for participating in such game.

No Club shall participate in any exhibition game with any club that has been expelled or terminated from membership in a Major or Minor League.

(c) PENALTY. A player who, during the championship season, participates in a game of Baseball with a Club other than the one with which the player has contracted, shall be fined such amount as may be determined by the Commissioner.

(d) ALL-STAR GAME. No Major League player shall participate in any all-star game, except the official Major League All-Star Game, in the period from the beginning of the training period to the end of the regular season.

No exhibition games shall be played by any Club following the Sunday immediately preceding the All-Star Game until the day following the completion of the All-Star Game.

(e) HALL OF FAME GAME. On a date designated by the Directors of the National Baseball Hall of Fame and Museum, Inc., subject to the approval of the Commissioner, two Major League Clubs may play in an exhibition game at Cooperstown, New York, under the auspices of the National Baseball Hall of Fame and Museum, Inc. The participating Clubs shall be selected by the Commissioner. Each participating Club's reasonable expenses incurred as a result of the Club's having played the Hall of Fame game shall be reimbursed by the Office of the Commissioner.

(f) FOREIGN LEAGUES. Provisions covering a player's participation in certain foreign leagues, including Japan, Korea, Taiwan, and China (and a Japanese, Korean, Taiwanese, or Chinese player's participation in the Major or Minor Leagues) are embodied in protocol agreements available in Clubs' offices. Details also may be obtained from the Commissioner's Office.

Rule 19

UMPIRES AND OFFICIAL SCORERS

(a) STAFFING. The Commissioner shall employ a staff of umpires to officiate Major League games. Each Major League Club shall accept the umpire or umpires assigned by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee for any game.

(b) DUTIES. The umpires assigned by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall be responsible for the conduct of all championship season, Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 19(b) to 19(d)

Series and World Series games, as well as the All-Star Game, according to the Official Baseball Rules, as described in Rule 25. The umpires shall know thoroughly and obey meticulously the instructions of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee as to the mechanics and manner of performing their duties. The umpires shall be thoroughly familiar with and alert to the duties and responsibilities placed on the umpires by the Major League Rules and shall know and follow the interpretations of the Official Baseball Rules of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee.

(c) CONTROL OF EMPLOYMENT. All Major League umpires shall be under the sole control and direction of the Commissioner. They shall receive from the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee all assignments to duty and all instructions regarding the interpretation of the Official Baseball Rules and performance of their duties. If an umpire does not perform an assignment, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may impose such penalty as the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may deem adequate.

(d) OFFICIAL SCORERS. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall appoint official scorers for each Major League Club.

The official scorer for each Major League game shall observe the game from a position in the press box. Subject to the Official Baseball Rules, the official scorer shall have sole authority to make all decisions involving judgment, such as whether a batter’s advance to first base is the result of a hit or an error. The official scorer shall communicate such decisions to the press box and broadcasting booths and shall advise the ballpark public address announcer of such decisions, if requested. Club officials and players are prohibited from communicating with the official scorer regarding any such decisions.

A player or club may request that the Chief Baseball Officer review a judgment call of an official scorer made in a game in which such player or club participated by notifying the Office of the Commissioner in writing within 72 hours of the judgment call becoming final as provided in Official Baseball Rule 9.01.

After each Major League game, including drawn and forfeited games, the official scorer shall prepare a report listing the date of the game, where it was played, the names of the competing Clubs and the umpires, the full score of the games, and all records of individual players compiled according to the system specified in the Official Baseball Rules. The official scorer shall forward this report to the Commissioner’s Office statistician within 36 hours.
after the game ends. The official scorer shall forward the report of any suspended game within 36 hours after the game has been completed, or after it becomes an official game because it cannot be completed.

Official scorers shall be paid such fees as the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may determine. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall have authority to discipline or remove any official scorer.

(e) UMPIRE CLAIMS. The Commissioner shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine finally any claim affecting a Major League umpire’s contract or salary upon appeal by the umpire. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall also have jurisdiction to hear and determine finally any controversy respecting title to an umpire’s services.

(f) UMPIRES ACTING AS SCOUTS. No Major or Minor League umpire shall receive or be offered money or other valuable consideration for services rendered or to be rendered, or supposed to be or to have been rendered, in connection with the acquisition of players by any Club. An umpire or Club violating this Rule 19 shall be fined double the amount received or offered, but in no event shall such fine be less than $500.

Rule 20

CONFLICTING INTERESTS

(a) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL INTERESTS. No Club, or owner, stockholder, officer, director or employee (including manager or player) of a Club, shall, directly or indirectly, own stock or any other proprietary interest or have any financial interest in any other Club in its League, other than:

(i) on a transitional basis as approved by the Commissioner in connection with the acquisition by a Major League Club owner or stockholder of an interest in another Major League Club;

(ii) a Major League Club owner or stockholder that is an investment vehicle that owns less than a 15% passive, non-controlling interest in each Major League Club in which it owns an interest;

(iii) a direct or indirect owner of any investment vehicle referenced in clause (ii) above; or

(iv) as a result of the ownership by a Major League Club owner, stockholder, officer, director or employee of either (x) a less than 5% interest in the stock of a diversified publicly-traded company one of the
assets of which is another Major League Club or (y) a less than 5% limited partnership or other non-managing interest (unless otherwise permitted by clause (ii) or (iii) above) in a diversified investment vehicle that owns an interest in another Major League Club, subject in all events to the Commissioner's determination as to whether owning or having such an interest in more than one Club in its League would or would not be in the best interests of Baseball.

(b) LOANS TO AND RELATIONSHIPS WITH PLAYERS. No Club, or owner, stockholder, officer, director or employee (including manager or player) of a Club, shall, directly or indirectly, loan money to or become surety or guarantor for a player of any other Club in any League, nor be an agent or representative of any player in any League. In the event of an assignment of a player's contract to another Club, any debt outstanding between the assignor Club and the player must be settled before there can be a public announcement, before the player can physically report, and before the assignment can be finally approved. All particulars of said debt, whether it is provided for in the contract between the player and the assignor Club or not, must be divulged to the assignee Club before formal negotiations commence. Repayment of that debt must be made by the player to the assignor Club, or the debt may be assumed by the assignee Club in which instance the monies due and owing to the assignor Club now or in the future must be paid on the passing of the contract to the assignee Club. In all instances the assignment papers must reveal all the details of the debt and the arrangements for satisfying same. Loans made against accrued or future deferred compensation must be satisfied in the same manner as any other loan before the contract can pass. No assignment of a contract will be accepted and approved by the Commissioner's Office if the assignment stipulates that the assignor Club will remain the final guarantor of a contract, or a loan obligation of the player to any third party, after the contract is assigned to another Club. No Club, or owner, stockholder, officer, director or employee (including manager or player) of a Club shall, directly or indirectly, own stock or any other proprietary interest or otherwise have any financial interest in any entity that advances or loans money to, or otherwise invests in, a player in any League in exchange for a share of such player's future earnings.

(c) LOANS TO CLUBS AND OTHER INDIVIDUALS. No Club, or owner, stockholder, officer, director or employee (including manager or player) of a Club shall, directly or indirectly, loan money to or become surety or guarantor for any Club, officer, employee or umpire of its, his or
her League, unless all facts of the transaction shall first have been fully disclosed to all other Clubs in that League, and also to the Commissioner, and the transaction has been approved by them.

(d) LEAGUE OFFICIALS. No officer, employee or umpire of a League shall, directly or indirectly, own stock or any other proprietary interest or have any financial interest in any Club of his or her League, or loan money to or become surety or guarantor for any such Club, except that owning an interest in any such Club as a result of any such person's investment in a diversified mutual or pension fund and/or ownership of a limited partnership or similar non-managing interest in a diversified investment vehicle that is not publicly traded shall be permissible, unless the Commissioner determines that any such investment or ownership would not be in the best interests of Baseball.

(e) WITHIN CLUB. No manager or player on a Club shall, directly or indirectly, own stock or any other proprietary interest or have any financial interest in the Club by which the manager or player is employed except under an agreement approved by the Commissioner, which agreement shall provide for the immediate sale (and the terms thereof) of such stock or other proprietary interest or financial interest in the event of the manager or player's transfer (if a player or playing manager) to or joining another Club. A manager or player having any such interest in the Club by which the manager or player is employed shall be ineligible to play for or manage any other Club in that League while, in the opinion of the Commissioner, such interest is retained by or for the manager or player, directly or indirectly.

(f) WINTER LEAGUES. No Major League Club or Minor League Club shall, directly or indirectly, own stock or have any other proprietary or financial interest in a Winter League or Winter League Club, nor may any Major League or Minor League Club loan money to or become a surety or guarantor for any Club, officer, employee or umpire of a Winter League Club or of a Winter League itself.

(g) APPLICATION TO MAJOR LEAGUE CLUBS. As used in this Rule 20, with respect to a Major League or Major League Club, “League” shall mean both the American League and the National League.

(h) INFORMATION TO COMMISSIONER. On or before the first day of the playing season and on such subsequent dates as the information may be requested, each Club shall certify in writing the following information, to the Commissioner:
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 20(h) to 21(a)

(1) A list of the name, address and amount of ownership interest of each owner of stock or other proprietary interest in the filing Club. If the filing Club is a corporation, the list shall state the number of shares of stock held by each stockholder.

(2) A list of the names and addresses of the officers and directors of the filing Club.

(3) A list (or an indication on the list of stockholders or owners of the filing Club) stating the kind and amount of each ownership of stock or other proprietary or financial interest in the filing Club by any other Club or by any stockholder, owner, officer, director or employee (including manager or player) of any other Club, to the best knowledge and belief of the filing Club.

(4) A list stating the kind and amount of each ownership of stock or other proprietary or financial interest in any other Club by the filing Club or by any stockholder, owner, officer, director or employee (including manager or player) of the filing Club, to the best knowledge and belief of the filing Club.

(5) Each and every agreement and understanding covering the operation of any other Club either in whole or in part by the filing Club, with a certified copy of such agreement.

(6) Each and every agreement and understanding covering the operation of the filing Club in whole or to any extent by any other Club.

(7) Each and every agreement and understanding covering payment by the filing Club to any other Club, of any loss or deficits or share of the profits of any Club.

(8) Each and every agreement and understanding giving any other Club the right to acquire the contract of any player on the filing Club or to be consulted respecting the player’s transfer or release, unless such right be covered by a regulation form optional agreement duly filed.

Rule 21

MISCONDUCT

(a) MISCONDUCT IN PLAYING BASEBALL. Any player or person connected with a Club who shall promise or agree to lose, or to attempt to lose, or to fail to give his best efforts towards the winning of any baseball game with which he is or may be in any way concerned, or who shall
intentionally lose or attempt to lose, or intentionally fail to give his best efforts towards the winning of any such baseball game, or who shall solicit or attempt to induce any player or person connected with a Club to lose or attempt to lose, or to fail to give his best efforts towards the winning of any baseball game with which such other player or person is or may be in any way concerned, or who, being solicited by any person, shall fail to inform the Commissioner (in the case of a player or person associated with a Major League Club) or the President of the Minor League Association (in the case of a player or person associated with an independent Minor League Club) immediately of such solicitation, and of all facts and circumstances connected therewith, shall be declared permanently ineligible.

(b) GIFT FOR DEFEATING COMPETING CLUB. Any player or person connected with a Club who shall offer or give any gift or reward to a player or person connected with another Club for services rendered or supposed to be or to have been rendered in defeating or attempting to defeat a competing Club, and any player or person connected with a Club who shall solicit or accept from a player connected with another Club any gift or reward for any such services rendered, or supposed to have been rendered, or who, having been offered any such gift or reward, shall fail to inform the Commissioner or the President of the Minor League Association, as the case may be, immediately of such offer, and of all facts and circumstances connected therewith, shall be declared ineligible for not less than three years.

(c) GIFTS TO UMPIRES. Any player or person connected with a Club who shall give, or offer to give, any gift or reward to an umpire for services rendered, or supposed to be or to have been rendered, in defeating or attempting to defeat a competing Club, or for the umpire's decision on anything connected with the playing of a baseball game, and any umpire who shall render, or promise or agree to render, any such decision otherwise than on its merits, or who shall solicit or accept such gift or reward for any such service or decision, or who, having been offered any such gift or reward, or, having been solicited to render any such decision otherwise than on its merits, shall fail to inform the Commissioner or the President of the Minor League Association, as the case may be, immediately of such offer or solicitation, and all facts and circumstances connected therewith, shall be declared permanently ineligible.

(d) GAMBLING.

(1) Any player, umpire, or Club or League official or employee, who shall bet any sum whatsoever upon any baseball game in connection with which the bettor has no duty to perform, shall be declared ineligible for one year.
(2) Any player, umpire, or Club or League official or employee, who shall bet any sum whatsoever upon any baseball game in connection with which the bettor has a duty to perform, shall be declared permanently ineligible.

(3) Any player, umpire, or Club or League official or employee who places bets with illegal book makers, or agents for illegal book makers, shall be subject to such penalty as the Commissioner deems appropriate in light of the facts and circumstances of the conduct. Any player, umpire, or Club or League official or employee who operates or works for an illegal bookmaking business shall be subject to a minimum of a one-year suspension by the Commissioner. For purposes of this provision, an illegal bookmaker is an individual who accepts, places or handles wagers on sporting events from members of the public as part of a gaming operation that is unlawful in the jurisdiction in which the bets are accepted.

(e) VIOLENCE OR MISCONDUCT. In case of any physical attack or other violence upon an umpire by a player, or by an umpire upon a player, or of other misconduct by an umpire or a player, during or in connection with any Major or Minor League game or any exhibition game of a Major or Minor League Club, the Commissioner shall impose upon the offender or offenders such fine, suspension, ineligibility or other penalty, as the facts may warrant in the judgment of the Commissioner.

(f) OTHER MISCONDUCT. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as exclusively defining or otherwise limiting acts, transactions, practices or conduct not to be in the best interests of Baseball; and any and all other acts, transactions, practices or conduct not to be in the best interests of Baseball are prohibited and shall be subject to such penalties, including permanent ineligibility, as the facts in the particular case may warrant.

(g) NO DISCRIMINATION. The provisions of these Major League Rules shall be applied to all individuals covered by the Rules without regard to race, color, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, or any other classification protected under Federal Law.

(h) RULE TO BE KEPT POSTED. A printed copy in English and Spanish of this Rule 21 shall be kept posted in each clubhouse.
CLAIM PRESENTATION

(a) DISCIPLINE. All Clubs and players shall submit themselves to the discipline of the Commissioner as provided in the Major League Constitution and accept the Commissioner’s decisions rendered in accordance with the Major League Constitution and these Rules.

(b) DISPUTES. All disputes between players and Clubs shall be referred to the Commissioner and the Commissioner’s decisions shall be accepted by all parties as final. Negotiations between player and Club regarding the player’s compensation under the player’s contract shall not be referable to the Commissioner.

(c) TIME FOR PRESENTATION. Any disputed monetary claim, claim for free agency or complaint which any party may desire to submit for consideration, action or decision by the Commissioner must be presented within one year from the date the claim arose.

HOLIDAYS

Except as otherwise may be provided in the Basic Agreement or Major League Rules, whenever, by the terms of a player’s contract, or of the Major League Constitution or Rules, a particular act or thing is required to be done on or before a designated date, and said date falls on a Sunday, or on a January 1, Memorial Day, July 4, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas or any legal holiday, the following business day shall be substituted.

SUSPENDED PERSONNEL

(a) DISCIPLINE.

(1) By the Commissioner or a Club. Both the Commissioner and a Club are entitled to discipline any manager, trainer, coach, scout, or other personnel who is not a player, in case of a violation of contract, the Major League Constitution, the Major League Rules, the Commissioner’s regulations, or other rules, policies and guidelines. Such discipline may include fining, dismissing, releasing, suspending or
expelling the offender. Any Club dismissing, releasing, suspending or expelling any such person shall at once notify the Commissioner's Office in writing stating the cause of such action.

(2) By a Minor League or Minor League Association. A Minor League or Minor League Association may discipline any manager, trainer, coach or other personnel who is not a player and who is assigned to such Minor League if so authorized by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee to consider discipline as a general matter in such circumstances, including, without limitation, pursuant to any on-field behavior policy promulgated by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee. Such discipline may include a fine and/or suspension. Written notice of the fine, or suspension, or both, and of the reason for the fine and/or suspension shall in every case be given to the person disciplined.

(b) APPEALS. In the event a Club, Minor League or Minor League Association suspends a person who is not a player for a period in excess of 10 days, or fines such a person in excess of $10,000, such person shall have the right to appeal to the Commissioner. The appealing person must exercise this right to appeal, if at all, within 30 days of the Club action, by filing a written statement with the Commissioner stating that an appeal is being taken and describing the reasons in support of the appeal. The decision of the Commissioner on the appeal shall be final and unappealable.

(c) EFFECT. Unless prior approval of the Commissioner is granted, no person who has been suspended or otherwise declared ineligible shall perform any function for any Club or any other entity related to the Clubs during the duration of the suspension or period of ineligibility.

Rule 25

UNIFORM PLAYING RULES

(a) OFFICIAL BASEBALL RULES. Major League and Minor League Clubs shall play all games according to the provisions of the Official Baseball Rules as Recodified, Amended and Adopted at New York City, December 21, 1949, and thereafter amended by the Playing Rules Committee, except as otherwise provided for in this Rule 25(a).

For any Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series or World Series game and for any additional Major League championship season game played to break a tie pursuant to Rule 33(c) (Tie-Breaking Procedures), the following modifications to the Official Baseball Rules shall apply:
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 25(a) to 25(c)

(1) Official Baseball Rules 4.04(a) (authority to call, suspend or resume a game), 7.01(c) (called game), 7.01(e) ("No Game"), 7.02(a) (causes for a suspended game) and 7.02(b) (place for resumption of a suspended game) shall not apply.

(2) Any called game, including any game that has not progressed to the point of becoming a regulation game, shall become a suspended game that shall be resumed pursuant to Official Baseball Rule 7.02(c).

(3) A suspended game shall be resumed at the same ballpark at which it had begun.

(4) The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall determine, consistent with MLR 37(b) (Postponed and Suspended Games), when a game shall be postponed, suspended or resumed on account of weather or the condition of the playing field.

(b) PLAYING RULES COMMITTEE. The Playing Rules Committee shall consist of nine members, with three members representing the American League, three members representing the National League, two at-large members and one member representing the Minor League Association. The Commissioner shall appoint the six Major League and the two at-large representatives and the President of the Minor League Association shall appoint the Minor League representative on the Playing Rules Committee. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and the President of the Minor League Association shall certify the names to the committee members to each other on or before December 15 of each year. Should any Committee member be unable to attend a Committee meeting, or vote upon a mail or electronic proposal, the Commissioner or the President of the Minor League Association, as the case may be, shall appoint a substitute to act in the member’s stead.

(c) DUTIES OF PLAYING RULES COMMITTEE.

(1) Meetings. The Playing Rules Committee shall meet, upon call by the Commissioner, the Commissioner’s designee or the President of a Minor League Association. Any Official Baseball Rule may be revised, repealed, or adopted by a two-thirds vote of the Playing Rules Committee. The Chairman of the Committee shall certify to the Commissioner any action taken at any meeting, stipulating the date on which such revision, adoption or repeal shall become effective.

(2) Voting Between Meetings. If, in the judgment of the Commissioner, a situation arises between meetings of the Playing Rules Committee under which it appears desirable to consider an amendment to an Official Playing Rule, the Commissioner shall direct the Chairman...
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 25(c) to 25(d)

to conduct a vote by mail or electronic means. Upon receipt of such
direction, the Chairman shall contact each Committee member (by mail
or by electronic communication, as directed by the Commissioner), with
a request that the member vote within a specified number of days (not
to exceed 14) on adoption of the proposed amendment. The affirmative
vote of seven members of the Playing Rules Committee shall be
required to adopt an amendment by mail or electronic vote.

(3) Experimental Rulings. The Playing Rules Committee, by
affirmative vote of not less than seven of its members, may authorize a
League or Leagues to adopt a rule that does not conform to the Official
Playing Rules. Such authorizations shall be known as “experimental
rulings” and shall be subject to the following:

(A) An application for an experimental ruling must be
certified by

(1) the Commissioner, in the case of a Major League, as
reflecting the desire of not less than three-fourths of the Clubs
making up the League; or

(2) the President of the League concerned, in the case of
a Minor League, as reflecting the desire of not less than
three-fourths of the Club Members of the League;

(B) Such an application must be received by the Playing Rules
Committee before January 1 of the year such experimental ruling is
to be effective;

(C) Not more than one experimental ruling shall be in effect in
any one League at any one time; and

(D) The Playing Rules Committee shall fix or extend the
period of time during which the experimental ruling is to be
effective; however, an experimental ruling that is not adopted as a
permanent rule after the expiration of such period must be
re-submitted to the Playing Rules Committee by any League or
Leagues wishing its continuance.

(d) OFFICIAL SCORING RULES COMMITTEE. The Official
Scoring Rules Committee shall be a subcommittee of the Playing Rules
Committee. It shall consist of seven members: the Chairman of the Playing
Rules Committee, five members to be appointed by the Commissioner, and
one member to be appointed by the President of the Minor League
Association.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 25(e) to 26(c)

(e) DUTIES OF OFFICIAL SCORING RULES COMMITTEE. The Official Scoring Rules Committee shall determine which batting, fielding and pitching records of players, teams and Leagues shall be included in the official statistical records of the Major Leagues and the Minor Leagues, and prescribe minimum standards of performance for individual batting, fielding and pitching champions of the Major Leagues and the Minor Leagues.

(f) COPYRIGHT AND PUBLICATION. The Official Baseball Rules and all amendments thereto shall be copyrighted by the Commissioner who, each year, shall publish or authorize the publication of an official edition of the Official Baseball Rules.

Rule 26

GATE RECEIPTS

(a) PAID ATTENDANCE. “Paid attendance receipts” shall be defined as the total sum of gross receipts from tickets sold to each championship season or post-season game, less any admission tax, sales tax or use tax levied on such game tickets. Only taxes that are directly assessed on individual admissions or gate receipts, and paid by the customer as part of that ticket price, are deductible. Taxes on general sources of Club income are not deductible.

(b) ASSESSMENT OF PAID ATTENDANCE RECEIPTS. Each Club shall pay to the Commissioner’s Office a percentage of paid attendance receipts for each of its home games in both the championship season and the post-season. Subject to the approval of the Major League Executive Council, the Commissioner shall annually set the percentage to be assessed and establish a reporting and payment process that provides sufficient cash flow to support all umpire-related obligations of the Commissioner’s Office.

(c) ESTABLISHING ADMISSIONS TOTAL. Self-registering turnstiles, of a style approved by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, shall be installed at every entrance to a Major League ballpark on the day a championship game or post-season game is scheduled. Each entrance and its turnstiles shall be numbered for identification. At each turnstile shall be a ticket box or appropriate electronic device.

Police personnel assigned to duty in the ballpark; employees (including managers and players) of the two contesting Major League Clubs; umpires and persons having business with either Club may enter the ballpark on the day of a game through an office entrance, but all other persons, including those entitled to free admission, shall pass in through a turnstile gate. At each paid admission gate, a portion of each patron’s ticket shall be deposited in the ticket box or registered with an appropriate electronic device.
Before the gates are opened, the home Club shall make a record of the number registered on each turnstile. When the home Club stops selling tickets for the current day’s game, all gates shall be closed, and the home Club shall make a record of the number then registered on each turnstile. The home Club shall prepare a statement listing each gate opened for the day’s game; the “opening number” and “closing number” on each turnstile; the number of admissions thus indicated at each gate, and the total number of paid admissions and free admissions. Copies of this statement shall be furnished to the visiting Club and to the Commissioner’s Office.

The visiting Club shall have the right to inspect all turnstiles before the gates are opened and to record the “opening number” on each turnstile register. The visiting Club shall have access to all entrances at all times to verify which gates are open. The visiting Club shall have the right to record the “closing number” on each turnstile register. The visiting Club shall have the right to open the ticket boxes and count the retained portions of admission tickets as a check against the turnstile count or for any other reason.

(d) FREE ADMISSIONS. The home Club may offer free admission to any championship game to such individuals or groups as it may choose. Any person presenting a pass shall be admitted free. The home Club may admit such persons absolutely free or may impose a service charge. Neither the visiting Club nor the Commissioner’s Office shall be paid for such free admissions. Should the visiting Club believe that the number of free admissions is excessive, it may ask the Commissioner to investigate the circumstances, and the Commissioner shall take such action as the Commissioner deems advisable.

A special entrance gate or gates shall be provided for all persons admitted free.

Should any such person admitted free enter through a paid admission gate, inadvertently or otherwise, the visiting Club and the Commissioner shall be paid their shares on such admission. Under no circumstances shall a paid ticket holder be admitted through a free turnstile.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 28 to 29(b)

League(s) and/or a Minor League Association(s) that has been adopted by the Minor League(s) and/or Minor League Association(s) need not be approved by the Major League Executive Council before submission to the Major League Clubs and shall be submitted to the Major League Clubs immediately upon such adoption for a vote in accordance with Article V, Section 2 of the Major League Constitution.

Rule 29

MAJOR LEAGUE DISASTER PLAN

(a) EVENT QUALIFYING AS A DISASTER. If a common accident, epidemic illness or other common event (referred to in this Rule 29 as an “occurrence”) causes the death, dismemberment or permanent injury from playing professional baseball of

(1) at least five players on a Major League Club’s Active, Injured or Suspended Lists during the period beginning with the opening date of such Club’s championship season through the conclusion of such Club’s playing season (including any post-season series); or

(2) at least six players on a Major League Club’s Major League Reserve List during the period beginning with the conclusion of such Club’s playing season (including any post-season series) up to the opening date of such Club’s next championship season

then this Rule 29 shall apply and the affected Major League Club shall be a “Disabled Club.”

(b) PROCEDURES. The following policies and procedures shall govern in the event that there is a Disabled Club or Clubs:

(1) Mourning Period. The Commissioner may, after consultation with the Major League Baseball Players Association (“Players Association”), establish a mourning period following the occurrence that leads to a Club becoming a Disabled Club, during which Major League games may be postponed or cancelled.

(2) Continuation of Disabled Club’s Season. The Commissioner shall, after consultation with the Players Association, determine whether the Disabled Club is able to continue play until the conclusion of the championship season and post-season, taking into account the date of the occurrence, the standing of the Disabled Club at the time of the occurrence, the Disabled Club’s wishes and the integrity of the game of Baseball. The Commissioner and the Players Association shall jointly resolve all scheduling issues that may arise from prolonged interruption or cancellation of the Disabled Club’s season.
(3) Restocking Draft. The Commissioner may, after consultation with the Players Association, conduct a selection meeting, at which a Disabled Club may claim the contracts of players from other Major League Clubs. Such selection meeting shall be known as a Restocking Draft or Rule 29 draft. In the event the Commissioner decides to conduct a Restocking Draft, the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall fix the time of such Restocking Draft and the procedures described in Rules 29(b)(3)(A) through 29(b)(3)(C) shall apply.

(A) Players Available.

(i) Number. Each Major League Club that is not a Disabled Club shall, on a date determined by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, submit a list of five players who shall be made available for selection by the Disabled Club at a Restocking Draft. Such lists shall be submitted by each non-Disabled Club to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, who promptly shall make such lists available to the Disabled Club. If the Restocking Draft is in response to an in-season occurrence, as described in Rule 29(a)(1), then each non-Disabled Club shall choose the five players to make available from among such Club's Major League Active List as of the date of the Disabled Club's accident, or as of a date determined by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in the event of an occurrence that is not a common accident. If the Restocking Draft is in response to an off-season occurrence, as described in Rule 29(a)(2), then each non-Disabled Club shall choose the five players to make available from among such Club's Major League Reserve List as of the date of the Disabled Club's accident, or as of a date determined by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in the event of an occurrence that is not a common accident.

(ii) Positions. Unless otherwise ordered by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, after consultation with the Players Association, each Club's list of available players for a Restocking Draft shall include one pitcher, one catcher, one outfielder, one infielder and a fifth player of any position. The Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee may, after consultation with the Players Association, modify the playing positions at which the Clubs must make players available for a Restocking Draft, depending upon the playing positions of the players lost by
the Disabled Club. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Rule 29(b)(3)(A)(ii), no Club shall be required to make available in a Restocking Draft any player who is primarily a catcher if such Club had, as of the date of the Disabled Club's accident (or as of the date determined by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee in the event of an occurrence that is not a common accident), fewer than three catchers who are otherwise eligible to be made available for selection.

(iii) Service. Subject to paragraph (b)(3)(A)(i) above, each Club that is not a Disabled Club shall include in its list of available players for a Restocking Draft at least as many players who have accrued no less than 60 days of Major League service time as of August 31 of the season preceding such Restocking Draft as the Disabled Club lost.

(iv) No-Trade Rights. Any player with a right to consent to an assignment to another Major League Club, including a player

(aa) with a contractual provision that prohibits an assignment to the Club that has become a Disabled Club;

(bb) with a contractual provision that lists Clubs to which the player may be assigned and the Club that has become a Disabled Club is not on such list; or

(ce) who has a right to consent to an assignment pursuant to Article XIX(A)(1) of the Basic Agreement (Consent to Assignment),

may not be made available for selection at a Restocking Draft, unless such player has waived such rights in writing and in accordance with the provisions of Article XIX(A)(1) of the Basic Agreement, prior to the time the lists described in Rule 29(b)(3)(A) are required to be submitted. The Club shall provide a copy of the Player's consent to the Players Association contemporaneously upon the Club's receipt of such consent.

(v) Availability. Each Club warrants that each player it makes available for selection at a Restocking Draft is physically fit, not on a Suspended, Restricted, Disqualified, or Ineligible List and capable of playing immediately upon selection by a Disabled Club.
(B) Conduct of Restocking Draft. The Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee shall fix the time and place of each Restocking Draft. A Restocking Draft may be conducted by telephone conference or other electronic means, as the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may announce in advance of such Restocking Draft. The Players Association shall have an opportunity to have a representative at any Restocking Draft. A Disabled Club shall be entitled to select as many players as it lost in the occurrence, provided that the Disabled Club may select no more than one player from each of the other Major League Clubs.

(C) Effect of Selection. Each player selected in response to an in-season occurrence, as described in Rule 29(a)(1), shall be assigned to the Major League Active List of the selecting Disabled Club. Each player selected in response to an off-season occurrence, as described in Rule 29(a)(2), shall be assigned to the Major League Reserve List of the selecting Disabled Club. Within 48 hours of selection of a player in a Restocking Draft, the Disabled Club may, in its discretion, conduct a physical examination of such player. If the player is deemed by the Disabled Club's physician not fit to play, the Disabled Club may return the player to the Club from which the player was selected and select, from among the lists submitted pursuant to Rule 29(b)(3)(A), a different player from that Club or from any other Major League Club from which the Disabled Club has yet to make a selection. If a player is returned pursuant to this Rule 29(b)(3)(C), the Club from which the player had been selected may be fined and otherwise sanctioned by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee for having made available for selection a physically unfit player.

(D) Confidentiality. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall make available only to the Disabled Club and the Players Association the names of the players whose contracts are available for selection in the Restocking Draft. The names of the players whose contracts are not thereafter selected shall be considered privileged material, and shall not be divulged by the Commissioner (or his designee), the Disabled Club or the Players Association at any time whatsoever.

(4) The Commissioner and the Players Association may agree that it is appropriate to provide other relief to a Disabled Club, including, for example, the awarding of additional selections in subsequent Rule 4 or Rule 5 drafts, priority on waiver claims for a set period of time and the modification of the deadline for naming a post-season roster.

(c) INSURANCE. The Office of the Commissioner shall exercise best efforts to maintain appropriate insurance to assist in the financial rehabilitation of a Disabled Club and other Major League Clubs affected by
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MLR 29(c) to 30(d)

the occurrence giving rise to the Disabled Club. The Commissioner shall have sole discretion over the allocation of any resulting insurance proceeds and may elect to distribute such proceeds, in whole or in part, to a Disabled Club, to Clubs that lose a player in a Restocking Draft and to other Clubs whose operations may be affected by an interruption in a Disabled Club's season.

Rule 30

FINANCES

(a) CHECKS. All money received by the Commissioner in the Commissioner's official capacity shall be deposited in such accounts as the Major League Executive Council may direct and the terms of every such deposit shall be such that no check can be honored unless it shall bear the signatures of two persons from a list of employees of the Commissioner's Office approved by the Major League Executive Council, which list shall include the Commissioner; provided, however, that the Major League Executive Council may authorize a deposit account for petty disbursements subject to the check of one person from such list.

(b) AUDIT. The audited financial statements of the Office of the Commissioner required by Article II, Section 7 of the Major League Constitution shall be prepared by a certified public accountant to be designated by the Commissioner, and a copy of such statements shall be sent by the Commissioner to each Club president.

(c) BUDGET. The proposed budget for the Office of the Commissioner required by Article II, Section 7 of the Major League Constitution shall include all items of administrative expense for the ensuing year, the salaries of the Commissioner and all general and special employees, office rent, equipment, accessories and supplies, traveling expenses, printing, postage, and World Series expenses, and reasonable contingencies. Checks duly countersigned may be drawn for such of these purposes and for additional amounts as shall be approved by the Major League Executive Council or as the Commissioner shall be required, by law or pre-existing contract, to pay.

(d) FUNDS. All funds in the hands of the Commissioner in the Commissioner's official capacity shall be deemed the joint funds of the Major League Clubs, and the Major League Clubs shall, by such means as they shall from time to time decide upon, supply the Commissioner with money needed to meet authorized expenditures to the extent that the funds otherwise available may at any time prove inadequate.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 31 to 32(b)

Rule 31

BULLETINS

The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall transmit bulletins of information covering all releases of players, assignment of players’ contracts and all other matters of Major League interest or concern. These bulletins shall be transmitted periodically to all Major League Clubs.

Rule 32

SCHEDULES

(a) MAJOR LEAGUES.

(1) Preparation of Schedules. In each year the Commissioner shall prepare or cause to be prepared a draft schedule of championship season games showing proposed game start times. The draft schedule for the next championship season of both Leagues shall be prepared by no later than June 30 of each year so that copies can be provided to the Major League Baseball Players Association by no later than July 1. The Commissioner shall then issue the official schedule for the following season by no later than November 15 and no change shall thereafter be made in the official schedule without the consent of the Commissioner.

(2) All-Star Break. No Major League games shall be scheduled during the All-Star break.

(b) MINOR LEAGUES. According to its classification, the schedule of each Minor League and Minor League Club shall comply with the standards set forth in this Rule 32(b), unless exceptions are granted to a League by majority vote of the Farm Directors of Major League Clubs with PDCs in the League or that own a Club in the Minor League. Each Minor League shall, for the purpose of soliciting Farm Director input, submit a final draft of its schedule to the Farm Directors of Major League Clubs with PDCs in the Minor League, or that own a Club in the Minor League, a minimum of 10 business days prior to the adoption of the schedule for such Minor League. Such draft schedule shall indicate, for each game, whether such game is to be a day game (with a start time earlier than 4 p.m.) or a night game. After a schedule is adopted, a day game may be changed to a night game, or a night game may be changed to a day game, so long as the Farm Directors of the Major League Clubs with PDCs with the Minor League Clubs scheduled to play in the changed game or that own a Minor League Club scheduled to play in the changed game are given notice at least three days in advance of the change and so long as the changed schedule complies
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES  
MLR 32(b)

with the requirements of this Rule 32(b) and Rule 57 (Travel Standards for Minor League Clubs). In the event that the proposed schedule change would cause the schedule to not comply with either this Rule 32(b) or with Rule 57 (Travel Standards for Minor League Clubs), then the schedule change may not be made without the consent of both Farm Directors of the two Major League Clubs involved in the game whose time is proposed to be changed. A Minor League adopting a schedule in violation of this Rule 32(b) shall be subject to a fine imposed at the discretion of the President of the League’s Minor League Association and shall revise such schedule as soon as practicable to comply with the requirements of this Rule 32(b).

(1) Number of Games. The maximum number of scheduled games per Club during the championship season shall be 140 in Class AAA, AA and A Leagues, 76 in Short-Season A Leagues, 68 in Rookie-Advanced Leagues and 60 in Rookie Leagues.

(2) Doubleheaders. No Minor League Club’s schedule may contain more than three doubleheaders on its final schedule if playing a “straight-through” season, or two per half if playing a split season, and no such doubleheaders may be scheduled during the final 20 days of a season or half. Additional doubleheaders may be scheduled only with the prior permission of all Farm Directors of Major League Clubs whose players will be affected. No split doubleheader may be scheduled in a Minor League. Minor League Clubs shall not play more than two consecutive doubleheaders or three doubleheaders in a seven-day period. One split doubleheader may be scheduled as a result of a postponement without Farm Director approval, but no Minor League Club may play a second split doubleheader in a season without the approval of the Farm Director of the Major League Club that has a PDC with the Minor League Club, or that owns the Minor League Club.

(3) Day Games After Travel. No Minor League Club’s schedule may contain a day game (with a start time earlier than 4 p.m. local time) following a night game after which the Minor League Club has had to travel by bus more than 150 road miles.

(4) Opening and Closing Dates. The opening and closing dates for each Minor League’s season shall comply with the following standards:
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 32(b)

(A) Class AAA, Class AA, Class A-Advanced, and Full-Season Class A: The opening date for all such Clubs shall be no earlier than the first Thursday after a Major League Club is scheduled to play its first championship season game in its regular home ballpark. The closing date for all such Clubs shall be on or before Labor Day.

(B) Short-Season A, Rookie-Advanced, and Rookie: The opening date for all such Clubs shall be no earlier than 14 days after the first day of the Rule 4 draft.

(5) Playoff Games. Playoffs in each Minor League shall be conducted as follows:

(A) Class AAA, Class AA, and Class A-Advanced: Each League may choose its own format. All playoff series must be completed within 12 days after the end of the season.

(B) Full-Season A: Each League may choose its own format. If the playoffs are to consist of one tier or series only, it shall be a best-of-five game series to be completed within seven days after the end of the season. If the playoffs are to consist of two tiers, the first round shall consist of best-of-three game series, and the latter round shall be a best-of-five game series, all of which must be completed within 12 days after the end of the season.

(C) Short-Season A: The playoff series, if any, shall be a best-of-five game series, to be completed within seven days after the end of the season.

(D) Rookie-Advanced: The playoff series, if any, shall be a best-of-three game series, to be completed no later than five days after the end of the season.

(E) Rookie: Each League may choose its own format, subject to approval by the Office of the Commissioner.

(6) All-Star Games. Each Minor League shall be permitted to schedule and play no more than one All-Star Game per season, whether interleague or intraleague.

(7) Consecutive Games. No Minor League Club shall be scheduled, or rescheduled if practicable, to play more than 30 consecutive dates without an open day.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 33(a) to 33(c)

Rule 33

QUALIFICATION FOR POST-SEASON SERIES

(a) DIVISION CHAMPIONS. The Commissioner’s Office shall maintain a tabulated record of championship season games won and lost by each Major League Club as reported by the official scorers. The Commissioner shall award the championship of each Division to the Club in that Division that won the highest percentage of its games during the championship season. If two or more Clubs in a Division are tied in winning percentage at the close of the championship season as scheduled, the championship season may be extended by the playing of a tie-breaking game or games, as provided in Rule 33(c). Tie games shall not count as games played, won or lost for purposes of calculating the percentage of games won and lost during the championship season.

(b) WILD CARDS. The Commissioner shall award two Wild Cards in each Major League to the Clubs that won the highest percentage of their games during the championship season among the Clubs that were not Division champions. Such Clubs shall be referred to as the Wild Card Clubs in their League. If two or more Clubs are tied for a Wild Card designation at the close of the championship season as scheduled, the championship season may be extended by the playing of a tie-breaking game or games, as provided in Rule 33(c). Tie games shall not count as games played, won or lost for purposes of calculating the percentage of games won and lost during the championship season.

(c) TIE-BREAKING PROCEDURES. Any additional game played to break a tie pursuant to this Rule 33(c) shall be a championship season game. Statistics from any such game shall count in the official League championship season statistics. Notwithstanding the foregoing, tie-breaking games shall not count as games played, won or lost for purposes of calculating the percentage of games won and lost during the championship season under Rules 33, 34 and 37. Paid attendance for any such game shall be included in the official paid attendance records for the championship season. See Rule 25(a) for modifications to the Official Baseball Rules that apply to any such game. The Commissioner may determine the procedures to break any ties that are not otherwise provided for in this Rule 33(c).

1 Division Championship Ties In Which The Non-Division Champion(s) Will Not Qualify For A Wild Card Designation. If Two or more Clubs in a League are tied for first place in a Division with identical winning percentages at the conclusion of the championship season as originally scheduled (including all rescheduled games), and the Club that is not awarded the Division Championship will not be a
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MLR 33(c)

Wild Card Club, the Commissioner shall award the Division championship as follows:

(A) Two-Club Tie. If two Clubs are tied for first place in a Division, the championship season shall be extended to include one additional game between these two Clubs. Such game shall be played the day after the championship season. The site of the game may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. In the absence of such an agreement, the Commissioner shall determine the site of the additional game between the tied Clubs as follows:

(i) The home Club shall be the Club with the higher winning percentage in head-to-head competition between the two tied Clubs during the championship season; or

(ii) if the Clubs remain tied, then the home Club shall be the Club with the higher winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season; or

(iii) if the Clubs remain tied, then the home Club shall be the Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season; or

(iv) if the Clubs remain tied, then the home Club shall be the Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season, provided that such additional game was not a game between the tied Clubs.

If the Clubs remain tied, then the procedure described in Rule 33(c)(1)(A)(iv) of adding the immediately preceding intraleague game played by each Club, provided that such added game was not between the tied Clubs, and then considering the winning percentages of the tied Clubs over the period from that game through the end of the championship season, shall be continued until one Club emerges with a better winning percentage in that span of games, and the Club with such better winning percentage shall be the home Club.

The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the additional game.
(B) Three-Club Tie. If three Clubs are tied for first place in a Division, and the Clubs that are not awarded the Division Championship will not be Wild Card Clubs, the Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games in order to determine the Division championship, as follows:

(i) If the three tied Clubs have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(iii), shall be determined as follows:

(aa) The Club with the higher winning percentage among the three tied Clubs in intradivision games during the championship season shall choose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C.” The Club among the three tied Clubs with the next highest winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season shall choose one of the remaining two designations. The remaining Club among the three tied Clubs shall be assigned the remaining designation. If any two of the tied Clubs have identical winning percentages in intradivision games during the championship season, then the Club that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i)(aa).

(bb) If the three tied Clubs have identical winning percentages in intradivision games during the championship season, then the Club that first chooses a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be the Club among the three tied Clubs with the higher winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season. The Club among the three tied Clubs with the next highest winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season shall choose one of the remaining two designations. The remaining Club among the three tied Clubs shall be assigned the remaining designation. If any two of the tied Clubs have identical winning percentages in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season, then the Club that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i)(bb).
(cc) If the three tied Clubs have identical winning percentages in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season, then the Club that first chooses a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be the Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season, provided that such additional game was not a game between any of the tied Clubs. The Club among the three tied Clubs with the next highest winning percentage in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season, provided that such additional game was not a game between any of the tied Clubs, shall choose one of the remaining two designations. The remaining Club among the three tied Clubs shall be assigned the remaining designation. If any two of the tied Clubs have identical winning percentages in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season, provided that such additional game was not a game between any of the tied Clubs, then the Club that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i)(cc).

If the Clubs remain tied, then the procedure described in Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i)(cc) of adding the immediately preceding game played by each Club, provided that such added game was not between any of the tied Clubs, and then considering the winning percentages of the tied Clubs over the period from that game through the end of the championship season, shall be continued until one Club emerges with a better winning percentage in that span of games or one Club emerges with a worse winning percentage in that span of games, and the Club that first chooses a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be the Club with such better winning percentage and/or the Club that emerges with such worse winning percentage shall have the last choice, with any two-Club ties at any stage of the process resolved according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A).

(ii) If the tied Clubs do not have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be determined as follows:
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(aa) If Club 1 has a better record against each of Clubs 2 and 3, and Club 2 has a better record against Club 3, then Club 1 shall choose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” and Club 2 shall choose a designation from the remaining two designations. Club 3 shall be assigned the remaining designation.

(bb) If Club 1 has a better record against each of Clubs 2 and 3, and Club 2 and Club 3 have the same record against each other, then Club 1 shall choose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” and the Club among Clubs 2 and 3 that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A) shall choose one of the remaining two designations. The remaining Club shall be assigned the remaining designation.

(cc) If Club 1 and Club 2 have the same record against each other but each has a better record against Club 3, then the Club among Clubs 1 and 2 that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall chose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” or “C.” The Club that would not be the home Club in a two-Club tie between Clubs 1 and 2, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall choose one of the remaining two designations. Club 3 shall be assigned the remaining designation.

(dd) If

(I) Club 1 has a better record against Club 2, Club 2 has a better record against Club 3, and Club 3 has a better record against Club 1,

(II) Club 1 has a better record against Club 2, Club 2 and Club 3 have the same record against each other and Club 3 has a better record against Club 1, or

(III) Club 1 and Club 2 have the same record against each other, Club 1 has a better record against Club 3 and Club 2 and Club 3 have the same record against each other,

then the three Clubs shall be ranked on the basis of overall winning percentage within that three-Club group, and the Club with the highest winning percentage from among that three-Club group shall have first choice among designations as
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Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” the Club with the next highest winning percentage from among that three-Club group shall have the next choice between the two remaining designations, and the Club with the lowest winning percentage from among that three-Club group shall be assigned the remaining designation. If two of the Clubs within such three-Club group have the same winning percentage among the group, then the Club that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(ii)(dd). If all of the Clubs within such three-Club group have the same winning percentage among the group, then the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i) shall determine the priority of the Clubs so tied to select among the designations.

(iii) Club “A” shall play Club “B” at the ballpark of Club “A” the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The following day, the winner of that first game shall be the home Club in a second game, against Club “C.” The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the game between Club “C” and the Club that won the game between Club “A” and Club “B.”

(C) Four-Club Tie. If four Clubs are tied for first place in a Division, the Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games in order to determine the Division championship, as follows:

(i) The Clubs shall choose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” “C,” and “D” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(1)(C)(ii), as follows:

(aa) The Club with the highest winning percentage in games among the tied Clubs in the championship season shall have first choice among designations. The Club with the second-highest winning percentage in games among the tied Clubs in the championship season shall choose one of the remaining three designations. The Club with the third-highest winning percentage in games among the tied Clubs in the championship season shall choose one of the remaining two designations. The remaining Club shall be assigned the remaining designation. In the event there is a three-Club tie in
games among the tied Clubs in the championship season, the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B) shall determine the priority of the selections among those tied Clubs. In the event there is a two-Club tie in games among the tied Clubs in the championship season, the Club that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(C)(i)(aa).

(bb) If the four tied Clubs have identical records in games among them during the championship season, then the Club among the four tied Clubs with the higher winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season shall have first choice among designations. The Club among the four tied Clubs with the second-highest winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season shall choose one of the remaining three designations. The Club among the four tied Clubs with the third-highest winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season shall choose one of the remaining two designations. The remaining Club among the four tied Clubs shall be assigned the remaining designation. In the event there is a three-Club tie in intradivision games during the championship season, the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B) shall determine the priority of the selections among those tied Clubs. In the event there is a two-Club tie in intradivision games during the championship season, then the Club that would be the home Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(C)(i)(bb).

(cc) If the four tied Clubs have identical winning percentages in intradivision games during the championship season, then the Club that first chooses a designation as Club “A,” “B,” “C” or “D” shall be the Club among the four tied Clubs with the higher winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season. The Club among the four tied Clubs with the next highest winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season shall choose one of the remaining three designations. The Club among the four tied Clubs with the
next highest winning percentage in the last half of intraleague
games during the championship season shall choose one of
the remaining two designations. The remaining Club among
the four tied Clubs shall be assigned the remaining
designation. In the event there is a three-Club tie in the last
half of intraleague games during the championship season,
the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B) shall determine the priority
of the selections among those tied Clubs. In the event there is
a two-Club tie in the last half of intraleague games during the
championship season, then the Club that would be the home
Club in a two-Club tie, according to the procedures of
Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in
choosing a designation pursuant to this
Rule 33(c)(1)(C)(i)(cc).

(dd) If the four tied Clubs have identical winning
percentages in the last half of intraleague games during the
championship season, then the Club that first chooses a
designation as Club “A,” “B,” “C” or “D” shall be the Club
among the four tied Clubs with the higher winning percentage
in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the
championship season, provided that such additional game was
not a game between any of the tied Clubs. The Club among
the four tied Clubs with the next highest winning percentage
in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the
championship season, provided that such additional game was
not a game between any of the tied Clubs, shall choose one of
the remaining three designations. The Club among the four
tied Clubs with the next highest winning percentage in the last
half plus one of intraleague games during the championship
season, provided that such additional game was not a game between any of the
tied Clubs, shall choose one of the
remaining two designations. The remaining Club among the
four tied Clubs shall be assigned the remaining designation. In
the event there is a three-Club tie in the last half plus one of
intraleague games during the championship season, provided
that such additional game was not a game between any of the
tied Clubs, the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B) shall determine
the priority of the selections among those tied Clubs. In the
event there is a two-Club tie in the last half plus one of
intraleague games during the championship season, provided
that such additional game was not a game between any of the
tied Clubs, then the Club that would be the home Club in a
two-Club tie, according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), shall have priority over the other Club in choosing a designation pursuant to this Rule 33(c)(1)(C)(i)(dd).

If the Clubs remain tied, then the procedure described in Rule 33(c)(1)(C)(i)(dd) of adding the immediately preceding game played by each Club, provided that such added game was not between any of the tied Clubs, and then considering the winning percentages of the tied Clubs over the period from that game through the end of the championship season, shall be continued until one Club emerges with a better winning percentage in that span of games or one Club emerges with a worse winning percentage in that span of games, and the Club that first chooses a designation as Club “A,” “B,” “C” or “D” shall be the Club with such better winning percentage and/or the Club that emerges with such worse winning percentage shall have the last choice, with any three-Club or two-Club ties at any stage of the process resolved according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B), in the case of three-Club ties, or according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A), in the case of two-Club ties.

(ii) Club “B” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A.” Club “D” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “C.” Each of these two games shall be played on the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The following day, the winning Clubs of each of those two games shall play one game, at the ballpark of Club “A” or Club “B,” whichever has won the game between the two. The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the third game, which is contested between the winners of the respective first two games.

Games played for the Division championship pursuant to Rule 33(c)(1) shall nevertheless be included in the final Club standings and in all statistics, as provided for in the first paragraph of this Rule 33(c).

(2) Division Championship Ties Affecting A Wild Card Designation. If two or more Clubs in a League are tied for first place in a Division and a Wild Card designation with identical winning percentages at the conclusion of the championship season as originally
scheduled (including all rescheduled games), and not including additional games to determine the Division champion, the Commissioner shall determine the Division Champion and Wild Card designation as follows:

(A) Two-Club Tie.

(i) If two Clubs from the same Division are tied for a Division championship and a Wild Card designation, then the championship season shall be extended to include one additional game between such Clubs. Such game shall be played the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The site of the game may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. In the absence of such an agreement, the Commissioner shall determine the site of the additional game between the tied Clubs according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A). The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the additional game and declare the loser of the additional game to be a Wild Card Club.

(ii) If two Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and both Clubs are tied with a Club from another division for at least one Wild Card designation, the championship season shall be extended to include two additional games as follows:

(AA) If two Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and both Clubs are tied with a Club from another division for one Wild Card designation, both Clubs shall play a game to determine the Division champion the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The site of the game may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. In the absence of such an agreement, the Commissioner shall determine the site of the additional game between the tied Clubs according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A). The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the additional game.

(BB) If two Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and both Clubs are tied with a Club from another division for one Wild Card designation, the loser
of the game described in Rule 33(c)(2)(A)(ii)(AA) shall play one additional game against the Club from another division in that Club’s (the Club from another division) home city to determine the Wild Card.

(CC) If two Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and both Clubs are tied with a Club from another division for two Wild Card designations, both Clubs shall play a game to determine the Division champion the day after the conclusion of the championship season in accordance with Rule 33(c)(2)(A)(ii)(AA); provided, however, that the loser of that game and the Club from another division both shall be designated Wild Card Clubs and home field advantage for the Wild Card Game will be determined pursuant to Rule 34(a).

(iii) If two Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and both Clubs are tied with two Clubs from outside their division for at least one Wild Card designation, then the championship season shall be extended to include three additional games as follows:

(AA) If two Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and both Clubs are tied with two Clubs from outside their division for one Wild Card designation, then the championship season shall be extended to include three additional games as follows. The day after the conclusion of the championship season the Clubs tied for a Division championship shall play a game to determine the Division champion, and the Clubs from outside their division that are tied for the Wild Card designation shall play a game, the winner of which will play the loser of the Division championship game in the winner’s home city to determine the Wild Card designation on the following day. If the Clubs are tied for both Wild Card designations, the winner of the game between the Clubs from another Division tied for the Wild Card designation shall be declared a Wild Card Club, and the loser of that game shall play the loser of the Division championship game on the following day to determine the other Wild Card Club.

(BB) Except as may otherwise be set forth herein, the site of the games described in Rule 33(c)(2)(A)(iii)(AA)
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may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. In the absence of such an agreement, the Commissioner shall determine the site of the additional games between tied Clubs according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A).

(B) Three-Club Tie.

(i) If three Clubs from the same division are tied for a Division championship and at least one Wild Card designation, and the three tied Clubs have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(2)(B), shall be determined according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i). If the tied Clubs do not have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be determined according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(ii). The Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games as follows:

(aa) If three Clubs from the same division are tied for a Division championship and one Wild Card designation, Club “A” shall play Club “B” at the ballpark of Club “A” the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The following day, the winner of that first game shall be the home Club in a second game against Club “C.” The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the second game with Club “C” and declare the loser be a Wild Card Club.

(bb) If three Clubs from the same division are tied for a Division championship and both Wild Card designations, the loser of the first game between Club “A” and Club “B” also shall be declared a Wild Card Club.

(ii) If three Clubs are tied for a Division championship, and also are tied with a Club from another division for at least one Wild Card designation, and the three Clubs tied for a Division championship have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as
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Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(2)(B)(ii), shall be determined according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i). If the three tied Clubs do not have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be determined according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i). The Club from another division shall be designated as Club “D” for these purposes. The Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games as follows:

(aa) If three Clubs are tied for a Division championship and also are tied with a Club from another division for one Wild Card designation, Club “B” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A.” Club “D” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “C.” Each of these two games shall be played on the day after the conclusion of the championship season. If Club “D” wins, the Commissioner shall declare Club “D” to be a Wild Card Club, and the winner of the game between Clubs “A” and “B” shall be awarded the Division championship. If Club “C” wins, the following day Club “C” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A” or Club “B,” whichever has won the game between the two. The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the third game and shall declare the loser to be a Wild Card Club.

(bb) If three Clubs are tied for a Division championship and also are tied with a Club from another division for both Wild Card designations, Club “B” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A.” Club “D” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “C.” Each of these two games shall be played on the day after the conclusion of the championship season. If Club “D” wins its game against Club “C”, the Commissioner shall declare Club “D” to be a Wild Card Club, the winner of the game between Clubs “A” and “B” shall be awarded the Division championship, and the following day Club “C” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A” or
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Club “B,” whichever has lost the game between the two, to determine the second Wild Card designation. If Club “C” wins its game against Club “D,” the following day Club “C” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A” or Club “B,” whichever has won the game between the two, to determine the Division championship and one of the Wild Card designations; on the same day Club “D” will play the loser of the game between Club “A” and Club “B” at such Club’s ballpark to determine the second Wild Card designation. The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum.

(C) Four-Club Tie. If four Clubs from the same division are tied for the Division championship and at least one Wild Card designation, the Clubs shall choose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” “C,” and “D” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(2)(C) according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(C), and the Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games as follows:

(i) If four Clubs from the same division are tied for the Division championship and one Wild Card designation, Club “B” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A.” Club “D” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “C.” Each of these two games shall be played on the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The following day, the winning Clubs of each of those two games shall play one game, at the ballpark of Club “A” or Club “B,” whichever has won the game between the two. The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall award the Division championship to the winner of the third game (which is contested between the winners of the respective first two games), and declare the loser to be the Wild Card Club.

(ii) If four Clubs from the same division are tied for the Division championship and both Wild Card designations, then in addition to the third game described in Rule 33(c)(2)(C)(i) above, the losers of the respective first two games shall play a game at the ballpark of Club “A” or Club “B”; whichever Club lost its first game, on the same day as the
third game to determine the second Wild Card designation. The site of this game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum.

(3) Wild Card Ties Not Involving A Tie For A Division Championship. If two or more Clubs in a League are tied for a Wild Card designation with identical winning percentages at the conclusion of the championship season as originally scheduled (including all rescheduled games), the Commissioner shall determine the Wild Card designation as follows:

(A) Two-Club Tie. If two Clubs are tied for only one of the Wild Card designations then the championship season shall be extended to include one additional game between such Clubs. Such game shall be played the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The site of the game may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. In the absence of such an agreement, the Commissioner shall determine the site of the additional game between the tied Clubs according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(A). The Commissioner shall declare the winner of the additional game to be a Wild Card Club. If two Clubs are tied for both Wild Card designations then no additional championship season games shall be played and home field advantage for the Wild Card Game will be determined pursuant to Rule 34(a).

(B) Three-Club Tie. If three Clubs are tied for at least one Wild Card designation, and the three tied Clubs have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C,” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(3)(B), shall be determined according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(i). If the tied Clubs do not have identical records against one another in the championship season, their designations as Club “A,” “B,” or “C” shall be determined according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(B)(ii). The Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games as follows:

(i) If three Clubs are tied for one Wild Card designation, Club “A” shall play Club “B” at the ballpark of Club “A” the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The following day, the winner of that first game shall be the home Club in a second game against Club “C.” The site of each
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game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall declare the winner of the game between Club “C” and the Club that won the game between Club “A” and Club “B” to be a Wild Card Club.

(ii) If three Clubs are tied for both Wild Card designations, then the winner of the game between Club “A” and “B” in Rule 33(c)(3)(B)(i) above shall be a Wild Card Club, and the loser of that first game shall play a second game against Club “C” the following day in the home city of Club “C” to determine the other Wild Card Club.

(C) Four-Club Tie. If four Clubs are tied for at least one Wild Card designation, the Clubs shall choose a designation as Club “A,” “B,” “C,” and “D” for purposes of Rule 33(c)(3)(C) according to the procedures of Rule 33(c)(1)(C), and the Commissioner shall schedule additional championship season games as follows:

(i) If four Clubs are tied for one Wild Card designation, Club “B” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “A.” Club “D” shall play one game at the ballpark of Club “C.” Each of these two games shall be played on the day after the conclusion of the championship season. The following day, the winning Clubs of each of those two games shall play one game, at the ballpark of Club “A” or Club “B,” whichever has won the game between the two. The site of each game instead may be determined by mutual agreement among the Clubs involved and the Commissioner to keep travel at a minimum. The Commissioner shall declare the winner of the third game, which is contested between the winners of the respective first two games, to be a Wild Card Club.

(ii) If four Clubs are tied for both Wild Card designations, then the Commissioner shall declare the winners of the first two games described in Rule 33(c)(3)(C)(i) above to be the Wild Card Clubs.

Rule 34

POST-SEASON SERIES

(a) WILD CARD GAME. A game between the Wild Card Clubs shall take place after the conclusion of the championship season of each year. The Wild Card Game shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the
Club with the higher percentage than its opponent of games won and lost in the championship season. In the event the Wild Card Clubs are tied with identical percentages, then the Club deemed to have the higher winning percentage shall be as follows:

1. the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in head-to-head competition between the two tied Clubs during the championship season; or

2. if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season; or

3. if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in intraleague games during the championship season; or

4. if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season; or

5. if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season.

If the Clubs remain tied, then the procedure described in Rule 34(a)(5) of adding the immediately preceding intraleague game played by each Club and then considering the intraleague winning percentages of the tied Clubs over the period from that game through the end of the championship season, shall be continued until one Club emerges with a better winning percentage in that span of games. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the Wild Card Clubs played an additional championship season game against each other pursuant to Rule 33(c), the Wild Card Game shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club that won that game.

(b) DIVISION SERIES. Two Division Series in each Major League shall take place after the conclusion of the Wild Card Game each year. Each Division Series shall be a best-of-five-games format. In each Major League, the three Division Champions and the winner of the Wild Card Game shall qualify for a Division Series. The Division Series matchups within each Major League shall be:

1. The Club with the best percentage of games won and lost during the championship season versus the winner of the Wild Card Game.
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(2) The two remaining Clubs that have qualified for a Division Series.

(3) For purposes of determining Division Series matchups pursuant to this Rule 34(b) and scheduling pursuant to Rules 37(a)(2) (Division Series), 37(a)(3) (League Championship Series), and 37(a)(4) (World Series), if two or more Clubs are tied with identical percentages of games won and lost during the championship season, then the tie shall be broken as follows:

(A) Two-Club Tie. The Club deemed to have the higher winning percentage shall be

(i) the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in head-to-head competition between the two tied Clubs during the championship season; or

(ii) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season; or

(iii) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in intraleague games during the championship season; or

(iv) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season; or

(v) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season.

If the Clubs remain tied, then the procedure described in Rule 34(b)(3)(A)(v) of adding the immediately preceding intraleague game played by each Club and then considering the intraleague winning percentages of the tied Clubs over the period from that game through the end of the championship season, shall be continued until one Club emerges with a better winning percentage in that span of games, and that Club shall be deemed to have the higher winning percentage for purposes of determining Division Series matchups pursuant to this Rule 34(b) and scheduling pursuant to Rules 37(a)(2) (Division Series), 37(a)(3) (League Championship Series), and 37(a)(4) (World Series).
(B) Three-Club Ties. The Club deemed to have the higher winning percentage shall be the tied Club that has a higher winning percentage in head-to-head competition against each of the other Division champions during the championship season, in which case the tie between the two remaining Clubs shall be broken by the procedures set forth in Rule 34(b)(3)(A). If none of the three tied Clubs has a higher winning percentage in head-to-head competition against each of the other Division champions during the championship season, then the Club deemed to have the higher winning percentage shall be

(i) the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in head-to-head competition among the tied Clubs during the championship season; or

(ii) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in intradivision games during the championship season; or

(iii) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in intraleague games during the championship season; or

(iv) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half of intraleague games during the championship season; or

(v) if the Clubs remain tied, then the tied Club with the higher winning percentage in the last half plus one of intraleague games during the championship season.

If the Clubs remain tied, then the procedure described in Rule 34(b)(3)(B)(v) of adding the immediately preceding intraleague game played by each Club and then considering the intraleague winning percentages of the tied Clubs over the period from that game through the end of the championship season, shall be continued until one Club emerges with a better winning percentage in that span of games, and that Club shall be deemed to have the higher winning percentage for purposes of determining Division Series matchups pursuant to this Rule 34(a) and scheduling pursuant to Rules 37(a)(2) (Division Series) and 37(a)(3) (League Championship Series).
Upon determination of the Club deemed to have the higher winning percentage, the sequence of procedures set forth in Rule 33(b)(3)(A) shall be applied to the two remaining tied Clubs in order to determine which of them shall be deemed to have the better winning percentage for purposes of determining Division Series matchups pursuant to this Rule 34(b) and scheduling pursuant to Rules 37(a)(2) (Division Series) and 37(a)(3) (League Championship Series).

(c) LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES. One League Championship Series shall be contested in each League between the winners of the two Division Series in that League. Each League Championship Series shall be a best-of-seven-games format.

(d) WORLD SERIES. The World Series shall take place at the end of the League Championship Series each year. The World Series shall be a best-of-seven-games format.

Rule 35

POST-SEASON SUPERVISION BY THE COMMISSIONER

(a) The games in each post-season series shall be played under the supervision, control and direction of the Commissioner.

(b) All questions arising out of the playing of the Wild Card Game, Division Series, League Championship Series or World Series not provided for in the Major League Rules, nor covered by the Official Baseball Rules, shall be dealt with and decided by the Commissioner.

Rule 36

PENNANT AND MEMENTO

(a) WORLD SERIES. The emblem of the World Series championship shall be a pennant, to be presented to the victorious World Series Club each year, and an appropriate memento shall be awarded to each player, the manager, each coach and the general manager of the victorious Club. Both the pennant and the memento shall be selected by the Commissioner. The cost of the mementos for the World Series winner shall not exceed $1,500 each, including tax.

(b) PRESENTATION. The World Series pennant and mementos shall be presented to the victorious Club and its players, each year, by the Commissioner, who is authorized to arrange for all of the details of such presentation.
(c) LEAGUE CHAMPIONS. The victorious Club in each season's League Championship Series shall be entitled to display a pennant symbolizing the Club's League championship.

Rule 37

POST-SEASON SCHEDULE

(a) ORDER OF GAMES. The Commissioner shall promulgate a schedule for the Wild Card Game, Division Series, the League Championship Series and the World Series.

(1) Wild Card Game. The Wild Card Game shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club with the higher percentage than its opponent of games won and lost in the championship season as set forth in Rule 34(a).

(2) Division Series. Games 1, 2 and 5 of each Division Series shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club with the higher percentage than its Division Series opponent of games won and lost in the championship season; provided, however, that Games 1, 2 and 5 shall be scheduled in the ballpark of the opponent of the winner of the Wild Card Game, notwithstanding the percentage of games won and lost by such Wild Card Club. Games 3 and 4 shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club that is the visiting Club in Games 1, 2 and 5.

(3) League Championship Series. Games 1, 2, 6 and 7 of each League Championship Series shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club with the higher percentage than its League Championship Series opponent of games won and lost in the championship season; provided, however, that Games 1, 2, 6 and 7 shall be scheduled in the ballpark of the opponent of a Wild Card Club in the League Championship Series, notwithstanding the percentage of games won and lost by such Wild Card Club. Games 3, 4 and 5 shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club that is the visiting Club in Games 1, 2, 6 and 7.

(4) World Series. Games 1, 2, 6 and 7 shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the League Championship Club with the higher percentage than its World Series opponent of games won and lost during the championship season. Games 3, 4 and 5 shall be scheduled to be played in the ballpark of the Club that is the visiting Club in Games 1, 2, 6 and 7.
(5) Home-field Advantage for Tied Clubs. In the event two Clubs have identical winning percentages in the championship season, then for purposes of Rules 37(a)(2) (Division Series), 37(a)(3) (League Championship Series), and 37(a)(4) (World Series), the Club that shall be scheduled to host the majority of games in the applicable series shall be the Club deemed to have the higher winning percentage pursuant to the procedures set forth in Rule 34(b)(3).

(b) POSTPONED AND SUSPENDED GAMES. A Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series or World Series game that is postponed or suspended shall be played or resumed, as the case may be, on the grounds for which it was scheduled or begun before the succeeding scheduled game hosted by the other competing Club shall be contested. The dates assigned for subsequent games shall be adjusted accordingly. The Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, after consultation with officials of the home and visiting Clubs and, with regard to player health and safety issues, the designee of the Major League Baseball Players Association, shall determine whether, on account of weather or the conditions of the playing field, a Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series or World Series game shall be played or resumed or shall be suspended.

Rule 38

POST-SEASON SERIES TERMINATION

(a) BY VICTORY. The Clubs participating in the Division Series, League Championship Series, or World Series shall play each day according to the authorized schedule until one of them has won the required number of victories at which time the series shall end. The required number of victories shall be three in the case of each Division Series and four in the case of each League Championship Series or the World Series.

(b) BY COMMISSIONER. The Commissioner shall have the right to terminate a post-season series at any time that the Commissioner deems the interest of Baseball demands it, and to declare one of the contesting Clubs the winner of that series regardless of previous performances.

Rule 39

POST-SEASON PLAYING RULES

The games shall be conducted according to the playing rules governing competition for the championship season, except as provided for in Rule 25(a) (Official Baseball Rules). If the playing rules of the two Major
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MLR 39 to 40(a)

Leagues differ, then the playing rules used for each game of the World Series shall be the playing rules of the League of the Club in whose ballpark such World Series game is scheduled to be played.

Rule 40

PLAYERS ELIGIBLE FOR POST-SEASON

(a) PLAYERS ELIGIBLE.

(1) Major League Roster Players. To be eligible to play for a Major League Club in a Wild Card Game, Division Series, League Championship Series, or the World Series, a player must

(A) have been on a Major League Active, Injured, Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency, Paternity, Suspended or Military List of such Major League Club as of Midnight Eastern Time on August 31, or on such date be under control, but on optional assignment, or on assignment from another Major League organization and not yet reported; and

(B) have remained reserved to such Major League Club (at the Major or Minor League levels) through the beginning of the applicable post-season series, unless the player is replacing an injured player pursuant to Rule 40(a)(3).

(2) Submission of Rosters. Each Major League Club that participates in a postseason series (including the Wild Card Game) must establish for each such series, from its complement of eligible players, an active roster of no more than 25 (and no less than 24) players and transmit such active roster to the Office of the Commissioner at such time before the scheduled start of each post-season series as the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee may set. Each player named to the roster for a series must be expected to be physically able to perform at some point in such series. No player on the Injured List whose minimum period of inactivity has not yet expired before the scheduled start of the post-season series may be named to the roster for such series or otherwise replaced under this Rule 40.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Club may designate a 26th player for any postseason series except the Wild Card Game, provided that the 26th player is a catcher replacing a catcher who is unable to play as a result of an acute concussion and who is expected to be able to return to play once at least seven days have elapsed since the date the
concussion diagnostic form and supporting documentation were appropriately submitted. In order to submit a roster of 26 players under this Rule, the Club must submit documentation necessary to place the concussed player on the seven (7) day Injured List under Rule 2(g)(1)(B). Once the concussed catcher returns to play as set forth in Rule 2(g)(5), the Club must remove the replacement catcher from the roster. Except as permitted in Rule 40(a)(2), 40(a)(4), 40(a)(5) and 40(a)(6), there shall be no substitutions made during a post-season series following a Major League Club’s submission of its active roster for that series.

(3) Replacements for Injured Players Before a Series. With the express consent of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee prior to the start of a postseason series (including the Wild Card Game), a Club may name a player in its organization to a roster for such series in order to replace an injured Major League player. A Club will not be permitted to name such a replacement unless

(A) the injured Major League player is eligible under Rule 40(a)(1);

(B) the injured Major League player is unable to render service in such series because of a specific injury or ailment;

(C) the injured Major League player’s Club has submitted written proof of the player’s injury; and

(D) the injured Major League player’s Club has requested permission from the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to name such a replacement.

If the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee grants permission to the injured Major League player’s Club to make such a replacement, the player named to the roster for the series (including the Wild Card Game) as a replacement must also be an eligible player pursuant to Rule 40(a)(1) or must

(E) have been on a Minor League Active, Injured, Temporarily Inactive, Suspended or Military List of such Major League Club as of Midnight Eastern Time on August 31, or on such date be designated for assignment or under control, but not yet reported, on assignment from another Major League organization;

(F) have remained reserved to such Major League Club (at the Major or Minor League levels) through the time of replacement; and
(G) be placed on the Club’s Major League Reserve List.

(4) Replacements for Injured Players During a Series. A Club may request permission from the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to replace on the Club’s active roster for the remainder of a post-season series a player who is unable to render service in such post-season series because of an acute, non-chronic injury or ailment (not recurring soreness over time) that occurred after the Club’s roster for such series had been submitted, provided that the Club submits written proof of the injury to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may approve or disapprove a request for a roster substitution and may make whatever investigation the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee deems appropriate in exercising such discretion. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee's exercise of discretion may include disapproval of the request for a roster substitution if the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee determines that the request was not made in a reasonable amount of time in advance of a game to allow for investigation of the facts and circumstances. If the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee gives express approval for the substitution,

(A) the player added to the roster must also be an eligible player pursuant to Rule 40(a)(1) or Rules 40(a)(3)(E) through (G);

(B) a pitcher may be replaced only by a pitcher and a player other than a pitcher may be replaced only by a player other than a pitcher; and

(C) the injured player being replaced shall be ineligible to play for the remainder of such series, as well as the next subsequent post-season series that year. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a replaced player, who has suffered an acute concussion during a post-season series, may be eligible to play in the next subsequent post-season series that year, provided that the replaced player has been ineligible to play for a minimum of seven days since the date the concussion diagnostic form and supporting documentation were appropriately submitted, and Major League Baseball’s Medical Director has reviewed a Return to Play form and supporting information and approved the reinstatement.

(5) Replacement for Players Placed on Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List. Upon written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee, a Major League Club may request that a player (other than a pitcher who has pitched at least
four consecutive innings in any game in that post-season series, unless three days have elapsed) be placed on the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List during a post-season series. No player may be placed on the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List unless such player is unable to render services because of the serious or severe illness or death of a player’s immediate family (e.g., spouse, parent, grandparent, sibling, child, or grandchild) or a member of such player’s spouse’s immediate family. The Office of the Commissioner shall carefully scrutinize such application, including any documentation submitted by the Club in furtherance thereof, and reserves the right to deny such placement in the absence of appropriate evidence to support such placement.

The minimum period of placement on the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List shall be three consecutive days and the maximum period of placement shall be seven consecutive days, during which placement the player is not permitted to be with the player’s Club. During such placement the player may be replaced, provided the replacement meets the requirements of Rule 40(a)(4)(A) and (B). Following the period of leave or the expiration of the maximum period for placement on the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, the player must be reinstated to the post-season roster in effect at the time, regardless of whether the player has returned, and the replacing player must be removed from the roster. Placement on this list during one series (including the required minimum period of placement) shall not carry over to a subsequent series. Thus, following the completion of the series during which the player was placed on the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, the player must be included on the Club’s roster for any subsequent series in order to be eligible to play even if the term of his placement (or the maximum period of placement) has not expired.

(6) Replacement for Players Placed on Post-Season Paternity List. Upon written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, a Major League Club may request that a player (other than a pitcher who has pitched at least four consecutive innings in any game in that post-season series, unless three days have elapsed) be placed on the Post-Season Paternity Leave List during a post-season series. No player may be placed on the List unless that player is the father of a child whose delivery or adoption is imminent or has occurred within the prior 48 hours. The Office of the Commissioner shall carefully scrutinize such
application, including any documentation submitted by the Club in furtherance thereof, and reserves the right to deny such placement in the absence of appropriate evidence to support such placement.

The minimum period of placement on the Post-Season Paternity Leave List shall be one day and the maximum period of placement shall be three consecutive days, during which placement the player is not to be permitted to be with the player’s Club. During such placement the player may be replaced, provided the replacement meets the requirements of Rule 40(a)(4)(A) and (B). If the player’s absence from the player’s Major League Club continues past the maximum period of Post-Season Paternity Leave List placement as a result of a serious illness or death arising from the delivery of the child, the player’s Club may submit written application to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee to transfer the player to the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List, provided that any time spent on the Post-Season Paternity Leave List shall count towards the minimum inactivity period. See Rule 40(a)(5). Following the period of leave or the expiration of the maximum period for placement on the Post-Season Paternity Leave List (or maximum period for placement on the Post-Season Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency List if a subsequent transfer to such list was requested and approved), the player must be reinstated to the post-season roster in effect at the time, regardless of whether the player has returned, and the replacing player must be removed from the roster. Placement on this list during one series shall not carry over to a subsequent series. Thus, following the completion of the series during which the player was placed on the Post-Season Paternity Leave List, the player must be included on the Club’s roster for any subsequent series in order to be eligible to play even if the term of his placement (or the maximum period of placement) has not expired.

(b) COACHES ELIGIBLE. To be eligible for a Wild Card Game, Division Series, League Championship Series, or the World Series, a coach must be a bona fide member of a qualifying team on and after August 31 to the end of the season of the year in which the series is played, under contract or terms of acceptance approved and promulgated by the Commissioner. No additional coaches will be permitted, but coaches may be substituted for, subject to the approval of the Commissioner.

(c) PLAYERS ELIGIBLE—MINOR LEAGUE POST-SEASON. Each Minor League Club that participates in post-season playoffs must establish for such playoffs, from its complement of eligible players, an active roster of no more than the maximum number of Active List players set forth in
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MLR 40(c) to 43

Rule 2(c)(2) as of the end of the championship season for such Minor League Club’s classification. Each Minor League Club that participates in post-season playoffs shall transmit such active roster to the Office of the Commissioner and the president of such Club’s Minor League no later than noon local time of the first scheduled date of such playoffs for such Club.

Rule 41

[Reserved]

Rule 42

POST-SEASON EXPENSES

(a) PAID BY COMMISSIONER. The expenses of the Commissioner pertaining to these games, the compensation of the umpires, scorers, business representatives, and other miscellaneous and contingent expenses in connection with these games shall be met by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall also pay expenses incurred by a Club not participating in the Series in the printing of tickets for such a Series, when such printing has been authorized previously by the Commissioner.

(b) CLUBS’ EXPENSES. Except as set forth in Rule 45(b)(1)(D), the expenses of both Clubs, such as hotel bills and traveling expenses, baseballs, advertising, printing of all tickets, policing of grounds, ticket sellers and takers, incidentals, etc., shall be paid by the Club incurring the same. Should any difference arise at any time as to the latter expense, the same shall be submitted to the Commissioner for adjudication, and the Commissioner’s findings shall be conclusive.

Rule 43

POST-SEASON PLAYING GROUNDS

Spectators will not be permitted to encroach or stand on the playing field at any time during a Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series, or World Series game, unless the Commissioner grants special authority to do so. A Club that plans to accommodate patrons in excess of the regular seating capacity of its plant is required to erect, with the approval of the municipal authorities and permission of the Commissioner, safe temporary stands or seats with a strong railing in front thereof, extending from the grandstand or skirting the outfield.
Rule 44

POST-SEASON ADMISSIONS

(a) RATES. The rates of admission and the conditions governing the same for Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series and World Series games shall be fixed by and under the control of the Major League Executive Council.

(b) FREE LIST SUSPENDED. The free list shall be suspended during Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series and World Series games, except to representatives of the press and official guests of the Commissioner.

(c) TICKETS. The sale, distribution of and settlement for tickets for Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series and World Series games will be conducted as follows:

(1) Each Club shall provide its reserved seat and general admission tickets with rain checks attached.

(2) Reserved seat coupon tickets for home games of the selling Club shall be sold and distributed prior to the opening of the series at a time and in a manner annually approved by the Commissioner, to meet local conditions.

(3) Clubs shall print post-season tickets if and when the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee so directs, in a form and manner the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may determine. A Club printing post-season tickets shall pay for them in such manner as the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may direct.

(d) SEAT DIAGRAM. Prior to the day of the Wild Card Game, and the first scheduled game of each Division Series, League Championship Series or World Series in its city, each contesting Club shall furnish the representatives of the Commissioner with a numbered diagram of all its reserved seats, whether in permanent or temporary stands, and the settlement therefor by the Club with the representatives of the Commissioner shall be on the basis of the difference between the number of unsold tickets and the number listed on such diagram. The count of all tickets sold for each such game shall be compared by the Commissioner’s representatives with the turnstile registers, and the home Club shall settle for the larger number.
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MLR 44(e) to 45(a)

(e) TICKET PRIORITIES. The order in which requests for reserved seat tickets for the World Series shall be filed is as follows:

(1) Visiting Club. Five hundred reserved seat tickets for each game to the visiting club, for accommodations of its officials and guests, the same to be paid for by the visiting Club.

(2) Players. Five tickets for each eligible player of the visiting team, which shall be delivered to and paid for by each player through the business manager of the player’s Club.

(3) Commissioner’s Office and Club Officials. Requests filed by the Commissioner’s Office and Major League Club officials or parties of prominence with the Commissioner.

(4) Major League Clubs. Major League Clubs (other than the visiting Club), 100 reserved seat tickets, 16 of which shall be box seats. Eight of the 16 box seats shall be grouped together in the lower deck between first and third base, and 20 of the remaining 84 reserved seats shall be so situated.

(f) DAILY SETTLEMENT. A settlement shall be made by the home Club with the representatives of the Commissioner after the close of each Wild Card, Division Series, League Championship Series or World Series game, by turning over to them within 24 hours one check for the gross paid attendance receipts, as defined in Rule 26(a) (Paid Attendance), the same being made payable to the Commissioner’s Office.

Rule 45

DIVISION OF POST-SEASON RECEIPTS

The gate receipts from the World Series, from the first four games of each League Championship Series, from the first three games of each Division Series, and from the Wild Card games (which shall be remitted by the participating Clubs to the Office of the Commissioner within 24 hours after the completion of each game) shall be divided as follows:

(a) COMMISSIONER. Fifteen percent from all World Series games shall be paid to the Office of the Commissioner. A percentage set annually by the Commissioner, and approved by the Major League Executive Council, in accordance with Rule 26(b) (Assessment of Paid Attendance Receipts), from all League Championship Series, Division Series, and Wild Card games shall be paid to the Office of the Commissioner.
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MLR 45(b)

(b) PLAYERS.

(1) Creation of Pool. One players’ pool shall be created from the World Series, the two League Championship Series, the four Division Series, and the two Wild Card games. Contributions shall be made into the pool as follows:

(A) Sixty percent of the total gate receipts from the first four World Series games;
(B) Sixty percent of the total gate receipts from the first four games of each League Championship Series; and
(C) Sixty percent of the total gate receipts from the first three games (four if the Division Series is expanded to the best of seven games) of each Division Series.

(D) Fifty percent of the total gate receipts from each Wild Card Game after deducting the traveling expenses of the visiting Clubs (up to a maximum of $100,000 per Club) from the total gate.

(2) Distribution of Pool. The players’ pool shall be apportioned and distributed to the players, by Club, by the Secretary-Treasurer as follows:

(A) Thirty-six percent to the team winning the World Series.
(B) Twenty-four percent to the team losing the World Series.
(C) Twenty-four percent to be divided equally between the losing teams in each of the two League Championship Series.
(D) Thirteen percent to be divided equally among the losing teams in each of the four Division Series.
(E) Three percent to be divided equally between the losing teams in each of the Wild Card Games.

(3) How Apportioned. At meetings presided over by the player representatives, the players’ pool shall be apportioned according to the vote of all players of each team referred to in Rule 45(b)(2) who

(A) are eligible to participate in the World Series for that year under Rule 40 if their team wins its League Championship; and

(B) have been with their respective Major League Clubs (i.e., on a Major League Active, Injured, Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency, Paternity, Suspended or Military List of such Major League Club, or on assignment from another Major League organization not yet reported) on and subsequent to June 1 of the current year.
Attendance at each such meeting shall be limited to players, except that the field manager, prior to being excused from such meeting, shall be given first the opportunity to express his views as to the division of the pool. At the invitation of the player representative, the field manager may be present during the remainder of the meeting, or any part thereof. Club personnel are otherwise prohibited from attempting to influence, or interfere with, the players’ division of the pool, either before or after the vote is completed. The vote of the players shall not be subject to alteration, except as may be required to conform to the Major League Rules.

The Office of the Commissioner shall send a draft of the voting schedules to the Players Association for approval before transmitting the final schedules to the Club. On or before the final day of the championship season, the player representative shall provide the Club with the schedules reflecting the vote of the players. The player representative shall execute the schedules and complete them in his own handwriting. The Club shall, within 48 hours of receipt from the player representatives, submit copies of such executed and handwritten schedules to the Commissioner’s Office and the Players Association.

(4) Eligibility. All players and managers with their respective Major League Clubs (i.e., on a Major League Active, Injured, Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency, Paternity, Suspended or Military List of such Major League Club, or on assignment from another Major League organization not yet reported) on and subsequent to June 1 of the current year and eligible to participate in the World Series for the current year under Rule 40 shall receive a full share. Players and managers not with their respective teams on and subsequent to June 1 of the current year, two certified athletic trainers and one strength and conditioning coach shall be entitled only to such shares as are voted by the players entitled to receive a full share.

A player who, during the year, has been a member of more than one Club shall be entitled to receive such shares as may be voted to the player by the players of any participating Clubs of which the player was a member, provided that the total amount voted to a player shall not exceed the larger of the amounts receivable by a player voted a full share by any such Club. The term “a full share” shall be construed to mean one equal part (disregarding fractional differences) of the funds payable to the team, according to the total number of shares, after deducting or allowing for the special allotments as voted by the players.

All other non-uniformed personnel (including, but not limited to, spring training coaches, traveling secretaries, clubhouse personnel,
media relations personnel, scouts, and members of the grounds crew) shall not be eligible to receive a percentage share of the players’ pool, but shall be eligible to receive cash awards of defined dollar value; provided, however, that no cash award may exceed the value of a full share. Notwithstanding the above, the following individuals are not eligible to receive, or be paid, any money out of the players’ pool: employees of a Club in an executive level position (including, but not limited to, general manager, assistant general manager, or director of baseball operations), club-affiliated physicians, individuals employed or otherwise retained by the Commissioner’s Office, including Resident Security Agents (RSAs), or individuals on the Ineligible List at the time the distribution is made.

(5) Pooling Shares Penalized. Any player or person who shall promise or agree to pool his or her interest, apportionment or share in any of said receipts or funds with any other person or persons entitled to participate in the apportionment of such receipts or funds; or who shall give, or promise to give, any part thereof to a player, coach, official or employee of any other Major League Club, or to a Major League umpire; or who shall solicit or attempt to induce a player or other person to make any such promise, agreement or gift; or who, being solicited to make any such promise, agreement, or gift, shall fail to inform the Commissioner immediately of such solicitation, and of all facts and circumstances connected therewith, shall be subject to such penalties (including forfeiture of his or her apportionment or share, fine, suspension, and/or temporary or permanent ineligibility) as, in the judgment of the Commissioner, the facts and circumstances in the particular case may warrant.

(c) CLUBS—COMMISSIONER’S OFFICE.

(1) World Series. After the fifteen percent payable to the Office of the Commissioner and the sixty percent which forms the players’ pool in the first four games of the World Series, as required by Rule 45(b)(1)(A), the balance of the gate receipts shall be equally divided between the two participating Major League Clubs.

(2) League Championship Series.

(A) After the percentage payable to the Commissioner’s Office pursuant to Rule 45(a) and the sixty percent which forms the players’ pool in the first four League Championship Series games in each League, as required by Rule 45(b)(1)(B), the balance of the
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 45(c) to 45(d)

gate receipts from said four League Championship Series games of a League shall be equally divided between the two Clubs participating in the League Championship Series of that League.

(B) If the League Championship Series games in a League shall exceed four, the gate receipts of such playoff games in excess of four shall be divided as follows: first, the Commissioner’s Office shall be paid the percentage described in Rule 45(a), and then the remaining receipts shall be equally divided between the two Clubs participating in the League Championship Series of that League.

(3) Division Series.

(A) After the percentage payable to the Commissioner’s Office pursuant to Rule 45(a) and the sixty percent which forms the players’ pool in the first three Division Series games in each Division Series, as required by Rule 45(b)(1)(C), the balance of the gate receipts from said three Division Series games in each Division Series shall be equally divided between the two Clubs participating in such Division Series.

(B) If the games in a Division Series shall exceed three, the gate receipts of such playoff games in excess of three shall be divided as follows: first, the Commissioner’s Office shall be paid the percentage described in Rule 45(a), and then the remaining receipts shall be equally divided between the two Clubs participating in such Division Series.

(4) Wild Card. After the percentage payable to the Commissioner’s Office pursuant to Rule 45(a) and the fifty percent which forms the players’ pool in the Wild Card games, as required by Rule 45(b)(1)(D), the balance of the gate receipts from the Wild Card games shall be equally divided between the two Clubs participating in each Wild Card game.

(d) GUARANTEE OF PLAYERS’ POOL.

(1) To the extent, if any, that the players’ pool provides a total of less than $4,608,000 for the World Series winner, the amount to be distributed to such winner shall be increased to $4,608,000. To the extent, if any, that the players’ pool provides a total of less than $3,072,000 for the World Series loser, the amount to be distributed to such loser shall be increased to $3,072,000.
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MLR 45(d) to 47

(2) To the extent, if any, that the players’ pool provides a total of less than $3,072,000 for both League Championship Series losers ($1,536,000 each), the amount to be distributed to such losers shall be increased to $3,072,000 ($1,536,000 each).

(3) To the extent, if any, that the players’ pool provides a total of less than $1,664,000 ($416,000 each) for the Division Series losers, the total amount to be distributed to such Division Series losers shall be increased to $1,664,000 ($416,000).

(4) To the extent, if any, that the players’ pool provides a total of less than $384,000 ($192,000) for the Wild Card losers, the total amount to be distributed to such Wild Card losers shall be increased to $384,000 ($192,000).

(5) If, during the term of any Basic Agreement in effect between the Major Leagues and the Major League Baseball Players Association, the Clubs raise World Series ticket prices, the guarantees set forth subparagraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this Rule 45(d) shall be increased a pro rata amount, such amount established by averaging the percentage increase of a box seat ticket and the percentage increase of a reserved seat ticket and increasing each guarantee by such percentage.

Rule 46

BONUS FORBIDDEN

(a) PROHIBITION. Neither of the contesting Clubs shall give or pay a bonus or prize to any or all of its players before or after the completion of the series, and a player released or transferred by a Club and thereafter signed by another Club in the same League shall not participate in the proceeds of such series as a present or reward from the player’s former teammates, the releasing Club or any of its officials.

(b) PENALTIES. Violations of this Rule 46 are punishable by a fine to be imposed by the Commissioner. The amount of the fine may equal but shall not exceed the aggregate amount paid to any and all players in violation of this Rule 46, notwithstanding the limitations of penalties set forth in Rule 50.

Rule 47

EXHIBITION GAMES

Both teams that contest in the World Series are required to disband immediately after its close and the members thereof are forbidden to
participate as individuals or as a team in exhibition games during the year in which that World Championship was decided; provided, however, that the Commissioner may grant permission to individual members of the two teams on their application to participate in such exhibition games, on conditions to be prescribed by the Commissioner, but in no event shall such permission authorize the appearance in any one exhibition game of more than three players out of the joint membership of the two World Series teams, nor shall such permission authorize the playing of any such exhibition games after 30 days following the close of the Major League championship season.

Rule 48

OBLIGATIONS OF PARTICIPANTS

Each of the Clubs, players, and umpires, participating or eligible to participate in a World Series, or in any series played or to be played under these Rules and under the Commissioner’s auspices, shall faithfully carry out all the provisions of these Rules and regulations, and such others as may hereafter be made to govern such games, and shall not abandon such series, or any game thereof, until it shall have been legally terminated. Any such participant who in connection with any such series or game shall violate any of the Major League or World Series Rules (including particularly but not exclusively Rule 21 (Misconduct)) shall be subject to forfeiture, in whole or in part, of the share of the receipts or other compensation which otherwise would accrue to such participant, and/or to such other penalties, including ineligibility, as the Commissioner, upon consideration of the facts and circumstances connected therewith, shall determine.

Rule 49

[Reserved]

Rule 50

ENFORCEMENT OF MAJOR LEAGUE RULES

(a) PENALTIES. In case the Commissioner shall determine that a League or a Club has violated any of the foregoing Rules, as to which penalty provisions are not otherwise set forth in the Major League Constitution or Major League Rules, the Commissioner may take action consistent with the Commissioner’s powers under the Major League Constitution.
(b) PAYMENT OF FINES. Upon notification of fine, it shall become the duty of the League or Club to make prompt payment thereof to the Commissioner. In case of non-payment, the Commissioner may suspend the benefit of any or all of these Rules as respects the League or Club in default until such time as payment is made.

(c) CONTINUITY OF ASSIGNMENTS, AGREEMENTS AND TRANSACTIONS. All assignments whether optional or otherwise of players’ contracts and all agreements and/or other transactions involving players’ contracts mentioned in or provided for by the Major League Constitution and the Major League Rules shall be given, and shall have the same force and effect for all and every purpose, notwithstanding the stock ownership or control either directly or indirectly by any one Club or by a stockholder or stockholders of any one Club in/or of one or more other Clubs.

Provided further that in no event shall ownership and/or control directly or indirectly be permitted by one Club or by a stockholder or the stockholders of one Club in another Club of the same League.

Rule 51

CLASSIFICATION OF MINOR LEAGUES

(a) LEAGUE CLASSIFICATIONS. Each Minor League shall be classified as a Class AAA, Class AA, Class A, Short-Season A or Rookie League. Leagues in the Class A classification shall be given the further subclassification of Full-Season A or Class A-Advanced. Leagues in the Rookie classification also shall be given the further subclassification of Rookie or Rookie-Advanced. The subclassification in which a Class A or Rookie League is placed shall be determined each year by the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, after consultation with the Minor League Association and the President of the affected Minor League.

(b) COMPOSITION. The composition of player rosters for Minor League Clubs at the Class AAA and AA levels shall not be limited based on length of prior Minor League service. For Minor League Clubs at the Class A, Short-Season A and Rookie League levels, however, the composition of player rosters shall be based on length of prior Minor League service as described in this Rule 51(b).

(1) Length of Service. The following limitations shall apply to the length of prior Major or Minor League service that a player on the Active List of a Minor League Club may have. For purposes of this Rule 51, a player shall be credited with a year of “Minor League
Service” for each championship season in which the player was on the Active or Injured List of a Major League or Minor League Club for at least 30 days, provided, however, that a player who has spent one or more championship seasons on an Injured List shall have one year of “Minor League Service” subtracted from the player’s total. A player’s time on the Active or Injured List of a Minor League Club in a Rookie classification Minor League entirely outside the United States and Canada shall not count toward “Minor League Service” for purposes of Rules 51(b)(1)(A) through (E).

(A) Class A-Advanced: No more than two players and one player-coach on the Active List may have six or more years of prior Minor League Service.

(B) Full-Season A: No more than two players on the Active List may have five or more years of prior Minor League Service.

(C) Short-Season A: No more than three players on the Active List may have four or more years of prior Minor League Service.

(D) Rookie-Advanced (in the United States or Canada): No more than three players on the Active List may have three or more years of prior Minor League Service.

(E) Rookie (in the United States or Canada): No player on the Active List may have three or more years of prior Minor League Service.

(F) Rookie (entirely outside the United States and Canada): No player on the Active List may have four or more years of prior Minor League Service.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Rule 51(b)(1), a player may play during one season without regard to prior length of service if the player is a pitcher who is changing positions to become a non-pitcher or is a non-pitcher changing positions to become a pitcher. Any player playing pursuant to this exception may not pitch if the player was formerly a pitcher and may not play at a position other than pitcher if the player was formerly a non-pitcher.

(2) Roster Requirements—Pitchers. In addition to the Active List limits set forth in Rule 2 (Player Limits and Reserve Lists), the Active Rosters of all Minor League Clubs at the Short-Season A and Rookie (both Rookie-Advanced and Rookie) levels shall include at least 10 pitchers as of July 1 of the championship season.
MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE TERRITORIAL RIGHTS

(a) HOME TERRITORY.

   (1) Each Major and Minor League Club shall be granted protected territorial rights covering a specific geographic area, called a “home territory,” unless a Club and League agree to forego a home territory pursuant to an exception obtained in accordance with Rule 52(d).

   (2) Attachment 52, appended to these Rules, identifies and defines each home territory. The Major League Club home territories in Attachment 52 shall be the operating territories set forth in the Major League Constitution. Attachment 52 shall be revised by the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association, who shall have obtained all approvals required by the Minor League Association, without a vote of the Major League Clubs as home territories are redefined or as Major and Minor League Clubs are added to, or deleted from, or permitted to relocate by, their respective Leagues.

   (3) If the governing document of the Minor League Association so provides, territorial rights protected by this Rule 52 may be granted to a Minor League Club through the League of which the Club is a member. Any home territory so granted shall be the possession of the League, and any waivers of such League rights must first be approved by the League.

   (4) No Major or Minor League Club may play its home games within the home territory or within 15 miles from the boundary of the home territory of any other Minor League Club, and no Minor League Club may play its home games within the home territory or within 15 miles of the home territory of any Major League Club, except pursuant to a grant of protected territory or an exception obtained in accordance with Rule 52(d). The territorial rights of Major League Clubs with respect to other Major League Clubs are governed by Rule 1 (Circuits) and by the Major League Constitution, and are not governed by this Rule 52. The territorial rights of Minor League Clubs with respect to other Minor League Clubs are also governed by the governing document of the Minor League Association to the extent that such governing document supplements this Rule 52.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 52(b) to 52(c)

(b) NEW TERRITORIES.

(1) With the exception of the home territories set forth in Attachment 52:

(A) the home territory of each Minor League Club must have boundaries that are no closer than 15 miles from the boundaries of all other Major and Minor League Clubs’ home territories, unless Rule 52(b)(1)(C) applies;

(B) the home territory of each Major League Club must have boundaries that are no closer than 15 miles from the boundaries of all Minor League Clubs’ home territories, unless Rule 52(b)(1)(C) applies;

(C) a Major or Minor League Club is not in violation of this Rule 52 and may establish a newly created home territory that is adjacent to the existing home territory of another Club if the ballpark or proposed ballpark within the newly created home territory is greater than 50 miles from the boundaries of the existing home territory of the other Club; and

(D) the home territory of each Major and Minor League Club must be defined by the boundary lines of an entire county or counties (or parish or Canadian division or district), unless a Club agrees to forego a home territory pursuant to an exception granted in accordance with Rule 52(d).

(2) The 15-mile “buffer” is not included as part of a Club’s home territory and may coincide (in whole or in part) with the 15-mile “buffer” surrounding another Club’s home territory.

(3) If a Club wishes to establish a territory outside the United States or Canada, the Commissioner and President of the Minor League Association may agree to recognize a boundary not defined by county boundaries or the equivalent.

(c) OVERLAPPING TERRITORIES. An “overlap” exists if the boundary of a home territory overlaps the boundary of another home territory or is within 15 miles of the boundary of another home territory.

(1) Overlap Between a Major League Club and a Minor League Club. If an overlap exists between a Major League Club and a Minor League Club:

(A) neither Club may play its home games within 15 miles of the boundary of the other Club’s home territory; and
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 52(c) to 52(d)

(B) the home territory of the Minor League Club may not be shared with, drafted by or otherwise acquired by another Minor League or Minor League Club without the written consent of the Major League Club in accordance with Rule 52(d)(1). This Rule 52(c)(1)(B) shall not apply if the entering Minor League Club’s ballpark or proposed ballpark is greater than 50 miles from the boundaries of the home territory of the Major League Club.

(2) Overlaps Among Minor League Clubs. Overlaps of Minor League Clubs with respect to other Minor League Clubs are governed by the governing document of the Minor League Association and are not covered by this Rule 52.

(d) EXCEPTIONS. Exceptions to the requirements of this Rule 52 may be permitted as follows:

(1) Consent. A Major or Minor League Club may establish a home territory or play its home games in a location otherwise prohibited by this Rule 52 only if the Club first obtains the written consent of each Minor League and Major or Minor League Club whose territorial protection would otherwise be violated and of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, in the case of the territorial protection of a Major League Club that would otherwise be violated. In the case of a Minor League Club seeking to establish a home territory or play its games in a location that otherwise would violate the territorial protection of a Major League Club pursuant to this Rule 52, such written consents shall be obtained before the filing of a request for relocation of the Minor League Club pursuant to Rule 53(b) (Relocation of Minor League Clubs). A written consent may condition or limit the exception. Such consent may be revoked only according to the written terms of the consent. Any Minor League Club, Minor League, prospective Minor League Club, prospective Minor League Club owner or any person acting on behalf of any of the foregoing who wishes to explore the possibility of establishing a home territory or playing its home games in a location otherwise prohibited by this Rule 52 shall obtain, before making any such exploration, inquiries or comments (either public or private), the written permission of each Major League Club whose territorial protection would otherwise be violated by the establishment of such home territory or by the playing of such games.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 52(d)

(2) Draft of Territory.

(A) By Major League Club. A Major League Club may draft a Minor League Club's home territory pursuant to Article IX of the Professional Baseball Agreement. A drafting Major League Club shall not be required to include as part of its home territory each county (or its equivalent) that the Club drafts or is required to draft. A Minor League Club that receives written consent to remain in a drafted territory in accordance with Article IX of the Professional Baseball Agreement shall retain such territorial rights as provided in the written consent. Notwithstanding Rule 52(a)(4) and Article IX(C) of the Professional Baseball Agreement, a drafting Major League Club may play its home games in the territory of a Minor League Club so long as the Major or Minor League or Major or Minor League Club has notified the Commissioner of its request that a Board of Arbitration determine compensation pursuant to Article IX of the Professional Baseball Agreement. The drafting Major League Club shall not, however, have any territorial protection under this Rule 52 until it shall have paid the compensation required by Article IX of the Professional Baseball Agreement. If a Minor League Club's territory is drafted, a Minor League Club may relocate from the drafted territory immediately, subject to the procedures of Rule 53 (Minor League Expansion, Contraction, Relocation, and Reclassification), without forfeiting or waiving any right it may have to seek compensation for the draft of territory, notwithstanding the provision in Rule 52(g) (Loss of Territorial Rights) that the territory of a relocated Club shall be considered unprotected and “open territory.” If Article IX of the Professional Baseball Agreement provides that a Major League Club is not required to draft the territory of a Minor League Club, the Major League Club may establish a home territory that is adjacent to the home territory of that Minor League Club.

(B) By Minor League Club. A Minor League Club may draft the territory of a Minor League Club of lower classification pursuant to applicable rules of the Clubs’ Minor League Association. If the territory of the Minor League Club of lower classification overlaps with the territory of a Major League Club, the drafting Minor League Club must obtain the consent of the Major League Club in accordance with Rule 52(c)(1)(B).
(e) RECOGNITION OF FUTURE RIGHTS. A Minor League Club that has been granted approval under all applicable rules and agreements to relocate or to operate an expansion Club shall enjoy full protection under this Rule 52 of the home territory granted as part of the expansion or relocation approval, conditioned upon the Club commencing play of its home games on or before the date specified in the approval. The Commissioner shall have 15 days from the date the Commissioner receives the written approval by the President of the Minor League Association of the proposed expansion or relocation to review the proposed expansion or relocation in accordance with Rule 53 (Minor League Expansion, Contraction, Relocation, and Reclassification). During that 15-day period, a Major League or Major League Club that applies for the rights to the same territory shall be given preference.

(f) APPROVAL OF MINOR LEAGUE TERRITORIAL RIGHTS. All grants of protected territory to Minor League Clubs must first be approved by the President of the Minor League Association and by the Commissioner and must otherwise be in accordance with these Rules.

(g) LOSS OF TERRITORIAL RIGHTS. If a Minor League Club has relocated or has otherwise lost its rights to a home territory pursuant to the rules of its Minor League Association, the Club's original home territory or the home territory to which the Club has lost its rights shall be considered unprotected and “open territory.” No Minor League or Minor League Club may assert any rights with respect to such “open territory” against any Major League Club or the Commissioner’s Office, including in any draft of territory pursuant to Rule 52(d)(2)(A) and Article IX of the Professional Baseball Agreement or arbitration in connection with such draft of territory, nor may any Minor League or Minor League Club assert any claim to damage related to or arising out of such “open territory” in connection with any such draft of territory or any such arbitration. Nothing in this Rule 52(g) shall be construed as limiting the compensation that a Minor League or Minor League Club may claim in an Article IX proceeding under the Professional Baseball Agreement when the Minor League Club vacates a territory after having been notified of the draft of such Minor League Club’s territory by a Major League Club.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 53(a)

Rule 53

MINOR LEAGUE EXPANSION, CONTRACTION, RELOCATION,
AND RECLASSIFICATION

(a) EXPANSIONS OR CONTRACTIONS OF MINOR LEAGUES.

(1) Approval of Expansions or Contractions Proposed by Minor Leagues. If a Minor League intends to expand or reduce the number of its member Clubs, it must notify in writing the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association of its intention to expand or contract at least 18 months before opening day of the season in which the proposed expansion or contraction would take effect. In the event that unique or emergency circumstances are presented that justify an expansion or contraction at a time when the required prior notice of intent is not possible, the approval required under this Rule 53 may nevertheless be granted if the other requirements are met.

A League proposing to expand must establish to the satisfaction of the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association that a Major League Club is committed to purchase or enter into a PDC with the proposed expansion Club. The Commissioner and/or the President of the League's Minor League Association also may request any additional information that is reasonably necessary to their review of a proposed expansion or contraction of a Minor League. This additional information shall include (but not be limited to) data establishing that the proposed expansion Club will enhance the development of future Major League players and will be capable of sound operations.

A decision by the President of the League’s Minor League Association to disapprove an expansion or contraction proposed by a Minor League shall be final. If the President of the League’s Minor League Association approves the proposed expansion or contraction, the proposal shall be sent to the Commissioner for the Commissioner’s review. The Commissioner shall give due deference to the decision of the President of the Minor League Association, but may disapprove the proposed expansion or contraction if the Commissioner concludes

(A) that the President of the Minor League Association failed in some material respect to adhere to the review and approval procedures in this Rule 53;

(B) that the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in approving the proposed expansion or contraction; or
(C) that the proposed expansion or contraction is not in the best interests of Baseball.

In exercising authority under this Rule 53(a)(1), the Commissioner shall act in good faith.

(2) Approval of Expansions Proposed by Major League Clubs or the Commissioner’s Designee. If a Major League Club or the Commissioner’s designee determines that player development needs cannot be met by a Major League Club entering into a PDC with an existing Minor League Club, the Major League Club or the Commissioner’s designee may request a Minor League to expand the number of its member Clubs so long as the Minor League (or combination of Minor Leagues operating under a joint schedule) continues to have an even number of Clubs. Such a request must be accompanied by a commitment to purchase or enter into a PDC with a Club added to the League and must be made in writing to the Minor League President, the President of the Minor League Association, and the Commissioner at least 18 months before opening day of the season in which the proposed expansion would take effect. In the event that unique or emergency circumstances are presented that justify an expansion at a time when the required prior notice is not possible, the approval required under this Rule 53 may nevertheless be granted if the other requirements are met.

If either the Minor League or the President of the Minor League Association refuses to approve a request for expansion made by a Major League Club or the Commissioner’s designee, the Major League Club or the Commissioner’s designee, as the case may be, may appeal to the Commissioner. In considering such an appeal, the Commissioner shall give due deference to the decision of the Minor League President and the President of the Minor League Association, but may direct that the requested expansion be accomplished if the Commissioner concludes

(A) that the President of the Minor League Association failed in some material respect to adhere to the review and approval procedures in this Rule 53;

(B) that the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in refusing to approve the request for expansion; or

(C) that the disapproval of the requested expansion is not in the best interests of Baseball.
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MLR 53(a) to 53(b)

In exercising authority under this Rule 53(a)(2), the Commissioner shall act in good faith.

(3) Approval of Contractions or Alternate Arrangements Proposed by Major Leagues. If the Major Leagues contract one or more Major League Clubs, then the Commissioner may request a Minor League to reduce the number of its member Clubs so long as the Minor League (or combination of Minor Leagues operating under a joint schedule) continues to have an even number of Clubs. Such request shall be made through the President of the Minor League Association. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall discuss with the President of the Minor League Association the terms and conditions of the proposed contraction, which may include, without limitation, changes in classification pursuant to Rule 53(c) (Change in Classification(s) of Minor Leagues or League Affiliations of Minor League Clubs), the establishment of co-op PDCs pursuant to Rule 56(a) (Exclusivity), the establishment of independent Minor League Clubs (see Rule 60(r) (Definitions)) and/or other actions, as the facts and circumstances may warrant. If the President of the Minor League Association approves the request for contraction, then the affected Minor Leagues shall implement the contraction on the terms and conditions agreed to between the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and the President of the Minor League Association.

(b) RELOCATION OF MINOR LEAGUE CLUBS. If a Minor League Club intends to move to a new location, it must notify in writing the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association of its intention to relocate at least 18 months before opening day of the season in which it would begin operations at the new location. In the event that unique or emergency circumstances are presented that justify a relocation at a time when the required prior notice of intent is not possible, the approval required under this Rule 53 may nevertheless be granted if the other requirements are met. The Commissioner and/or the President of the Club’s Minor League Association may request any documents or other data that are reasonably necessary to their review of the Club’s proposal to relocate.

In reviewing the proposed relocation, the President of the Club’s Minor League Association shall require the Minor League Club proposing the relocation to establish that improved business operations (taking into account the quality of playing facility and classification of play involved) and/or improved player development will be achieved at the proposed new location. A disapproval of a proposed relocation by the President of the Club’s Minor League Association shall be final. If the President of the
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Club’s Minor League Association approves the proposed relocation, the proposal shall be sent to the Commissioner for review. The Commissioner shall give due deference to the decision of the President of the Club’s Minor League Association, but may disapprove the proposed relocation if the Commissioner concludes

1. that the President of the Minor League Association failed in some material respect to adhere to the review and approval procedures in this Rule 53;

2. that the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in approving the proposed relocation; or

3. that the relocation would not be in the best interests of Baseball.

In exercising authority under this Rule 53(b), the Commissioner shall act in good faith and shall endeavor to preserve the full value of Minor League franchises.

(c) CHANGE IN CLASSIFICATION(S) OF MINOR LEAGUES OR LEAGUE AFFILIATIONS OF MINOR LEAGUE CLUBS. If a Minor League Club intends to change its classification or if a Minor League Club intends to change its League affiliation (for the purpose of changing classification or otherwise), it must notify in writing the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association of its intention to make such a change at least 18 months before opening day of the season in which the proposed change would take effect. In the event that unique or emergency circumstances are presented that justify a change in a Minor League’s classification or a Minor League Club’s League affiliation at a time when the required prior notice of intent is not possible, the approval required under this Rule 53 may nevertheless be granted if the other requirements are met.

The Commissioner and/or the President of the Club’s Minor League Association may request any documents or other data that are reasonably necessary to their review of a proposed change in a Minor League’s classification or the League affiliation of a Minor League Club. A decision by the President of the Minor League Association to disapprove such a proposed change shall be final. If the President of the Minor League Association approves the proposed change, the proposal shall be sent to the Commissioner for review. In reviewing a proposal to change a Minor League classification or a Minor League Club’s League affiliation, the Commissioner shall give due deference to the decision of the President of the Minor League Association, but may disapprove the proposed change in classification or affiliation if the Commissioner concludes that
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MLR 53(c) to 53(d)

(1) the President of the Minor League Association failed in some material respect to adhere to the review and approval procedures in this Rule 53;

(2) the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in approving the proposed change in classification or League affiliation; or

(3) the proposed change would not be in the best interests of Baseball.

In exercising authority under this Rule 53(c), the Commissioner shall act in good faith and shall endeavor to preserve the full value of Minor League franchises.

(d) ADMISSION OF NEW LEAGUES TO A MINOR LEAGUE ASSOCIATION. If a Minor League Association intends to add a Minor League, it must notify the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee in writing of its intention to do so at least 18 months before opening day of the season in which the additional league would become a member of such Minor League Association. In the event that unique or emergency circumstances are presented that justify adding a league at a time when the required prior notice of intent is not possible, the approval required under this Rule 53 may nevertheless be granted if the other requirements are met.

A league proposing to join a Minor League Association as a Minor League must establish to the satisfaction of the President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee that it is capable of and committed to complying fully with the Major League Rules as of October 31 of the year preceding the first championship season such league intends to operate as a Minor League member of the Minor League Association. Prior to approval for admission to a Minor League Association, a league proposing to join the Minor League Association as a Minor League, and all clubs that are members of such league, shall release from all obligations any player who is under reserve to, or on the Negotiation List of, any Major or Minor League Club. The President of the Minor League Association and/or the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee also may request any additional information that is reasonably necessary to their review of a proposed admission of a Minor League to the Minor League Association. Each club that is a member of a league proposing to join a Minor League Association as a Minor League shall undergo the review and approval process set forth in Rule 54(a) (Approval of Control Interest Transfers). The President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall have the right to require such league and its member clubs to take such
actions as the President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee may deem necessary, in the sole and absolute discretion of either, to effect the admission of such league and its member clubs to the Minor League Association consistent with the Major League Rules and other applicable agreements, regulations, guidelines and policies.

No Minor League shall be admitted to a Minor League Association without the approval of the President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. A decision by the President of the Minor League Association to disapprove the admission of a Minor League shall be final. If the President of the Minor League Association approves the proposed admission of a Minor League, the proposal shall be sent to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee for review. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall give due deference to the decision of the President of the Minor League Association, but may disapprove the proposed admission if the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee concludes

(1) that the President of the Minor League Association failed in some material respect to adhere to the review and approval procedures in this Rule 53 and in Rule 54 (Regulation of Minor League Franchises);

(2) that the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in approving the proposed admission; or

(3) that the proposed admission is not in the best interests of Baseball.

In exercising authority under this Rule 53(d), the Commissioner and the Commissioner’s designee shall act in good faith.

Rule 54

REGULATION OF MINOR LEAGUE FRANCHISES

(a) APPROVAL OF CONTROL INTEREST TRANSFERS.

(1) No Minor League franchise shall be leased or sublet to any operator other than the actual franchise holder unless approval is granted by its League, the President of its Minor League Association and the Commissioner. No Minor League Club may pledge its franchise (including its protected territorial rights) as security for any indebtedness unless it has first received the prior approval of its League, the President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner.
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(2) No sale, transfer, assignment, gift or bequest (including but not limited to the granting of a security interest) of any interest in a Minor League Club shall occur without the prior written approval of the President of the Minor League Association. The President of the Minor League Association shall determine whether a proposed transaction constitutes a Control Interest transfer subject to the enhanced review required by this Rule 54, and a determination of such issue by the President of the Minor League Association may not be appealed. The rules of Minor Leagues relating to ownership or Control Interest transfers, whether now existing or hereafter adopted, shall not be affected by this Rule 54 (so long as they are not inconsistent with this Rule 54) and any approval required from the League must be presented in writing to the President of the Minor League Association prior to his or her consideration. The term “Control Interest” is defined as the power or authority directly or indirectly to influence substantially the management policies of a Club. No approval under this Rule 54 is required for sales or transfers of Control Interests occurring pursuant to the terms of any written contract, option or right of first refusal executed on or before October 24, 1990.

(3) A Minor League Club must notify the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, the President of its Minor League Association and its League President, and provide to all three a detailed written description, of any Regulated Transaction in which the Minor League Club proposes to participate. Any written document memorializing the negotiations concerning the proposed Regulated Transaction (including a non-binding memorandum of understanding or a letter of intent) also must be disclosed as part of the required written description. If the President of the Minor League Association concludes that these documents do not contain adequate data, the President may require the submission of additional information in determining whether the proposed Regulated Transaction amounts to a “Control Interest” transfer. A “Regulated Transaction” is defined to include:

(A) sales or transfers of equity interests;

(B) loan agreements;

(C) stadium leases;

(D) television or radio rights sales;

(E) concession contracts having a potential duration of more than one year (including any options or renewals);
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(F) naming rights agreements; and  

(G) any contract having a potential duration (including any options or renewals) of five years or longer.  

A material failure to make disclosures or furnish information required under this Rule 54 may, at the discretion of the President of the Minor League Association, result in the transaction being rendered null and void and will subject the Minor League Club or its owner to such fines or other penalties as the President of the Minor League Association may impose. The Commissioner and the Commissioner’s designee, the President of the Minor League Association and the League Presidents shall treat the disclosures required by this Rule 54 as confidential information.  

(4) If the President of the Minor League Association determines that a proposed Regulated Transaction may involve a Control Interest transfer, the President shall so notify the Minor League Club and its League, and the Minor League Club must provide the following information.  

(A) In the case of a Control Interest transfer involving the transfer of an equity interest:  

(i) A non-refundable processing fee of $5,000 payable to the Minor League Association which may be waived if the President of the Minor League Association determines that the security investigation required by this Rule 54 has already been performed;  

(ii) The proposed organizational structure of the entity that will own and operate the Club;  

(iii) The names of all persons who will have an equity interest in the proposed ownership entity, the names of the individuals who will play active management roles, and the name of the individual who will have ultimate authority to act on all Club matters;  

(iv) Biographical information on all persons who will have an equity interest in the proposed ownership entity and/or play an active management role on behalf of the Club, together with any release necessary to enable the Commissioner’s Office (Security Division) and the President of the Minor League Association to conduct security investigations;  

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(v) A proposed three-year operating budget, and business plans and operating policies for the initial three years of new ownership;

(vi) As to each individual who will have a direct or indirect ownership interest of five percent or more, or who will have a Control Interest regardless of his or her ownership share, the most recent personal financial statement available or, if that is not available, his or her most recently filed personal federal income tax return and all attachments to the return;

(vii) If the acquiring entity is some enterprise other than a natural person, its audited (if available) or unaudited financial statements (including year-end balance sheets and statements of income) for the two most recent fiscal years, and the names of all partners, directors or principals in such entity;

(viii) Each potential owner (individual, corporate or otherwise) must identify any other enterprises or businesses in which he, she or it has an ownership interest of greater than five percent; in addition, all such potential owners must identify all professional sports, broadcasting, entertainment, cable or similar enterprises and any gambling-related businesses or enterprises in which such a person has any ownership or management interest, or is a trustee or director;

(ix) A detailed description of the sources of all financing that will be required to effect the proposed transaction, including the names of all lenders and underwriters and copies of commitment letters from the lenders and underwriters; and,

(x) Any additional information that the President of the Minor League Association may reasonably request.

(B) In the case of a Control Interest transfer other than a transfer of an equity interest, such information about the transaction or the parties as the President of the Minor League Association may reasonably request.

(5) After receiving the required information, and obtaining any required League approval, the President of the Minor League Association shall review the information and issue a decision as
promptly as permitted by the circumstances. In determining whether to approve a proposed transfer, the President of the Minor League Association shall be guided by the following principles:

(A) Responsibility and Accountability. All proposed new owners must adopt business policies consistent with sound fiscal management. There also must be clearly designated persons within the ownership structure who are accountable to the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association for the operation of the Club and for compliance with all applicable Baseball rules. A single person must be identified as being able to exercise control of the franchise and being responsible for and able to make all Club decisions. That individual must represent that he or she will participate actively in the operation of the Club and will regularly attend Minor League and Minor League Association meetings.

(B) Conflicts of Interest. The President of the Minor League Association may disapprove any Control Interest transfers that involve actual or potential conflicts of interest. Among other things, the President of the Minor League Association may consider the following factors in determining whether a proposed transaction presents an actual or potential conflict of interest.

(i) Forms of Organization. The President of the Minor League Association may disapprove any form of ownership or business organization that may be subject to statutory or regulatory restrictions inconsistent with sound operation of a baseball franchise. (For example, some types of government ownership or non-profit ownership might have legal restraints that would prevent or impede sound operations.)

(ii) Broadcasting Interests. The President of the Minor League Association may disapprove a transaction involving a broadcasting interest if the President determines that the proposed transaction may threaten the ability of the Minor Leagues and their Clubs or the Major League Clubs to market their broadcasting rights in an orderly manner.

(iii) Cross-Ownership and Agents. The President of the Minor League Association may disapprove the transfer of a Control Interest in a Minor League Club to a Major League Club that has a PDC with another Minor League Club in the same League. Similarly, the President may disapprove the transfer of a Control Interest in a Minor League Club to any
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entity that has an ownership interest in another Club in the same League. Further, the President of the Minor League Association may disapprove a transfer of a Control Interest in a Minor League Club to an entity that owns other Minor League Club interests if the President of the Minor League Association concludes that the transfer may create conflicts within the Minor League Association or the Minor League Association Board of Trustees, or if assets of one franchise are pledged to secure indebtedness incurred to purchase an interest in another franchise. Finally, the President of the Minor League Association may disapprove the transfer of an ownership interest in a Minor League Club to persons having agency relationships with players, owners or other employees of Major or Minor League Clubs.

(C) Financial Viability. All proposed new owners of Minor League Clubs must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the President of the Minor League Association that the franchise:

(i) Has and can maintain an equity-to-liabilities ratio of at least 55 to 45.

(ii) Has a ratio of current assets to current liabilities of at least 1.0 after any injection of capital by the new owner.

(iii) Has prepared Cash Budgets, Pro Forma Sources and Uses of Funds Statements, Pro Forma Financial Statements, or a business plan based on reasonable assumptions that shows the franchise will be able to fund the three-year operating budget described in Rule 54(a)(4)(A)(v).

(iv) In determining equity-to-liabilities ratio, the following rules apply:

(aa) Non-current baseball assets are reflected in the calculations at the greater of the amount reported in the Club's financial statement or $4,000,000 (AAA), $2,500,000 (AA), $1,000,000 (A) and $750,000 (Short A/Rookie).

(bb) All deferred revenues are excluded from the ratio calculation. This is accomplished by reducing both assets and liabilities by the amount of deferred revenues reported.
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(cc) For non-current, non-baseball assets, where appraisals are not available, historical cost is used as the basis of the asset.

(dd) Debt incurred for stadium acquisition or improvements (including video displays, scoreboards, etc.) is excluded from liabilities in the calculations.

(ee) Loans or advances from stockholders, partners, etc. are considered to be equity and, therefore, are excluded from liabilities in the calculations.

(ff) Loans or advances to stockholders, partners, etc. are considered to be equity reductions and, therefore, excluded from assets in the calculations unless it can be demonstrated by the Club that the amounts will be repaid within a reasonable time period. In these instances, the loans or advances will be considered noncurrent, non-baseball assets for 55-to-45 purposes.

(D) Subsidiary or Family Relationships. In determining whether to approve a Control Interest transfer, the President of the Minor League Association may consider whether ownership of a Minor League Club by a corporate subsidiary or relative of another owner might create a conflict of interest or is otherwise not conducive to sound operations. The President of the Minor League Association also may disapprove the transfer of a Control Interest in a Minor League Club to a relative of a person who would be subject to disapproval under this Rule 54.

(E) Local Ownership and/or Management. A prospective new owner of a Minor League Club also must establish that the franchise would be owned and/or managed by individuals with strong ties to the local community. This local ownership and/or management is necessary to assure an adequate local playing facility, solid fan support and long-term local government support. Moreover, the local ties of the new owner must be such that he or she has a strong interest in maintaining the stability of the franchise in its existing location. Any intent to relocate the franchise also must be stated.

(F) Gambling Interests. The President of the Minor League Association shall disapprove any transfer of any interest in a Minor League Club to a person or entity that has any ownership interest whether direct or indirect, or as sole proprietor,
shareholder, member, general or limited partner, trustee, trust beneficiary, or other beneficial owner, management ties to or relationships that create an appearance of ownership or control of (including, without limitation, landlord-tenant relationships) Legalized Gaming Enterprises (as defined in this Rule 54(a)(5)(F)). Notwithstanding the foregoing, such prohibition shall not be applicable to any investment interest in a Legalized Gaming Enterprise or Permitted Lottery (as defined in this Rule 54(a)(5)(F)) that does not represent in excess of 1% of any class of securities (or class of other ownership interests) of such entity. In addition, such prohibition shall not apply to the breeding and ownership of racehorses. The foregoing exceptions set forth in this Rule 54(a)(5)(F) shall not apply to any Legalized Gaming Enterprises that allow, or are seeking to allow, betting on professional or amateur sports or any other game that involves or refers to professional or amateur sports in any manner. As used in this Rule 54(a)(5)(F) and in Rule 54(a)(6):

(i) “Legalized Gaming Enterprises” shall include all entities that are engaged, directly or indirectly, in legalized gambling operations, including, without limitation, casinos, jai alai frontons, horse or dog race tracks, off-track betting organizations, gaming enterprises operating on riverboats and Indian reservations, and bingo parlors, as well as all entities or governmental authorities that own, operate, oversee or otherwise exercise any ownership or managerial control over any such entity (but shall not include “Permitted Lotteries,” as defined in Rule 54(a)(5)(F)(ii)); and

(ii) “Permitted Lotteries” shall include any federal, state or provincial lottery that does not offer, promote or have any involvement, whether direct or indirect, in any form of sports betting.

(6) No Minor League Club, nor any owner (whether direct or indirect, or as sole proprietor, shareholder, member, general or limited partner, trustee, trust beneficiary, or other beneficial owner), officers, directors or employees (whether full-time, part-time or seasonal) of a Minor League Club shall acquire or maintain an ownership interest in, management ties to or relationships that create an appearance of ownership or control of (including, without limitation, landlord-tenant relationships) Legalized Gaming Enterprises. Notwithstanding the foregoing, such prohibition shall not be applicable to any investment interest in a Legalized Gaming Enterprise or Permitted Lottery that
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does not represent in excess of 1% of any class of securities (or class of
other ownership interests) of such entity. In addition, such prohibition
shall not apply to the breeding and ownership of racehorses. The
foregoing exceptions set forth in this Rule 54(a)(6) shall not apply to
any Legalized Gaming Enterprises that allow, or are seeking to allow,
betting on professional or amateur sports or any other game that
involves or refers to professional or amateur sports in any manner.
“Legalized Gaming Enterprise” and “Permitted Lottery” are defined in
Rule 54(a)(5)(F) (Gambling Interests).

(7) If the President of the Minor League Association determines
that a proposed Regulated Transaction involves the transfer of an
equity interest but is not a Control Interest transfer, the President of the
Minor League Association shall require the Minor League Club to
provide such information about the potential non-Control Interest
owner or owners that the President of the Minor League Association
shall reasonably request, which shall include, but not be limited to, the
information described in Rules 54(a)(4)(A)(iii), (iv), (vi), (vii), (viii) and
(x).

(8) Authority of the Commissioner. In recognition of the interest
of Major League Baseball in the sound operations of Minor League
Clubs, the President of the Minor League Association shall furnish the
Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee all documents and other
information related to a proposed Regulated Transaction requested by
the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and shall consult
with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee before making a
decision on the question of approving such a transfer. The
Commissioner and the Commissioner’s designee shall treat such
documents and other information as confidential except that they may
be disclosed to the Major League Club party to a PDC with the Minor
League Club involved in the proposed transfer. The Commissioner or
the Commissioner’s designee may disapprove a Regulated Transaction
approved by the President of the Minor League Association if the
Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee previously had
recommended that the President of the Minor League Association
disapprove the Regulated Transaction, or may reverse a decision by the
President of the Minor League Association that a Regulated
Transaction is not a Control Interest transfer, if in either case the
Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee concludes that

(A) the President of the Minor League Association failed in
some material respect to adhere to the review and approval
procedures in this Rule 54;
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(B) the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in applying the standards in this Rule 54 governing review and approval of Regulated Transactions or in determining that a Regulated Transaction is not a Control Interest transfer; or

(C) a failure to subject a Regulated Transaction to the Control Interest transfer disclosure and review procedures in this Rule 54 is not in the best interests of Baseball or the Regulated Transaction itself is not in the best interests of Baseball.

If the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee disapproves a Regulated Transaction or reverses a decision that a Regulated Transaction is not a Control Interest transfer under this Rule 54, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall do so in writing as promptly as permitted by the circumstances and explaining the bases for such disapproval or reversal. The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall be deemed to have approved the transaction if such disapproval or reversal, as the case may be, is not delivered, by facsimile or otherwise, to the Minor League Association within

(D) 30 days, in the case of a Regulated Transaction that is not a Control Interest transaction, or

(E) 60 days, in the case of a Control Interest transaction,

as measured from the time that the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee receives complete information in regard to the proposed Regulated Transaction (including the approval of the Minor League Association, in the case of a Regulated Transaction that is not a Control Interest transaction, or written notice from the Minor League Association that it is prepared to approve the transaction, in the case of a Control Interest transaction), unless a request for an extension of time is granted. The Minor League Association shall grant requests for reasonable extensions of time when the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee makes good faith requests (i.e., requests not made for purposes of delay) to the President of the National Association for extensions of time based upon the need for more information, the existence of unusual circumstances (which may or may not relate to the particular transaction being considered) or other good cause. In exercising authority under this Rule 54, the Commissioner and the Commissioner’s designee shall act in good faith and shall endeavor to preserve the full value of Minor League franchises.
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(b) MONITORING CONTINUED FINANCIAL VIABILITY OF MINOR LEAGUE CLUBS.

(1) Disclosures of “Control Interest” Transactions. Each Minor League Club must provide the President of the Minor League Association with copies of all loan agreements, stadium leases, television or radio rights contracts, concession contracts having a potential duration of more than one year (including any options or renewals) and all contracts having a potential duration of five years or longer (including any options or renewals). In addition, all Minor League Clubs must provide the President of the Minor League Association with copies of all contracts involving a potential sale of an equity interest.

(2) Disclosures of Ownership Interests. Each Minor League Club annually must provide the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association with completed forms prescribed by agreement of the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association for reporting business ownership interest information on all persons or entities having an ownership interest in the franchise. The information disclosed shall include the extent of ownership interests in all professional baseball franchises and all business activities outside professional baseball but would not require the disclosure of personal financial information beyond the extent of such ownership interests.

(3) Maintenance of Sound Equity-to-Liabilities Ratios. Each Minor League Club annually must provide the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association with documentation establishing its equity-to-liabilities ratio. If the disclosed equity-to-liabilities ratio (as defined in Rule 54(a)(5)(C)(iv)) is less than 55 to 45, then the franchise is not in compliance with this Rule 54. The President of the Minor League Association shall calculate the level of the noncompliance and order a pro rata reduction of the level of noncompliance over a period which shall be no longer than three years. A failure at any point during this period to make a scheduled pro rata reduction in the equity-to-liabilities ratio shall subject the franchise to the penalties provided in this Rule 54 if compliance is not achieved within 60 days after notice of such failure.

(4) Annual Financial Disclosures. Within 90 days of the close of its fiscal year, each Minor League Club annually must disclose the financial information described in this Rule 54(b)(4) to the persons or entities
specified in this Rule 54(b)(4) (except as the Commissioner may waive such disclosures if and to the extent the Commissioner determines that uniform and adequate disclosures may be achieved in some less onerous manner).

(A) Audited Financial Statements. At the Commissioner’s request, a Minor League Club shall cooperate in the preparation (by a firm of Certified Public Accountants selected by the Commissioner) of an audited financial statement covering the Club’s operations for the fiscal year that includes the most recent championship season. As part of its obligation to cooperate with the firm of Certified Public Accountants selected by the Commissioner, the Minor League Club shall prepare a financial statement and provide the firm with access to all of its financial books, records and other relevant documents, including but not limited to the following:

- general ledger
- payroll registers
- cash receipts and disbursements journals
- tax returns, for past three years
- leases
- debt agreements (including lines of credit, letters of credit, etc.)
- employment contracts
- payroll tax information
- television and radio broadcast contracts
- pension and profit sharing agreements
- advertising agreements
- fixed asset records including leaseholds
- barter arrangements
- all insurance contracts
- concession agreements
- naming rights agreements
- bank statements
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• accounts receivable registers
• support for real estate and property tax assessments
• agreements with municipality regarding stadium use
• travel and entertainment detail
• contracts and details regarding arrangements with owners and other related parties
• minutes of board of directors, stockholders and board committee meetings
• letter(s) from outside counsel regarding legal status
• purchase and sales commitments
• stadium suite contracts
• parking contracts
• details of Club ownership
• supporting documentation for expenditures made by Club
• results of year-end physical inventory, with documentation
• ticket manifests
• box office settlement sheets

Upon completion, the audited financial statement shall be submitted to the Commissioner, the President of the Club’s Minor League Association and the Minor League Club and shall be kept confidential by the persons or entities to which they are disclosed. The cost of auditing the financial statement shall be borne entirely by the Office of the Commissioner. If the Commissioner requests an audit of an individual Minor League Club, the Commissioner also shall request audits of all other Clubs in the League.

(B) Standard Financial Reports. All Minor League Clubs also shall submit standard financial reports on the form appended to these Rules as Attachment 54 to the Commissioner and the President of its Minor League Association. The Commissioner may prepare consolidated statements (without names of particular
Clubs) from the standard financial reports and may disclose the consolidated statements to Minor Leagues, and to Major and Minor League Clubs, but not to the public.

(5) Penalties for Noncompliance. A Minor League Club that fails to make any disclosure or scheduled pro-rata reduction required by this Rule 54 in a timely manner shall be fined and/or subjected to such other penalties as the President of the Minor League Association may determine are appropriate, including but not limited to a fine assessed against such Club or its Owner in an amount not in excess of $50,000. In cases of failures to comply that are promptly cured, the President of the Minor League Association may waive the imposition of such fines or penalties. In any case of repeated failures or a single egregious failure, the President of the Minor League Association may, after investigation, order the Owner to divest his or her interest in the franchise. The Commissioner may act to impose a fine or penalty, that the Commissioner deems appropriate, if the Commissioner concludes in good faith that the President of the Minor League Association abused his or her discretion in enforcing compliance with the requirements of this Rule 54.

Rule 55

MINOR LEAGUE FREE AGENCY

(a) ELIGIBILITY FOR FREE AGENCY. At 5 p.m. Eastern Time on October 15 or on the fifth day following the last day of the World Series, whichever is later, of the last year of a player’s Minor League Uniform Player Contract, the player’s Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall expire and the player shall become a “Minor League free agent” unless the player’s Major or Minor League Club has remaining options to renew the contract. As a “Minor League free agent,” the player may negotiate and enter into a contract with any Major or Minor League Club beginning on the first day that year that a Major League free agent is eligible to sign with a different Major League Club upon expiration of the player’s Major League contract. A player who qualifies for Minor League free agency under this Rule 55(a), but who is not signatory to an expiring Minor League contract because he was assigned outright following the conclusion of the Minor League season, shall be deemed to have signed an expiring Minor League contract for that current year for these purposes.

(b) SUCCESSOR CONTRACT. A player shall not become a “Minor League free agent” if the player has entered into a successor contract with the player’s Major or Minor League Club or has been placed on the Major
League Reserve List before the expiration of the player’s Minor League Uniform Player Contract on the date described in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency). No negotiations for a successor contract may take place before the completion of the Minor League player’s championship season and playoffs or after 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the date the player’s Minor League Uniform Player Contract expires, as set forth in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency).

(c) LIST OF ELIGIBLE PLAYERS. On or before August 1 of each year, the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall prepare and circulate a list of all players (on both Major and Minor League Reserve Lists) whose Minor League Uniform Player Contracts have expired or are scheduled to expire following that season. This list shall be circulated immediately to all Major League Clubs and independent Minor League Clubs. All players on the list also shall be notified promptly that they may be eligible to become “Minor League free agents” on the following date described in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency).

(d) PETITIONS FOR CHANGES TO LIST. If a player believes that the player was erroneously omitted from the list circulated by the Commissioner, the player may petition the Commissioner at any time for a determination that the player is eligible to become a “Minor League free agent” as of the date described in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency). If a Major or Minor League Club believes that a player that it has under contract has been improperly included on the list circulated by the Commissioner, it may petition the Commissioner for a determination that its Minor League Uniform Player’s Contract with the player will not terminate on the following date described in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency) and that the player is therefore not eligible to become a “Minor League free agent.” The decision of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee regarding such a petition by a player or a Major or Minor League Club shall be final and shall not be challenged in any federal or state court, administrative agency or other tribunal.

(e) FINAL LIST. As soon as practicable after the date on which the player’s Minor League Uniform Player Contract expires, as set forth in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency), the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee shall issue to all Major League Clubs and independent Minor League Clubs a list of all players who have become “Minor League free agents” on the date described in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency).

(f) RESTRICTIONS ON OUTRIGHTING POTENTIAL MINOR LEAGUE FREE AGENT. A Club is not permitted to assign outright a player who is a potential Minor League free agent to the roster of a Minor
League Club on or after the date described in Rule 55(a) (Eligibility for Free Agency) unless such player has signed a Major League contract for the next season or has signed a letter of agreement with such Club describing the terms of a Major League contract for the next season.

Rule 56

STANDARD PLAYER DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT

(a) EXCLUSIVITY. In order for any Major League Club and any Minor League Club (including a Rookie League Club) to establish or maintain any form of working agreement or other contractual relationship, they both must sign a standard form letter (a copy of which is appended to these Rules as Attachment 56) binding them both to the terms and conditions of the standard Player Development Contract (“PDC”) set forth in this Rule 56. This standard PDC shall be the one and only form of working agreement or contract permitted between Major and Minor League Clubs. This standard PDC shall apply to all Major and Minor League Clubs (including Rookie League Clubs) regardless of their current contractual status, and the terms of this standard PDC shall automatically be substituted for the provisions of any existing PDC, working agreement or other contract between a Major and Minor League Club that by its terms otherwise would remain in effect after the 1990 season.

Any oral or written additions or amendments to the agreement between a Minor League Club and Major League Club(s) as represented by this standard PDC shall be null and void, and neither party to a PDC shall provide the other with money, equipment, services or any other forms of consideration in excess of the obligations prescribed by this standard PDC. No Major or Minor League Club may, directly or indirectly, provide, offer, request or solicit any economic benefits to or from a Major or Minor League Club different from the terms of this standard PDC in connection with the establishment, extension or maintenance of a PDC, nor may any Major or Minor League Club provide, offer, request or solicit any inducement related to the playing of exhibition games in connection with the establishment, extension or maintenance of a PDC. The Commissioner shall impose a fine of $500,000 on any Major League Club, and the President of the Minor League Association shall impose a fine of not more than $100,000 on any Minor League Club, that attempts to add to or alter this standard PDC in any way and/or to provide, offer, request or solicit any economic benefit (including any money, equipment, services or other forms of consideration) in excess of the obligations in this standard PDC.

If a single Minor League Club desires to establish or maintain a working agreement or other contractual relationship with two or more
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Major League Clubs, it must enter into a single standard PDC with those two or more Major League Clubs. The rights and obligations of a Minor League Club that is party to a single standard PDC with two or more Major League Clubs shall be the same as if it were party to a standard PDC with only one Major League Club. The aggregate rights and obligations of the two or more Major League Clubs that are party to a single PDC with a Minor League Club shall be the same as those of a single Major League Club that is party to a PDC. The two or more Major League Clubs may allocate their rights and responsibilities under the PDC between or among themselves as they see fit.

A Major League Club may, through ownership or a PDC, affiliate with no more than one Minor League Club per Minor League, or per full-season Class A sub-classification, unless the Commissioner, after having consulted with the President of the Minor League Association, provides prior consent to the affiliations proposed by the Major League Club. The Commissioner may terminate, in the Commissioner's discretion, a PDC of a Major League Club in any Minor League, or in any full-season Class A sub-classification, in which the Major League Club is party to more than one PDC. Such right of termination, if exercised, would be effective at the conclusion of the championship season designated in the Commissioner's notice. The Major and Minor League Clubs affected by such termination shall be notified as part of Step 2 of the PDC affiliation process, as described in Major League Rule 56(d) (Negotiation of New PDC Affiliations), and termination of a PDC in accordance with this Rule 56(a) shall not affect the parties' rights and obligations under Article VII of the Professional Baseball Agreement.

(b) APPLICABLE AUTHORITY AND INCORPORATED AGREEMENTS. The Major League Rules and Professional Baseball Agreement (“PBA”), including all subsequent amendments to those documents, shall immediately be incorporated (as if set forth verbatim) in all PDCs between Major and Minor League Clubs. All references in a PDC to a “Rule” or “Rules” are to the applicable Major League Rules.

(c) DURATION AND TERMINATION. No PDC may have a term extending beyond the expiration of the PBA and the rights and obligations of all parties to a PDC shall terminate (and be of no force and effect) as of the expiration of the PBA. The term of all PDCs between individual Major League Clubs and individual Minor League Clubs shall be either two years or four years, except that a PDC expiring at the end of the season in a year in which the PBA may be and is reopened for termination at the end of the following season may be followed by a one-year PDC covering the following season. If neither party to a PDC terminates the PDC in accordance with
Rule 56(d) (Negotiation of New PDC Affiliations), the PDC shall automatically be renewed for a two-year term (or a one-year term, if the PBA is to terminate at the end of the following season).

(d) NEGOTIATION OF NEW PDC AFFILIATIONS. Major League and Minor League Clubs may terminate their PDCs in the final year of the term of such PDCs only in accordance with procedures that follow:

(1) Between the conclusion of the Minor League Club's championship season and September 11 of the final year of the term of its PDC, a Major League Club or a Minor League Club shall have the right to give written notice of its intention to terminate its PDC only to the Commissioner (in the case of the Major League Club), or only to the President of the Minor League Association (in the case of the Minor League Club). The fact that such notices are given shall not be disclosed by the Clubs, the Commissioner or by the President of the Minor League Association except in accordance with this Rule 56. Failure to give such notice shall make the Club ineligible to terminate its PDC. After being informed of a Major League Club's intention to terminate a PDC, the Commissioner may direct the Major League Club not to terminate the PDC if the Commissioner determines that such a termination would prejudice the interest of a Major League, another Major League Club, a Minor League Club or a Minor League. In any such case the Major League Club shall be ineligible to terminate its PDC.

(2) Between September 12 and September 15 of any year in which they receive notices of intention to terminate PDCs, the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association shall notify all Clubs that are the subject of such notices of the identities of other such Clubs whose respective PDC affiliations that are subject to termination involve the same classification or subclassification of play except that there shall be no identification of Major League Clubs that gave such notices but were directed by the Commissioner not to terminate, or of Major or Minor League Clubs that subsequently have withdrawn such notices.

(3) Between September 16 and September 30 of the last year of the term of their PDCs, the Clubs receiving notification from the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association in accordance with Rule 56(d)(2) may discuss the possibility of a new PDC relationship with other such Clubs (including their current PDC affiliate) for an affiliation at the same classification (or same
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subclassifications) of League play, and may agree to enter into such affiliations. Discussions and agreements in accordance with this Rule 56(d)(3) shall not be considered tampering.

(4) On or before October 7, any Clubs that have not agreed to enter into PDCs in accordance with Rule 56(d)(3) must enter into PDCs with one another, or have their PDCs renewed in accordance with Rule 56(c) (Duration and Termination) in the case of Clubs that are parties to the same PDC. If multiple Clubs remain that have not agreed to enter into new PDCs, the Commissioner shall determine, after consultation with the President of the Minor League Association, appropriate affiliations, taking into account the Major League Clubs’ player development needs in terms of the ages and experience of its players, the Clubs’ respective locations, the Clubs’ respective relationships, and equitable considerations, including the effect of a new affiliation on the Minor League Clubs’ fan support.

(5) PDC affiliations to which Clubs agree in accordance with Rule 56(d)(3), or that are determined in accordance with Rule 56(d)(4), shall result in the termination of those Clubs’ existing PDCs effective September 30 of the final year of the term of their PDC, and shall require that those Clubs enter into new PDCs as so agreed or determined by execution of the standard form letter of agreement set forth in Rule 56(a), effective immediately upon such termination.

(6) No Major League Club may attempt to persuade or induce a Minor League Club whose PDC has terminated to enter into a new PDC by providing or offering to provide, directly or indirectly, economic benefits to the Minor League Club different from the terms provided for in this Rule 56, or by offering any inducement related to the playing of exhibition games, nor may the Minor League Club directly or indirectly request such economic benefits.

(7) Upon complaint by a Major League Club that a Minor League Club has entered into a new PDC with another Major League Club (either the Major League Club with which it had the PDC that was terminated or a Major League Club with which it is newly affiliated) under which the Minor League Club receives economic benefits (including the playing of more exhibition games) that are superior to those provided under the Minor League Club’s expired PDC, the Commissioner shall investigate whether the preceding paragraph was violated. The fact that the number of exhibition games played has changed from the prior PDC to the new PDC may be cited by either party as evidence, and the Commissioner may treat such fact as
circumstantial evidence. If a violation of Rule 56(d)(6) is found, both the Minor League Club and Major League Club shall be subject to the penalties in Rule 56(a) (Exclusivity) for providing "money, equipment, services or other forms of consideration in excess of the obligations prescribed by this standard PDC."

**PDC REAFFILIATION TIMELINE:**

**STEP 1:** Clubs notify their respective central office of their intent to seek reaffiliation. In the case of a Major League Club, notification is made only to the Office of the Commissioner. In the case of a Minor League Club, notification is made only to the President of the Minor League Association.

End of championship season to 9/11

**STEP 2:** The Office of the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association give notice to all Clubs seeking reaffiliation, providing a list of Clubs in the same classification or sub-classification that are eligible for a PDC affiliation and that are the subject of a notice of a desire to reaffiliate.

9/12 – 9/15 (4 days)

**STEP 3:** Clubs receiving notification from the Office of the Commissioner or President of the Minor League Association may discuss the possibility of a new PDC relationship with other such Clubs (including their current PDC affiliates) for an affiliation at the same classification or sub-classification.

9/16 – 9/30 (15 days)

**STEP 4:** Clubs that have not agreed to enter into a PDC arrangement or renew an existing PDC arrangement will be assigned PDC affiliations by the Office of the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association.

On or before 10/7

(e) **OTHER AFFILIATION CHANGES.** If a Major League or Minor League Club desires to change its PDC affiliation during the term of a PDC, the Club shall notify in writing the Commissioner and the President of the
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Minor League Association of its desire to change affiliations. A Major
League or Minor League Club may not inform or contact any other Major
League or Minor League Club concerning its desire to change affiliations. Upon receiving a notice of desire to change affiliation from a Major League or Minor League Club, the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association shall use their best efforts to arrange a new affiliation for the Major League or Minor League Club requesting the change. Any attempt during the term of a PDC by a Major League or Minor League Club to secure a change in PDC affiliation during the term of a PDC other than through the procedures in this Rule 56(e) shall be considered a violation of the rules against tampering.

(f) ASSIGNABILITY. A PDC shall be assignable by the Major League Club(s) that originally enters into the PDC, or by any Major League Club(s) to which the PDC is subsequently assigned, only in the following situations:

(1) If a Major League Club desires to reduce the overall number of its Minor League affiliates by assigning a PDC to another Major League Club;

(2) If a Major League Club desires to increase or decrease the number of its Minor League affiliates in a particular classification or subclassification and wishes to assign a PDC to another Major League Club in order to effect such a reconfiguration of its Minor League system; or

(3) If the Commissioner determines that the player development needs of an existing Major League Club (taking into account geography, the age and experience of the Club’s Minor League players, travel burdens, and the configuration of the Club’s Minor League system) would be served by an assignment of the Club’s PDC to another Major League Club.

A PDC that is supported by the Major League Central Fund also may be freely assigned to a Major League Club or Clubs. A Major League Club or Clubs may assign a PDC to the Major League Central Fund in emergency circumstances, including, but not limited to, extreme financial difficulties of the Major League Club or Clubs, with the prior approval of the Major League Executive Council.

In the event a PDC is assignable pursuant to this Rule 56(f), the Major League Club (or Clubs) wishing to assign the PDC shall notify the Commissioner (or the Commissioner’s designee) and the President of the Minor League Association on or before October 15 of its (or their) desire to assign the PDC for the next championship season and beyond, if applicable.
The Commissioner (or the Commissioner’s designee) shall determine if another Major League Club wishes to be assigned the PDC. A Major League Club may not contact any other Major League Club concerning its desire to assign a PDC without the prior written approval of the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee. Any assignment of a PDC permitted by this Rule 56(f) must occur, and notice must be given to the affected Minor League Club, prior to November 1 of the year before the season for which the change in affiliation will be effective.

(g) RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS. The respective rights and obligations of the Minor League Club and the Major League Club(s) under the standard PDC are as follows:

(1) Roster of Minor League Club. The Major League Club shall provide, and maintain throughout the regular and any post-season play, an active roster of skilled players for the Minor League Club in accordance with the Active List limits in Rule 2. The players so provided shall be under contract exclusively to the Major League Club and reserved only to the Major League Club. The Minor League Club shall respect, be bound by, abide by and not interfere with all contracts between the Major League Club and the players that it has provided to the Minor League Club. In accordance with Rule 2, the Major League Club also shall file and maintain all player lists for the Minor League Club.

(2) Promotional Appearances and Pictures of Players. As to players assigned, transferred, loaned, leased, or otherwise directed by the Major League Club to perform as a member of the active roster of any Minor League Club, the Major League Club grants to the Minor League Club a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to exercise the rights that the Major League Club is authorized to exercise pursuant to paragraphs XIII (Promotion of Baseball) and XIV (Pictures of Player) of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract (see Attachment 3). The Minor League Club grants to the Major League Club a non-exclusive royalty-free license for non-royalty-bearing promotional purposes to use the marks of the Minor League Club in connection with or with respect to such player’s name, picture and likeness and other attributes that the player authorized the Major League Club to exercise pursuant to paragraph XIV of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract, subject to such quality control standards that the Major League Clubs apply to reviewing items bearing their own marks.

(3) Assignments, Transfers and Directions to Perform. In accordance with these Rules, a Major League Club may assign, direct, designate or otherwise transfer any player to the various players lists.
that it files and maintains for the Minor League Club. The Major League Club also may assign, direct, designate or otherwise transfer the contract of any player on the various player lists that it files and maintains for the Minor League Club to any other Major or Minor League Club. The Minor League Club shall not interfere with, limit or restrict the Major League Club's right to assign, direct, designate or otherwise transfer the contract of any player on the various player lists that it files and maintains for the Minor League Club to any other Major or Minor League Club, except that no more than three players under contract to a Major League Club other than the Major League Club or Clubs that is or are party to a PDC may be assigned, directed, designated or otherwise transferred at any one time to the roster of the Minor League Club.

(4) Managers, Coaches, Instructors and Trainers. The Major League Club shall have the sole right to select and employ, and the sole obligation to compensate and provide benefits for, the manager, coaches, instructors and trainers for the Minor League Club. All of these individuals shall be under contract exclusively with the Major League Club. The Major League Club shall consult with the Minor League Club prior to selecting and employing the manager assigned to the Minor League Club.

(5) Allocation of Team-Related Expenses.

(A) Salaries and Other Compensation. The Major League Club is responsible for the payment of all obligations to or for the benefit of all players assigned, transferred, leased or loaned to, or otherwise directed to play for, or otherwise assigned to any list of, the Minor League Club, including all salary and other compensation, responsibility for all benefits, payroll taxes, worker’s compensation coverage, unemployment insurance coverage, and any other benefits or taxes associated with players’ employment.

(B) Spring Training. The Major League Club shall pay all spring training expenses for the Minor League Club’s team, at a site and for a period to be designated by the Major League Club, including the travel expenses of team personnel reporting to the training camp, the travel expense from the training camp to the city where the team is scheduled to open the season, and the hotel and meal allowances of the team in such city from date of arrival through the day preceding the official opening of the season.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 56(g)

(C) Travel. The Major League Club shall pay all travel expenses of any team personnel to his or her home by air coach or other transportation with equivalent fare if the employee’s contract with the Major League Club requires such payment. The Major League Club shall pay all travel expenses of their employees arising from assignment of their contracts or the assignment, loan or transfer of such employees to another Major or Minor League Club.

(D) Uniforms. The Minor League Club shall furnish a sufficient number of uniforms for all on-field team personnel assigned, transferred, leased or loaned to or otherwise directed to play or perform services for the Minor League Club. The uniforms shall be of at least the same quality as were provided during the 1997 season. The Commissioner’s Office and the Minor League Association may establish minimum uniform requirements for Minor League Clubs. Major League Clubs shall receive reasonable notice of changes to a Minor League Club’s uniforms. The Minor League Club shall keep its uniforms in good repair and shall have them cleaned when needed. Inventory of uniforms existing in 1997 shall become the property of the respective Minor League Clubs.

(E) Bats and Balls. The Major League Club and the Minor League Club that are parties to a PDC shall share in the cost of bats and balls as follows:

(i) The Major League Club shall order, ship and pay for all bats and balls necessary for use by the Minor League Club.

(ii) The Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, and the Minor League Association, shall establish bat and ball distribution guidelines for implementation by the Minor League Club.

(iii) Each Minor League Club shall provide, subject to the approval of the Major League Club (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld), an on-site equipment manager.

(iv) All costs (bats and balls actually used and equipment managers) shall be split between the Major League Club and the Minor League Club. The Major League Club shall invoice the Minor League Club for the percentage of total costs due to the Major League Club. The Minor League Club may offset the appropriate percentage of costs it incurred for equipment managers. The cost of shaggers used, if any, shall be the sole
responsibility of the Minor League Club. The Minor League Club shall reimburse the Major League Club for its share of total costs on or before October 31 of each year. For costs relating to each Class AAA and Class AA Club, the Major League Club shall pay 66.7% and the Minor League Club shall pay 33.3%. For costs relating to each Club in Class A and in lower classifications, the Major League Club shall pay 75% and the Minor League Club shall pay 25%.

(v) Each Major League Club and each Minor League Club shall certify in writing to the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association, on or before October 31 of each year, that the reimbursement has, in fact, occurred. Such certification shall include the amounts reimbursed.

(vi) Season-end inventory shall remain the property of the Major League Club and shall not be charged to the Minor League Club in that year.

(F) Trainer and Medical Supplies. The Major League Club shall provide to the Minor League Club a trainer for the championship season and all reasonable medical supplies for use by such trainer. The Major League Club shall be responsible for the entire cost of the trainer’s salary and benefits. The Major League Club shall not be responsible for the purchase of medical supplies by the Minor League Club, unless prior approval is granted.

(G) Reimbursements. The Major League Club shall reimburse the Minor League Club within seven days of receipt of a statement for the following expense items:

(i) Meal allowances paid by the Minor League Club at the request of the Major League Club, the amount of which allowance shall be determined solely by the Major League Club.

(ii) Hotel expenses on the road for rooms in excess of 17 rooms per night. The Minor League Club shall provide up to four single rooms per night for staff personnel and standard double rooms for all players on the Minor League Club’s active roster. A Minor League Club shall not be permitted to lodge with a player any person who is not a member of the Club’s traveling party (i.e., manager, two coaches, trainer and players). A Minor League Club shall not in any event be
required to pay the expenses of providing rooms for a Major League Club's roving instructors, field coordinators, scouts, or those persons in like positions with the Major League Club who are not regularly assigned to the Minor League Club.

(iii) Reporting and transportation home, including miscellaneous expenses of players, field manager and coach as provided in their Uniform Player Contract; transportation home of trainer; transportation for members of a traveling party fulfilling military reserve or national guard requirements if approved by the Major League Club; as well as any other transportation furnished by the Minor League Club at direction and with approval of the Major League Club.

(iv) Commercial fare air transportation charges while traveling in League for members of a traveling party, if any in excess of 30, at all classifications. The Minor League Club may be reimbursed by the Major League Club for any unused airline ticket purchased for team travel and for which a credit or refund cannot be obtained. The Minor League Club may be reimbursed by the Major League Club for costs above the discount rate for airline tickets already purchased when changes to the traveling party require the purchase of additional tickets at full price. The Minor League Club may not prorate ground transportation for players in excess of classification limit, or for manager, coaches or trainers.

(v) All obligations to be paid by the Major League Club to the Minor League Club under this Rule 56 must be submitted by the Minor League Club to the Major League Club no later than November 30, immediately following the conclusion of the season for which the obligations are to be paid in order for the Major League Club to be required to pay those obligations.

(H) The Minor League Club shall provide and pay the cost of local basic telephone service for the field manager's office in both home and visiting clubhouses. The Major League Club shall be responsible for all toll (long distance) and special feature charges.

(I) The Minor League Club is required to either install or make readily available, and maintain, a whirlpool, hydroculator (4-pack minimum) and scale in its home clubhouse, and at least a hydroculator (4-pack minimum) in its visiting clubhouse.
(J) If the Minor League Club wins its League championship, it is responsible for providing post-season awards, such as championship rings, for on-field personnel assigned to the Club, and the Major League Club may, but is not required to, participate in the purchase of such awards.

(6) The Minor League Club shall have the right to recommend that disciplinary action be taken by the Major League Club against any player who is under contract to the Major League Club and who is on the Minor League Club’s roster or any of its lists maintained pursuant to these Rules, including the right to recommend assignment to another Club’s lists or roster, or that any such player be released. If the Major League Club refuses to take action pursuant to such a recommendation, the Minor League Club may appeal to the Commissioner, who may, acting individually or through a designee, order appropriate disciplinary action, reassignment, transfer or release of the player. The Minor League Club’s League President also may take disciplinary action against any player on the roster or assigned to any of the lists of the Minor League Club, subject to the rights of appeal set forth in the Professional Baseball Agreement.

(h) SCHEDULING. The Minor League Club shall be bound by and adhere to the official schedule for its League that has been drafted and approved pursuant to the procedures in Rule 32 (Schedules). Except for re-scheduled make-up games approved by its League President, the Minor League Club shall not play any exhibition, regular or post-season games that are not set forth in the official schedule for its League (except pre-season exhibition or post-season playoff games approved to be played in accordance with these Rules).

(i) PLAYING FACILITY. The Minor League Club must provide a playing facility that complies with Rule 58 or it shall be subject to the sanctions set forth in Rule 58(c) (Failure to Meet Ballpark Standards).

(j) RELOCATION OR CHANGE IN LEAGUE AFFILIATION OF MINOR LEAGUE CLUB. Any proposal by a Minor League Club to relocate or change League affiliation must first be approved by the Major League Club with which it has a PDC, or the Major League Club may terminate the PDC. If a Major League Club terminates the PDC pursuant to this Rule 56(j), the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and the President of the Minor League Association shall use their best efforts to arrange a new affiliation for the Major League Club whenever possible.
(k) **NATIONAL EMERGENCIES.** During any national emergency that causes a suspension of Major League or Minor League play, either party to a PDC may suspend its obligations to the other under this Rule 56.

(I) **EXTENT OF CLUB’S OBLIGATIONS.** Except as specified in the applicable Major League Rules,

1. the Major League Club does not assume and shall not have, by implication or otherwise, any obligation or responsibility to the Minor League Club, its Minor League or Minor League Association or with respect to their operations or employees; and
2. the Minor League Club does not assume and shall not have, by implication or otherwise, any obligation or responsibility to the Major League Club, or the Commissioner’s Office, or with respect to their operations or employees.

(m) **NOTICES.** Any notices required to be given by the provisions of a PDC or the Major League Rules shall be made by registered or certified mail. The date that the notice actually is sent under this Rule 56(m) shall be deemed to be the date of receipt.

(n) **FILING.** The Major League Club and Minor League Club shall indicate their assent to the terms of the standard PDC, as well as to the incorporated provisions of the Major League Rules and PBA, by signing a standard form letter, a copy of which is appended to these Rules as Attachment 56. This form letter cannot add to, delete from, or otherwise alter the rights and obligations of the Major League Club and Minor League Club as set forth in this Rule 56. Executed copies of the form letter shall be filed with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, with the President of the Minor League Association, and also with the President of the Minor League Club’s League.

**Rule 57**

**TRAVEL STANDARDS FOR MINOR LEAGUE CLUBS**

The standards and requirements in this Rule 57 shall govern all travel and lodging that Minor League Clubs provide to active and injured players, managers, coaches, instructors and trainers.

(a) **TRANSPORTATION.** Unless exceptions are granted in writing by the General Manager of the Major League Club whose players are involved, the following standards apply to transportation furnished or arranged by Minor League Clubs:
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 57(a) to 58(a)

(1) 500-Mile Limit. Trips by bus in excess of 500 miles shall require
the use of an off-day, i.e., a day on which there is no scheduled or
make-up game played. Any trips in excess of 500 miles without an
off-day shall be by air.

(2) Commuter Trips. All trips to road games in which the Minor
League Club travels to and from the road site in one day shall be limited
to no more than 100 miles or two hours in each direction.

(3) Approval of Vehicles. If a Minor League Club has a PDC, it
must obtain the Major League Club’s approval of all vehicles used for
the purpose of traveling to road games.

(4) Vans. Minor League Clubs may not use vans for trips that are
in excess of 75 miles in each direction.

(5) Flights After Night Games. If a night game was played on the
immediately preceding date, a Minor League Club may not schedule an
inter-city flight unless it either

(A) has a departure time later than 9:00 a.m.; or

(B) is the latest departing flight scheduled to arrive at least five
   hours before the start of the game.

(6) Itineraries. Subject to the specific rules set forth above, a Minor
League Club with a PDC must request the Major League Club’s
approval of all itineraries (i.e., scheduled route, type of plane if size and
quality of equipment is a concern, and departure and arrival times) for
bus, hotel and air travel. Such itineraries must be submitted to the
Major League Club for approval at least 15 days before the trip to
which it applies.

(b) HOTEL. The Major League Club must approve all hotels used by a
Minor League Club that is party to a PDC, which approval shall not
unreasonably be withheld in the case of hotels recommended by the Minor
League Club. If a Major League Club approves a hotel(s) for use at the
home site of a Minor League Club with which it has a PDC, that approval
shall be sufficient for all visiting Minor League Clubs.

Rule 58

STANDARDS FOR MINOR LEAGUE PLAYING FACILITIES

(a) STANDARDS. Each Minor League Club must maintain a playing
facility that complies with agreed standards. These standards are set forth in
Attachment 58. Any variance or waiver may be granted only by both the
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 58(a) to 58(c)

President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and shall remain in effect only for the time remaining in the current PDC, unless both the President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee agree that the variance or waiver involves a structural issue (a category that includes, but is not limited to, the construction of walls and other permanent features of a facility) for which a variance or waiver of longer duration is appropriate. Any variance or waiver granted under this Rule 58(a) may be renewed beyond its expiration for the term of a successor PDC.

(b) MONITORING OF COMPLIANCE. The Commissioner’s Office shall employ or otherwise contract for inspectors who will monitor Minor League Clubs’ compliance with the agreed playing facility standards, and who will determine the frequency and timing of their inspections.

(c) FAILURE TO MEET BALLPARK STANDARDS. The inspectors shall cite any failures to comply with the agreed standards and shall notify the President of the Minor League Association and the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee of such noncompliance. The President of the Minor League Association shall consult with the Major League Club that has a PDC with the non-complying Minor League Club, with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee and with the Minor League Club itself. The President of the Minor League Association shall determine, in consultation with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, the specific measures the Minor League Club must take to achieve compliance and a timetable for achieving such compliance. The President of the Minor League Association shall then promptly notify such Minor League Club of such measures and timetable. Before the expiration of the required compliance timetable, the Minor League Club may request an extension of the timetable or a variance from the required compliance measures (see Rule 58(a) (Standards)) upon a showing to the President of the Minor League Association of good cause.

If the Minor League Club fails to achieve such compliance with respect to playing field and other team facilities within the time specified and has not received a variance from such compliance, the President of the Minor League Association shall consult with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee about appropriate punitive or remedial action against the Club, its owner(s) and/or its League. Such punitive or remedial action may include, without limitation, fines not exceeding $250,000 and suspensions of Minor League Club owners and/or personnel. After consultation with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, the President of the Minor League Association shall then impose such punitive and/or remedial action against the Club, its owner, and/or its League as the
President shall determine is appropriate under the circumstances. In addition to other punitive or remedial action that the President of the Minor League Association may impose, if, after investigation and consultation with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, the President of the Minor League Association determines that the Minor League Club has no good cause for its failure, the President of the Minor League Association shall order the PDC voidable at the option of the Major League Club that is party to the PDC, and shall order the ownership of the Minor League Club to divest its interest in the franchise. In the event that there is a finding of good cause, the President of the Minor League Association, after consultation with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, shall issue a timetable for compliance within the shortest possible period.

If either the Major League Club that has a PDC with a Minor League Club that has been cited for noncompliance or the Commissioner’s designee believes that the failure by the President of the Minor League Association to impose a penalty constitutes an abuse of discretion, or that a timetable or extension for compliance or a variance given by the President of the Minor League Association constitutes an abuse of discretion, the Major League Club or the Commissioner’s designee may certify the dispute for appeal to the Commissioner under Article II of the Professional Baseball Agreement.

Rule 59

LIEN ON TERRITORY

(a) AMOUNT AND PRIORITY OF LIENS. The amount of a Major or Minor League Club’s indebtedness:

(1) To its players and for its pro-rata share of its League salary obligations to umpires and to its official scorers or for its pro-rata share of its League indebtedness to official scorers;

(2) To other Major and/or Minor League Clubs for, or in connection with, assignments of player contracts, any of its commitments under a PDC or to any Major or Minor League Club or to any Major or Minor League or Minor League Association for money loaned (if such loans have been recorded with the Commissioner and the President of the Minor League Association within 10 days from the date of the loan);

(3) For obligations due to the Minor League Association of which the Minor League Club’s League is a member and for the Minor League Club’s pro-rata share of its League obligations to that Minor League Association; and,
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 59(a) to 60(a)

(4) For obligations to the Major or Minor League Club’s League, shall become liens against the territory it represents. The liens shall rank in the order or priority stated in Rules 59(a)(1) through (a)(4). Except under such conditions as the President of the Minor League Association may impose, in the case of Minor League Clubs, League membership shall not be extended to any Major or Minor League Club in the debtor Club’s territory until such debts are discharged. Liens established under this Rule 59 shall terminate at the expiration of two years from the date they were established. However, one year shall be added to the lien period for each season that membership is extended to a Major or Minor League Club in the territory of the debtor Club.

(b) DEDUCTIONS. The Commissioner (in the case of a Major League Club) or the President of the Minor League Association (in the case of a Minor League Club) shall deduct the amount of the debts set forth in Rule 59(a) (Amount and Priority of Liens) from any monies received for the account of or to the credit of the debtor Major or Minor League Club. In the case of a Minor League Club, the President of the Minor League Association shall pay any maintenance charge required by the governing document of the Club’s Minor League Association before applying the remainder of the deductions to the payment of the Club’s debts.

(c) EFFECT OF ASSIGNMENTS. Except as may be authorized by the Commissioner (in the case of a Major League Club) or the President of the Minor League Association (in the case of a Minor League Club), any assignment by a Club of monies due or to become due shall be subject to the provisions of this Rule 59, and shall not constitute any preference or priority contrary to the preferences and priorities in this Rule 59, or otherwise affect any obligation specified in Rule 59(a) (Amount and Priority of Liens) that is of equal or superior priority.

Rule 60
DEFINITIONS

The definitions set forth in this Rule 60 shall apply to the following terms as they are used in the Major League Constitution, the Major League Rules and all documents incorporated into or appended to the Major League Constitution and Major League Rules.

(a) The term “Major League” shall refer to the American League and the National League and any other professional baseball league that is recognized as a Major League under the Major League Constitution.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 60(b) to 60(l)

(b) The term “Major League Club” shall refer to a professional baseball club that plays in a Major League.

(c) The term “Major League Player” shall refer to a professional baseball player who is on the Major League Reserve List of a Major League Club.

(d) The term “Minor League Association” shall refer to any association of Minor League Clubs and/or Minor Leagues that is party to an agreement with the Major Leagues and that recognizes the authority of the Commissioner.

(e) The term “Minor League” shall refer to any domestic or foreign professional baseball league (other than a Winter League) that is party to an agreement with the Major Leagues that recognizes the authority of the Commissioner and that recognizes that such league shall be a Minor League within the meaning of the Major League Rules.

(f) The term “Minor League Club” shall refer to any professional baseball club that is a member in good standing of a Minor League.

(g) The term “Club” shall refer to any Major League Club or Minor League Club.

(h) The term “Minor League Player” shall refer to any professional baseball player who is on a Minor League Reserve List of a Major League Club or who is on the Reserve List of a Minor League Club.

(i) The term “first-year player” shall refer to any player who has never before signed a Major or Minor League contract.

(j) The term “Commissioner” shall refer to the individual who holds the office of Commissioner of Baseball pursuant to Article II of the Major League Constitution, or in the absence of a Commissioner, any entity succeeding to the powers and duties of the Commissioner pursuant to the Major League Constitution.

(k) The term “President of a Minor League Association” shall refer to the individual who holds the authority of a chief executive officer under the governing document of a Minor League Association.

(l) The term “Major League Reserve List” shall refer to the lists filed and maintained by a Major League Club pursuant to Rule 2 of all players, player-managers and player-coaches with whom the Major League Club is party to a Major League Uniform Player's Contract (unless such players have been assigned outright to a Minor League
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 60(l) to 60(t)

Club) and players whom the Major League Club has promoted to Major League status and also must be tendered Major League Uniform Player's Contracts on or before the following December 2.

(m) The term “Minor League Reserve List” shall refer to the list filed and maintained pursuant to Rule 2 of all players, player-managers and player-coaches with whom a Major or Minor League Club is party to Minor League Uniform Player Contracts, including players under Major League Uniform Player’s Contracts who have been assigned outright to Minor League Clubs.

(n) The term “Major League Active List” shall refer to the list filed pursuant to Rule 2 of all players, player-managers and player-coaches who are currently eligible to play in a game for that Major League Club.

(o) The term “Minor League Active List” shall refer to the list filed pursuant to Rule 2 of all players, player-managers and player-coaches who are currently eligible to play in a game for that Minor League Club.

(p) The term “championship season” shall refer to the full schedule of regular-season games that has been approved for a Major or Minor League Club in accordance with the provisions of Rule 32.

(q) The term “Player Development Contract (PDC)” shall refer to the Standard PDC in Rule 56.

(r) The term “independent Minor League Club” shall refer to a Minor League Club that is not owned by a Major League Club and does not have a PDC with a Major League Club or Clubs.

(s) The term “Inactive Lists” shall refer:

(1) with respect to Major League Clubs, to the Injured, Bereavement/Family Medical Emergency, Paternity Leave, Suspended, Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified and Ineligible Lists; and

(2) with respect to Minor League Clubs, to the Injured, Suspended, Voluntarily Retired, Restricted, Disqualified, Ineligible and Temporarily Inactive Lists.

(t) The term “Winter League” shall refer to a professional baseball league outside the United States and Canada that plays a schedule of games that begins after August 31 and concludes before the start of the next championship season and that the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee recognizes as a Winter League. Winter
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR 60(t) to 60(u)

Leagues are not Minor Leagues within the meaning of the Major League Rules. Winter League Clubs are not Minor League Clubs within the meaning of the Major League Rules.

(u) The term “Major League Trade Deadline” shall refer to the deadline each championship season before which a Major League Club may assign a Major League Uniform Player’s Contract (including for outrighted players) to another Major League Club (See Rule 9(b)(3).)

ACCEPTANCE

The foregoing Major League Rules having been proposed by the Major League Executive Council pursuant to the provisions of the Major League Constitution, have been duly accepted by the Major League Clubs and the Leagues of the National Association. These Rules are recognized as binding upon all their constituent Clubs and can be amended only as provided in said Major League Constitution and the Professional Baseball Agreement, where applicable.
MINOR LEAGUE UNIFORM
PLAYER CONTRACT

I. Parties

The parties to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract are those identified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Addendum A.

II. Definitions

A. As used in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, the term “Player” shall refer to the individual identified in paragraph 1 of Addendum A.

B. The term “Major League” shall refer to The American League of Professional Baseball Clubs, The National League of Professional Baseball Clubs and any other professional baseball league that is granted Major League status pursuant to the Major League Agreement (MLA).

C. The term “Major League Club” shall refer to a professional baseball club that is a member in good standing of a Major League.

D. The term “Major League Player” shall refer to a professional baseball player who is on an Active List, Injured List or other Inactive List of a Major League Club.

E. The term “Minor League” shall refer to any domestic or foreign professional baseball league that, either directly or through membership in an association or other entity, is party to an agreement with the Major Leagues and that recognizes the authority of the Commissioner.

F. The term “Minor League Club” shall refer to any professional baseball club that is a member in good standing of a Minor League.

G. The term “Minor League Player” shall refer to any professional baseball player who is on a Minor League under control list and/or a Minor League Reserve List of a Major League Club and/or any professional baseball player who is on the Active List, Injured List or other Inactive List of a Minor League Club.

H. The term “Commissioner” shall refer to the individual who holds the office of Commissioner of Baseball pursuant to Article I of the MLA (or, in the absence of a Commissioner, any person or entity succeeding to the powers and duties of the Commissioner pursuant to the MLA) or the Commissioner’s designee.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES  
MLR Attachment 3

I. The term “Club” shall refer to the professional baseball club identified in paragraph 2 of Addendum A, and any other Major League Club or Minor League Club to which this Minor League Uniform Player Contract may be assigned, loaned, leased or otherwise transferred. The term “Club” also shall refer to any Major League Club or Minor League Club for which Player is directed to perform.

J. The terms “Minor League Reserve List” and “Minor League under control list” shall refer to the lists filed pursuant to the Major League Rules of all Minor League Uniform Player Contracts to which that Club holds title.

K. The terms “Major League Reserve List” and “Major League under control list” shall refer to the lists filed pursuant to the Major League Rules of all Major League Uniform Player Contracts that Club holds title to and that Club has placed on the Major League roster.

L. The term “championship playing season” shall refer to the full schedule of regular-season games that has been approved for Club.

M. The term “Minor League Association” shall refer to any association of Minor League Clubs and/or Minor Leagues that is party to an agreement with the Major Leagues and that recognizes the authority of the Commissioner.

III. Recital

The Major Leagues have jointly subscribed to the Major League Agreement (MLA) and the Major League Rules (MLR). The parties agree that they and this Minor League Uniform Player Contract are therefore subject to and governed by the MLA and MLR, which are fully incorporated in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract as if set forth herein verbatim. The Major Leagues are currently party to the Professional Baseball Agreement (PBA) with the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues (National Association). To the extent that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is assigned, loaned, leased or otherwise transferred to a Minor League Club which is a member of a National Association League (or the player is directed by the Club to perform for, or report to, such Minor League Club), the parties acknowledge (A) that they and this Minor League Uniform Player Contract are bound by, subject to and governed by the then-existing PBA and any subsequent amendments to that document, and (B) that the then-existing PBA (and any subsequent amendments to that document) are fully incorporated in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract as if set forth herein verbatim.
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To the extent that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is assigned, loaned, leased or otherwise transferred to a Minor League Club which is not a member of a National Association League (or the Player is directed by the Club to perform for, or report to, such Minor League Club), the parties acknowledge (A) that they and this Minor League Uniform Player Contract are bound by, subject to and governed by any agreement(s) and any subsequent amendments to any present or future agreements then in effect between the Major Leagues and the Minor League or Minor League Association of which the Minor League Club is a member and (B) that any such agreements (and any subsequent amendments to any such agreements) are fully incorporated in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract as if set forth herein verbatim.

IV. Scope

Subject to the provisions of the Basic Agreement applicable to Major League Players performing for Minor League Clubs and/or in Minor Leagues, this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall set the terms and conditions of Player's employment during all periods in which Player is employed by Club as a Minor League Player. The Basic Agreement and the Major League Uniform Player Contract shall exclusively govern the terms and conditions of Player's employment during all periods in which Player is performing services for Club as a Major League Player. This Minor League Uniform Player Contract therefore shall have no application during any period in which Player is on Club's Major League Active, Injured or other Inactive List.

V. Agreement

In consideration of the foregoing Recital and Scope provisions, for the mutual representations, promises, covenants and agreements contained herein (including in Addenda A, B and C) and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties, intending to be legally bound, promise, covenant and agree as follows.

VI. Duration and Conditions of Employment

A. Unless a different term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is set forth in Addendum A, Club hereby employs Player to render, and Player agrees to render, skilled services as a Minor League Player in seven (7) separate championship playing seasons, commencing with the beginning of the championship playing season identified in paragraph 3 of Addendum A, or the portion of that regular championship playing season remaining after the execution date of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, as specified in paragraph 4 of Addendum A, whichever date is
later. Unless this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is terminated pursuant to Paragraph XIX, the term of employment shall extend until Player has performed services for Club as a Minor League Player in the requisite total of separate championship playing seasons. For purposes of determining whether Player has performed in the requisite total of separate championship playing seasons, Player shall not be deemed to have performed services as a Minor League Player during any championship playing season in which Player is on either the Major League Active List, the Major League Injured List or other Major League Inactive List (or combination of the foregoing) for the entire season. Player also shall not be deemed to have performed services as a Minor League Player in any championship playing season in which Player is on the Restricted List, Disqualified List, Suspended List, Ineligible List, Voluntarily Retired List or Military List (or combinations of the foregoing) for the entire season. Player also shall not be deemed to have performed services as a Minor League Player in any championship season in which Player withholds services for any portion of the championship playing season or playoff games at the conclusion of that championship playing season. For purposes of determining whether Player has performed services in the requisite total of separate championship playing seasons, service in winter league play shall be excluded.

B. This Minor League Uniform Player Contract obligates Player to perform professional services on a calendar year basis, regardless of the fact that salary payments are to be made only during the actual championship playing season. The salary paid is in part based on considerations in addition to the actual performance of services during the championship playing season. Player therefore understands and agrees that Player’s duties and obligations under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract continue in full force and effect throughout the calendar year, including Club’s championship playing season, Club’s training season, Club’s exhibition games, Club’s instructional, post-season training or winter league games, any official play-off series, any other official post-season series in which Club shall be required to participate, any other game or games in the receipts of which Player may be entitled to a share, and any remaining portions of the calendar year. Player’s duties and obligations shall continue in full force and effect until October 15 of the calendar year of the last championship playing season covered by this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

C. Player and Club also agree to comply with all decisions of the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of the MLA and MLR and, to the extent applicable, the PBA or other agreement in effect between the Major Leagues and one or more Minor Leagues or Minor League Associations.
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D. Player’s physical condition is important to the safety and welfare of Player and to the success of Club. Thus, to enable Player to become properly fit for Player’s duties under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, Club may require Player to maintain Player’s playing condition and weight during the off-season and to report for practice and conditioning at such times and places as Club may determine and may require Player to participate in such exhibition games prior to the championship playing season as Club may arrange. Club shall reimburse Player for expenses incurred in traveling from Player’s home city to Club’s training place and Club shall have the right to select the mode and class of transportation to be used and the route to be taken by Player. In the event Player fails to report for practice and conditioning as required, or fails to participate in exhibition games, Club may impose a reasonable fine upon Player in accordance with Paragraph XX and also require Player to become fit for Player’s duties to the satisfaction of Club at Player’s own expense.

E. Player represents that Player is aware of the Commissioner’s Office Policy (the Policy) prohibiting Minor League Players and other Minor League Personnel from using or possessing tobacco or similar products on ballpark premises or during Club travel. Player also agrees that all Policy provisions (and any subsequent amendments, revisions or additions) shall be incorporated in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract as if set forth herein verbatim.

Player further promises that Player will comply fully with all Policy provisions and that Player’s obligation to do so is a material term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. Player understands and agrees that any violation of the Policy may subject Player to discipline (including, but not limited to, a monetary fine and/or a suspension) under the terms of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, the MLA and the MLR. Moreover, Player stipulates and agrees that all disputes concerning the Policy and/or Player’s compliance with the Policy shall be resolved in accordance with this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, the MLA and the MLR.

VII. Payment

A. For the performance of all of the skilled services by Player and for Player’s other promises herein contained, Club will pay Player at the monthly rate set out in Addendum C-1 during the first championship playing season covered by this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. The Player and Club shall attempt annually to negotiate an applicable monthly salary rate for the next subsequent championship playing season covered by this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. Such negotiations shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the MLA and, if applicable, the
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PBA or other agreement in effect between the Major League and one or more Minor Leagues or Minor League Associations. If the Player and Club reach agreement, the agreed-upon monthly salary rate shall be set out in a new Addendum C, and Player agrees to execute same. If the Player and Club do not reach agreement, then the Player’s monthly salary rate for the next championship playing season shall be set by the Club, but shall not be less than eighty percent (80%) of the monthly salary rate set out in the most recently executed Addendum C. If the Player’s monthly salary rate is set by the Club, that monthly salary rate shall be set out in a new Addendum C, and Player agrees to execute same. Any monthly salary rate set out in any Addendum C shall conform to any applicable minimum salary requirements contained in the MLR. If Player is a foreign national with a nonimmigrant visa, monthly salary rates set out in any Addendum C shall be adjusted upward as necessary to conform with the minimum required salary levels. The various Addenda C for this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be numbered consecutively, for example, Addendum C-1, Addendum C-2, et cetera.

B. The monthly payments under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract will be made in two (2) semi-monthly installments on the 15th day and last day of the month after the beginning of Club’s championship playing season. The obligation to make such payments to Player shall start with the beginning of Club’s championship playing season or such later date as Player reports for championship season play. The obligation to make such payments shall end with the termination of Club’s championship playing season and any official play-off series in which Club shall participate, or upon the termination of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, whichever shall occur first. Player shall not be entitled to any payment under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract for any period that Player is on a Major League Active, Injured or other Inactive List. If Player is in the service of Club for part of Club’s championship playing season only, Player shall receive such proportion of the rate set forth above as the number of days of Player’s actual employment in any month compares to the number of days in said month.

VIII. Injury of Player

A. If Player is injured during Club’s training season and if this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is terminated during Club’s training season as a result of that injury, or if this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is later terminated during the first fourteen days of Club’s championship playing season while Player is so injured, Player shall be paid by Club at the rate of compensation set out in the most recently executed Addendum C for a period of two weeks from the first day of Club’s championship playing season.
season. However, if Player is injured during Club’s training season and is not released on or before the fourteenth day of Club’s championship playing season, Club shall continue to be obligated to pay Player at the rate of compensation set out in the most recently executed Addendum C until the conclusion of Club’s championship playing season, or until an earlier date on which Club may give Player an unconditional release.

B. If Player is injured during Club’s championship playing season, that injury shall not impair Player’s rights to receive the compensation set forth in subparagraph A of Paragraph VII for a period of fourteen days from the date of such injury if that injury continues for all of such period. It is specifically provided, however, that said fourteen days’ period shall not be considered for purposes of determining whether any additional payments may be due Player under any Special Covenants to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. However, if Player is not released during or at the end of the fourteen days’ period, Club shall continue to be obligated to Player for compensation under the terms of subparagraph A of Paragraph VII to the conclusion of Club’s championship playing season, or to such earlier date on which Club may give Player an unconditional release.

C. Club also shall pay all of Player’s necessary and reasonable hospital and medical expenses incurred during the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract by reason of said injury, which expenses are not paid by worker’s compensation insurance or other surgical, medical or hospitalization insurance policy, for the number of days in the period of injury or 180 days, whichever is less. Club, however shall always have the right to select the physician or dentist to perform professional services to be rendered to Player as well as the place of delivery of said services, including hospital, offices or clinic, or to approve the person rendering such services or the place where such services are to be performed if selected by Player.

D. The following conditions are expressly established as conditions precedent to Club’s obligation to pay any of the salary provided for in subparagraphs A and B of this Paragraph VIII, or to pay any of the medical or hospital expenses provided for in subparagraph C of this Paragraph VIII:

1. Player’s injury must have been a direct and proximate result of an injury sustained in the course and within the scope of Player’s employment under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract; and

2. Player must give Club written notice of the place, time, cause and nature of Player’s injuries within five (5) days from the date of receiving such injuries or prior to the termination of this Minor
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League Uniform Player Contract, whichever is earlier. The failure of Player to give such notice shall not impair the rights of Player, as set forth herein, if Club has actual knowledge of such injury to Player; and

3. Player, if requested by Club, must provide Club with written medical proof of Player’s injury.

E. Any worker’s compensation payments, or any surgical, medical or hospitalization insurance payments received by Player for the period for which Club is paying Player, as specified in this Paragraph VIII, shall be immediately paid by Player to Club. If Player fails or refuses to pay these monies to Club, Club shall deduct the same from any compensation due Player.

IX. Allowance

Club will provide Player during Club’s training season and while Club is “abroad” with lodging (if Player is required to remain “abroad” overnight) and the meal allowance required by the MLR. If while “abroad” Club elects to require Player to remain “home” and Player is on Club’s Active or Injured List, Club shall pay Player the meal allowance required by the MLR. No such meal allowance shall be due Player, however, if Player’s permanent residence is located in the home city of Club or if Player returns to Player’s permanent residence while Club is abroad. The terms “home” and “abroad” mean, respectively, at and away from the city in which Club has its home baseball park.

X. Transportation

Club will provide Player with the mode and class of transportation of its choice from “home” to “abroad” games and back. Player agrees to use the mode of transportation furnished by Club to and from all “abroad” games at all times. Club will provide Player return transportation to Player’s home city at the conclusion of the championship playing season or playoffs, or if unconditionally released prior thereto. Mode and class of transportation shall be at the Club’s discretion.

XI. Uniform

Club will select and furnish Player with necessary baseball uniforms, excluding shoes, but including all numerals, emblems, logos or devices to be worn on the uniform or affixed thereto. Additionally, Club may, if it wishes to do so, provide shoes or other personal equipment items or apparel, such as batting gloves or fielding gloves. Player shall wear uniforms, personal equipment items and apparel as furnished and shall not alter or disfigure
them. At the end of the championship playing season, or at the end of any
post-season series games, or upon the assignment or other transfer of this
Minor League Uniform Player Contract, or upon the unconditional release
of Player from this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, or upon any
direction by Club to perform services for a different Club, Player
immediately shall return to Club such uniforms, personal equipment items,
apparel and any and all other property of Club in the possession of Player.
Player shall not wear or use any personal equipment item, article of apparel
or any other item with or upon Player's uniform which is not approved by
Club, or which is not in accordance with the MLR.

XII. Loyalty

Player agrees to serve Club diligently and faithfully, to keep in first-class
condition, and to observe and comply with all rules and regulations of Club.
Further, Player agrees to conform to high standards of personal conduct
(before, during and after working hours), fair play and good sportsmanship.

XIII. Promotion of Baseball

In addition to the furnishing of professional baseball services to Club,
Player agrees, beginning with the date that this Minor League Uniform
Player Contract is executed, to cooperate with Club and to participate in any
and all promotional activities of Club which, in the sole opinion of Club,
will promote the welfare of Club or of professional baseball.

XIV. Pictures of Player

Player agrees, beginning with the date that this Minor League Uniform
Player Contract is executed, that current or future photographs, whether still
or action, and motion pictures may be taken and any form of broadcasts or
telecasts of Player, individually or with others, may be made at such times or
places as Club may designate and agrees that all rights therein and all rights
to Player's name, voice, signature, biographical information and likeness
shall belong to Club and that they may be used, reproduced, sold, licensed,
or otherwise disseminated or published by Club or its licensees, assignees,
and/or other designees directly or indirectly in any medium whatsoever for
any purpose (including but not limited to in broadcast, in print, on trading
cards, posters and other merchandise of any kind, in electronics, in audio, in
video or in connection with any media), in any manner and at any time,
including after the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract,
that Club desires. Player acknowledges that the foregoing rights include,
without limitation, all related copyright, trademark, trade name, service
mark, right of publicity and/or right of privacy rights. Club may exploit
each of the rights granted to it by Player pursuant to this Paragraph XIV
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without additional payment or other compensation to Player. Player further agrees that during the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract Player will not make public appearances, participate in radio or television programs, or on-line computer forums or any public conferences of any sort, permit Player's picture to be taken while in Club's uniform or a part thereof, sponsor or permit Player's name, voice, signature, biographical information and/or likeness to be used in conjunction with any commercial purpose, including but not limited to the sale, rental or advertising or promotion of products or services, or write or sponsor newspaper, magazine or any other article for publication, without the express prior written consent of Club.

XV. Player’s Representations

As a further inducement to Club to enter into this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, Player represents to Club as follows:

A. Player has no physical or mental defects which would prevent or impair the performance of Player's skilled services as a professional baseball player for Club. Player is capable of and will perform services and such other duties as may be required pursuant to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract with expetness, diligence and fidelity.

B. Player does not own, directly or indirectly, stock or have any financial interest in the ownership or earnings of any Minor League Club or Major League Club except as hereinafter expressly set forth, and covenants that Player will not hereafter, while under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, acquire or hold any such stock or interest.

C. Player has exceptional and unique skill and ability as a baseball player, and Player’s services to be rendered to Club are of a special and extraordinary character which gives Player a peculiar value which cannot be reasonably or adequately compensated for in damages at law. Therefore, Player agrees that Player's breach of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract will cause Club great and irreparable injury and damage. Accordingly, Player agrees that, in addition to other remedies, Club shall be entitled to injunctive and other equitable relief to prevent a breach of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract by Player, including the right to enjoin Player from playing professional baseball for any other person or organization during the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

D. Player is not a party to, and will not enter into, any contract or any contractual obligation to render skilled services as a professional baseball player with any person or organization other than Club. Additionally, Player is not a party to, and will not enter into, any contract or any contractual
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obligation that conflicts with any of Player's obligations under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract or limits (as determined by the Club in the sole exercise of its discretion) the rights granted Club under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract or that impairs Club's ability to fully exercise such rights.

E. Player's name, as set forth in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, and of which Player's signature to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract consists, is Player's proper and legal name and is not a fictitious or assumed name.

F. All personal information concerning Player in Addendum A is true and accurate.

G. Player is eligible, in accordance with the MLR, to execute this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

H. Player represents and warrants that:

1. Player has the full authority to grant the rights contained in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract and to execute, deliver and perform the obligations under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract,

2. the execution and delivery of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract will not conflict with or result in any breach of any agreement to which Player is a part or by which Player is bound, and

3. this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is duly executed and delivered by Player.

XVI. Playing For Others

A. For the purpose of avoiding physical injuries, Player agrees that during the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, Player will not play baseball other than for Club, without the written consent of the Club. If Club consents to Player's participation in a winter league, the terms and conditions of Player's employment during winter league play shall be governed by this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, except that Player and Club shall agree on the amount of monetary compensation for Player's participation in winter league play.

B. Player and Club agree and recognize that Player's participation in any other sport may impair or destroy Player's ability and skill as a professional baseball player. Accordingly, from and after the date of execution of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, Player agrees that
Player shall not engage in automobile or motorcycle racing, hanggliding, fencing, parachuting, skydiving, boxing, wrestling, karate, judo, football, basketball, skiing, hockey, or any other sport or activity involving a substantial risk of personal injury. Player also agrees that, except with the written consent of Club, Player will not participate in amateur, intramural, intercollegiate or professional athletics in any sport whatsoever.

XVII. Physical Examination

A. When requested by Club, Player shall submit to a complete physical, psychiatric, psychological and/or dental examination at the expense of Club, and, if necessary, to medical, surgical, psychiatric or dental treatment at Player’s own expense, except as otherwise provided in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. Upon the failure or refusal of Player to do so, Club may take such action against Player as it deems advisable in the manner agreed to between the parties and set forth at Paragraph XX.

B. It is specifically provided, however, that if Player signed this Minor League Uniform Player Contract as a free agent (whether or not previously party to a Major League or Minor League Uniform Player Contract), within ninety days subsequent to the execution of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract by Player, Club may require Player to undergo a complete physical, psychiatric, psychological and/or dental examination by a physician and/or dentist of Club’s choosing and at Club’s expense. If such examination reveals the presence of any physical and/or dental defect, congenital or otherwise, which in the judgment of the physician or dentist would or might substantially impair Player’s ability to play professional baseball and was present at the time of execution of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract by Player, Club may terminate this Minor League Uniform Player Contract without further payment to Player of any bonus, benefits or other compensation provided for in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract or any Special Covenants to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. Such a termination, however, must be effected (including notification to the Commissioner’s Office) within one hundred and five (105) days subsequent to the execution of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract by Player. In the event of a termination pursuant to this subparagraph B of Paragraph XVII, this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be void and of no force or effect between the Parties and Player shall repay any bonus, benefits or other compensation provided pursuant to any Special Covenants to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.
XVIII. Assignments, Transfers and Directions to Perform For Minor or Major League Clubs

A. Player specifically agrees and understands that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract may be freely assigned by Club, and re-assigned by any assignee Club, to any other Major League Club or Minor League Club.

B. Upon assignment of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, the assignee Club shall be liable to Player only for payments accruing from the date Player reports to the Club for which Player is directed to perform by assignee Club. Assignor Club shall remain liable to Player for all payments accrued as of the date of the assignment. In addition, if Player reports to the Club for which Player is directed to perform by assignee Club as soon as the mode of transportation authorized or furnished to player permits, assignor Club shall be liable to Player for the travel time required to reach the city to which Player is directed to report to join the Club for which Player is directed to perform by assignee Club.

C. In the event this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is assigned, following Player’s receipt of written or telegraphic notice of the assignment, Player shall report to the Club for which Player is directed to perform by the assignee Club as soon as the mode of transportation authorized or furnished to Player permits. If Player fails or refuses to report as soon as the mode of transportation authorized or furnished to Player permits, Player shall not be entitled to any payment for the period from the date upon which Player received written or telegraphic notice of the assignment to the date on which Player reports to the Club for which Player is directed to perform by the assignee Club.

D. Player also specifically agrees and understands that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract (and the Club’s exclusive rights to Player’s services under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract) may be freely loaned, leased or otherwise transferred to any Minor League Club. In the event this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is loaned, leased, or otherwise transferred, following Player’s receipt of written or telegraphic notice of the loan, lease or transfer, Player shall report to the Club to which this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is loaned, leased or otherwise transferred as soon as the mode of transportation authorized or furnished to Player permits. If Player fails or refuses to report as soon as the mode of transportation authorized or furnished to Player permits, Player shall not be entitled to any payment for the period from the date upon which Player received written or telegraphic notice of the loan, lease or transfer to the date on which Player reports to the Club to which this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is loaned, leased or otherwise transferred.

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E. Player also specifically agrees and understands that Club may freely direct Player to perform services for any Major League or Minor League Club. Further, following Player's receipt of written or telegraphic notice of the direction to perform, Player specifically agrees and understands that Player's obligation under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract to perform services for the directed Club shall be the same as Player's obligation to perform services for Club under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. If Club directs Player to perform services for a Club, Player agrees to report to the Club as soon as the mode of travel authorized or provided permits, and to perform all services for such Club in a diligent and faithful manner. If Player fails or refuses to report as soon as the mode of transportation authorized or furnished to Player permits, Player shall not be entitled to any payment for the period from the date upon which Player received written or telegraphic notice of the direction to perform to the date on which Player reports to the directed Club.

F. Player agrees that Player will execute the standard form Major League Uniform Player Contract then in effect in the Major Leagues if Player is placed (following an assignment, direction to perform or otherwise) on a Major League roster, Major League under control list or Major League Reserve List at any point during the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

G. If Player agrees, this Minor League Uniform Player Contract may be assigned, loaned, leased or otherwise transferred to (or Player directed to perform for) a Minor League Club or other professional baseball club participating in winter league play. The terms and conditions of Player’s employment during winter league play shall be as stated in Subparagraph A of Paragraph XVI.

XIX. Termination

A. If Club is in arrears to Player for any payments due Player under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract for more than fifteen (15) days, or if Club fails for more than fifteen (15) days to perform any other obligations agreed or required to be performed by Club, Player shall be entitled to apply to the Commissioner to terminate this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. Thereafter, if Club fails to remedy the default as to the payment or other obligation within such time as the Commissioner may fix, the Commissioner shall terminate this Minor League Uniform Player Contract by a declaration of Player’s free agency. It is specifically provided, however, that Club shall remain liable to Player for all payments due him as of the date of the termination of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract and the declaration of Player’s free agency.
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B. Club may terminate this Minor League Uniform Player Contract upon the delivery of written or telegraphic notice to Player if Player at any time shall:

1. Fail, refuse or neglect to conform Player’s personal conduct to high standards of good citizenship and good sportsmanship;
2. Fail, refuse or neglect to keep himself in first-class physical condition;
3. Fail, refuse or neglect to obey Club’s requirements respecting Player’s conduct and service;
4. Fail in the judgment of Club to exhibit sufficient skill or competitive ability to qualify or to continue as a professional baseball player as a member of Club’s team; or
5. Fail, refuse or neglect to render Player’s services hereunder, or in any other manner to materially breach this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

C. If Player becomes injured, Club may also terminate this Minor League Uniform Player Contract in accordance with Paragraph VIII above.

XX. Disputes

A. For the violation by Player of any of the obligations or duties of Player as set forth in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, or for the violation by Player of any of Club’s rules or regulations, Player agrees that Club may impose a reasonable fine upon Player and deduct the amount thereof from Player’s compensation, or may suspend Player without compensation, or both. Player also agrees that Club may place him on any disciplinary list or lists prescribed by the MLR or any other applicable Major League or Minor League rules.

B. In the event of any dispute or claim between Player and Club arising under any of the provisions of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, the sole and exclusive forum available to Player and Club to resolve such dispute shall be arbitration by the Commissioner. Player or Club may exercise such right to arbitration by filing a written, itemized and detailed appeal with the Commissioner within 120 days of the event giving rise to the claim. The decision of the Commissioner shall be final and binding. Player and Club understand that the decision of the Commissioner may not be challenged in any federal or state court or any other tribunal or forum.

C. Player specifically consents that either Club or the Commissioner may make known to the public the findings, decisions or record of any inquiry, investigation or hearing, including all evidence, information or
testimony given, received, obtained or elicited as the result of any such inquiry, investigation or hearing.

XXI. Contingent Bonus

A. Any Special Covenants to this Minor League Uniform Player Contract which entitle Player to receive bonus payments if Player is retained by Club on a designated date or for a designated period shall be subject to the following: In the event Player is placed on the Restricted, Voluntarily Retired, Military, Disqualified or Ineligible List prior to the date upon which the bonus payment becomes due and payable to Player, payment of the bonus shall be suspended by Club until Player is reinstated to an Active List and reports to and is retained by Club for the number of days required by this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, including any special covenants.

B. In the event the official date of placement on any of the lists enumerated in subparagraph A of this Paragraph XXI is later than the date Player ceased to be an active Player, the earlier date shall apply in determining the new date for payment of the Contingent Bonus following Player's reinstatement to an Active List of Club.

XXII. Special Covenants

If Player is to receive or has received any additional payment whatsoever from Club or from any other source in connection with this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, it must be fully described on Addendum B, giving name of payor, amount and nature of payment, when paid or to be paid, et cetera.

XXIII. Legislation and Suspension

This Minor League Uniform Player Contract is subject to federal and state legislation, regulations, executive or other official orders and other governmental action, now or hereafter in effect, which may affect directly or indirectly Player or Club. Additionally, this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is subject to the authority of the Commissioner to suspend the operation of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, including the payment of compensation to Player, during any national emergency or any cessation or suspension of play in the Major Leagues. In the event that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is suspended pursuant to the terms of this paragraph, it is specifically agreed between Player and Club that the compensation provisions of Paragraph VII shall be modified and the compensation paid to Player at the monthly rate set forth in Paragraph VII shall be paid only for the portion of the championship playing season actually played by Player. Moreover, in the event that this Minor League
Uniform Player Contract is suspended pursuant to the terms of this Paragraph XXIII, it is also specifically agreed between Player and Club that the Club's exclusive right to the Player's services shall remain in effect and that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall continue in full force and effect for the remainder of its term once the suspension ends.

XXIV. Entire Agreement

Club and Player covenant that this Minor League Uniform Player Contract fully sets forth all understandings and agreements by and between them and agree that no understandings or agreements, whether heretofore or hereafter made, shall be valid, recognized, or of any effect whatsoever, unless and until they are set forth in a subsequent Minor League Uniform Player Contract executed by Player and Club, filed with and approved by the Commissioner of Baseball and complying with the MLR.

XXV. Governing Law

This Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be governed by and interpreted in such a manner as to be effective and valid under New York law. However, if any provisions of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be prohibited by or invalid under applicable law, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or invalidation only, without invalidating the remainder of such provisions or the remaining provisions of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract.

XXVI. Approval Required

This is the only Minor League Uniform Player Contract form prescribed by the MLR. No different form shall be used and no clause shall be added or eliminated without the specific written approval of the Commissioner. Any written or oral agreement between Player and Club not contained in this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall subject both parties to discipline. No such agreement shall be recognized or enforced by the Commissioner. This Minor League Uniform Player Contract, including any addenda or attachments, shall not be valid, recognized or enforced unless filed with and approved by the Commissioner.

XXVII. Player Information and Notices

Player will immediately provide Club and any Club to which this Minor League Uniform Player Contract is assigned, loaned or leased (and any Club for which Player is directed to perform services) with Player's current home address and telephone number, and will keep such information current. Any written notice required to be given by the Club to the Player under this Minor League Uniform Player Contract may be accomplished, at Club's
option, by sending the notice via registered mail to the Player’s last known address and/or by physically delivering the notice to the Player. The effective date of any written notice shall be the date on which the notice is mailed or physically delivered, whichever is earlier. The effective date of any telegraphic notice by the Club to the Player will be the date on which the telegram is sent.

This Minor League Uniform Player Contract must be received at the Commissioner’s Office within 20 days from the date SIGNED by Player. Player must sign NAME, including all INITIALS, and must DATE in Player’s OWN HANDWRITING on Addendum A. Player’s social security number, date of birth, street address, city, state, country, zip code and telephone number must be included. If Player has not previously signed a professional contract, Player’s position, height, weight, batting hand, throwing hand, high school, high school graduation date, junior college, junior college graduation date, college, college graduation date and place of birth must be included. A copy of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, when approved by the Commissioner, must be delivered to Player in person or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested.
ASSIGNMENTS OF THIS MINOR LEAGUE UNIFORM PLAYER CONTRACT

1. On ____________, this contract was assigned from
   (Date)
   _______________ to _______________
   (Assignor Club) (Assignee Club)

2. On ____________, this contract was assigned from
   (Date)
   _______________ to _______________
   (Assignor Club) (Assignee Club)

3. On ____________, this contract was assigned from
   (Date)
   _______________ to _______________
   (Assignor Club) (Assignee Club)

4. On ____________, this contract was assigned from
   (Date)
   _______________ to _______________
   (Assignor Club) (Assignee Club)
1. Player’s Information

Name (First) (Middle) (Last)

Permanent Street Address

City State Country Zip

Social Security No. Telephone No. Date of Birth

2. Club’s Name: 

3. First championship playing season covered by this Minor League Uniform Contract: __________ (Year)

4. Execution Date of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract: ________

Month/Day/Year

5. Pursuant to subparagraph E of Paragraph XVIII, and subject to change at any time, Club initially directs Player to perform for the ______________ Club of the ______________ League.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Minor League Contract</th>
<th>Previous Contract</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ Non-drafted Player</td>
<td>□ Assigned from Major League Club</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Rule 4 Drafted Player</td>
<td>□ Completed Previous Minor League Contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Not Subject to Rule 4 Draft Draft Selection Overall Year</td>
<td>□ Released/Nontendered Player</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year ___ Round ___ Sel. No. ___</td>
<td>□ Major League Re-entry Free Agent</td>
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<td></td>
<td>□ Other (explain) __________________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**PLAYER INFORMATION (MUST BE COMPLETED FOR FIRST MINOR LEAGUE CONTRACTS)**

POS _____ HGT _____ WGT _____ BATS_____ THROWS _____

HIGH SCHOOL _______ GRAD DATE _______  
(State) (M/Y)

JUNIOR COLLEGE _______ GRAD DATE _______  
(State) (M/Y)

COLLEGE _______ GRAD DATE _______  
(State) (M/Y)

DROPPED OUT OF SCHOOL? Y/N (Circle One)  
If Yes, Drop Out Date _______ from (College/JC/HS)  
(M/Y) (Circle One)

PLACE OF BIRTH  
(City) (State) (Country)

**CONTRACT TERM (FOR PREVIOUSLY-SIGNED PLAYERS ONLY)**

If Player has previously signed a Minor League or Major League contract, this Minor League Uniform Player Contract shall be, consistent with the MLR, for the following term: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 (circle one) _______ (write out) championship playing seasons.

**EXECUTION OF THIS CONTRACT**

By affixing their signatures below, Player and Club indicate their understanding of, and agreement to, all of the provisions of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, including pages one through six, Addendum A, Addendum B, Addendum C-1, and any other attachments.

**AS TO CLUB:**

By: ____________________________

Authorized Club
Representative Signature
Title: __________________________

**AS TO PLAYER:**

Date (Write Out Month) 
______________________________

Player's Signature
PARENTS OR GUARDIAN CONSENT

Irrevocable consent is given to the performance and execution of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract (including all Addenda and attachments) by the minor Player party hereto. Such consent shall be effective as to all provisions, including (but not limited to) any assignment, loan, lease or direction to perform under Paragraph XVIII hereof, and any compensation and any restrictions thereon that are hereinafter negotiated or set by the Club pursuant to Paragraph VII hereof. Consent is irrevocably given for the duration of this contract to the payment of all earnings, bonuses and other consideration personally to the minor Player party. Player’s parents or guardian further agree to hold Club harmless for any injury suffered by Player during the term of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract. These consents and promise to hold harmless are expressly given as an inducement to enter into this contract.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Signature of Father-Mother-Guardian (circle one)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Signature of Father-Mother-Guardian (circle one)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

FOR COMMISSIONER’S OFFICE USE ONLY

Approved and recorded:
Date: ________ By: ____________________________
Commissioner of Baseball
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 3

ADDENDUM B

Special Covenants: In accordance with Paragraph XXII of this Minor League Uniform Player Contract, all additional payments or consideration whatsoever that Player is to receive or has received from Club or from any other source in connection with this Minor League Uniform Player Contract are fully described below:
In accordance with Paragraph VII of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract to which the undersigned Player is a party, Player’s monthly salary rate during the _____ (Year) championship playing season shall be $___/month (_________________________ dollars per month.)

If a Player and Club have agreed on a different monthly salary rate if Player is on the Active or Injured List of a Club in a particular classification, that monthly salary rate, classification and any restrictions, contingencies, minimum service requirements, and other agreements concerning salary are fully set out below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Player’s Name (print or type)</th>
<th>Club’s Name (print or type)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Player’s Signature</td>
<td>Club Representative’s Name/Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Street Address</td>
<td>Club Representative Signature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City  State  Country  Zip</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone No.</td>
<td>Social Security No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOR Approved and recorded:
COMMISSIONER’S OFFICE
USE ONLY Date: By:_____________________
Commissioner of Baseball
In accordance with Paragraph VII of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract to which the undersigned Player is a party, Player's monthly salary rate during the _________(Year) championship playing season shall be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLASSIFICATION OR SUBCLASSIFICATION</th>
<th>MONTHLY SALARY</th>
<th>EXAMPLE OF CLUB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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</tbody>
</table>

If Player is on the Active or Injured Lists of Clubs in more than one subclassification or classification during the same pay period and is entitled to different salary rates for the different subclassifications or classifications, Player’s salary shall be prorated in accordance with the number of days of Player’s employment in each subclassification or classification compared to the number of days in that pay period. All other restrictions, contingencies, minimum service requirements, and other agreements concerning salary are fully set out below:

Player’s Name (print or type)  Club’s Name (print or type)

Player’s Signature  Club Representative’s Name/Position
In accordance with subparagraph A of Paragraph XVI and subparagraph G of Paragraph XVIII and all other terms of the Minor League Uniform Player Contract to which the undersigned Player is a party, Player’s monthly salary rate during the ______ (Year) championship playing season of the _____________ League shall be $________________/month (___ dollars per month).

Team Player has agreed to perform for

Team Representative’s Name/Position

Player’s Name (print or type) Major League Club’s Name (print or type)

Player’s Signature Major League Club Representative’s Name/Position (print or type)

Major League Club Representative’s Signature

Date Date

FOR Approved and recorded:
COMMISSIONER’S OFFICE
USE ONLY Date: __________ By: ____________________
Commissioner of Baseball
NOTICE TO PLAYER OF RELEASE OR TRANSFER

(Date) (Year)

To Mr. ________________

You are hereby notified as follows:

1. That you are unconditionally released.

2. That your contract has been assigned to the ____________
   ____________ Club of ____________ League.
   (a) Without right of recall.
   (b) With right of recall.

(Cross out parts not applicable. In case of optional agreement, specify all
conditions affecting player.)

______________________________
Corporate Name of Club

______________________________
President

A copy must be delivered to the player. A copy must also be forwarded to
the Commissioner.

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS are given for the guidance of Club
officials executing this form:

(1) If the player is unconditionally released, cross out all of
paragraph 2, including subparagraphs (a) and (b).

(2) If the player is transferred outright to another Club, insert the
name of that Club and of that Club’s League in paragraph 2, and cross
out the following:

(i) paragraph 1; and

(ii) subparagraph (b) of paragraph 2.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 12

(3) If the player is transferred by an optional agreement to another Club, insert the name of that Club and that Club’s League in paragraph 2, and cross out the following:

(i) paragraph 1; and

(ii) subparagraph (a) of paragraph 2.

Also specify all conditions affecting the player (date recall option is to be exercised, etc.).
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 52

ATTACHMENT 52

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUE TERRITORIES

(a) NATIONAL LEAGUE CIRCUIT. The circuit of the National League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

Arizona: Maricopa County in Arizona;

Atlanta: City of Atlanta; and Fulton, Cobb, Gwinnett and DeKalb Counties in Georgia; provided, however, that Gwinnett County shall be shared with the Gwinnett franchise in the International League;

Chicago: Cook, Lake, DuPage, Will, Kendall, McHenry and Grundy Counties in Illinois; and Lake and Porter Counties in Indiana; provided, however, that this territory shall be shared with the Chicago franchise in the American League;

Cincinnati: Butler, Warren, Clermont and Hamilton Counties in Ohio; Boone, Kenton and Campbell Counties in Kentucky; and Dearborn and Franklin Counties in Indiana;

Colorado: City of Denver; and Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Broomfield, Douglas, Jefferson and Denver Counties in Colorado;

Florida: Dade and Broward Counties in Florida; provided, however, that with respect to all Major League Clubs, Palm Beach County in Florida shall also be included;

Houston: City of Houston; and Harris, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Liberty, Montgomery and Waller Counties in Texas;
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 52

Los Angeles: Orange, Ventura and Los Angeles Counties in California; provided, however, that this territory shall be shared with the Los Angeles Angels of Anaheim franchise in the American League;

Milwaukee: Milwaukee, Ozaukee and Waukesha Counties in Wisconsin;

New York: City of New York; Nassau, Suffolk, Rockland and Westchester Counties in New York; Bergen, Hudson, Essex and Union Counties in New Jersey; and that portion of Fairfield County in Connecticut located south of Interstate 84 and west of Route 58; provided, however, that this territory shall be shared with the New York franchise in the American League;

Philadelphia: Bucks, Montgomery, Chester, Delaware and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; and Gloucester, Camden and Burlington Counties in New Jersey;

Pittsburgh: City of Pittsburgh and Allegheny County in Pennsylvania;

St. Louis: City of St. Louis; and St. Louis, Jefferson, St. Charles and Franklin Counties in Missouri; and St. Clair, Madison, Monroe and Jersey Counties in Illinois;

San Diego: San Diego County in California;

San Francisco: City of San Francisco; and San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Cruz, Monterey and Marin Counties in California; provided, however, that with respect to all Major League Clubs, Santa Clara County in California shall also be included;

Washington: District of Columbia; and Arlington, Fairfax and Prince William Counties, and all independent cities bordering such counties, in Virginia.
(b) AMERICAN LEAGUE CIRCUIT. The circuit of the American League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

Baltimore: City of Baltimore; and Baltimore, Anne Arundel, Howard, Carroll and Harford Counties in Maryland;

Boston: Suffolk, Middlesex, Essex, Bristol, Worcester and Norfolk Counties in Massachusetts; provided, however, that Bristol and Worcester Counties and the territory south and west of Highway 128 in Norfolk County shall be shared with the Pawtucket franchise in the International League;

Chicago: Cook, Lake, DuPage, Will, Kendall, McHenry and Grundy Counties in Illinois; and Lake and Porter Counties in Indiana; provided, however, this territory shall be shared with the Chicago franchise in the National League;

Cleveland: Cuyahoga, Lorain, Medina, Geauga, Lake and Summit Counties in Ohio; provided, however, that Summit County shall be shared with the Akron franchise in the Eastern League;

Detroit: Wayne, Monroe, Washtenaw, Oakland, Macomb and St. Clair Counties in Michigan;

Kansas City: Johnson, Wyandotte, Miami and Leavenworth Counties in Kansas; and Clay, Jackson, Cass and Platte Counties in Missouri;

Los Angeles Angels of Anaheim: Los Angeles, Orange and Ventura Counties in California; provided, however, that this territory shall be shared with the Los Angeles franchise in the National League;

Minnesota: Ramsey and Hennepin Counties in Minnesota;
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 52

New York: City of New York; Nassau, Suffolk, Rockland and Westchester Counties in New York; Bergen, Hudson, Essex and Union Counties in New Jersey; and that portion of Fairfield County in Connecticut, located south of Interstate 84 and west of Route 58; provided, however, that this territory shall be shared with the New York franchise in the National League;

Oakland: Alameda and Contra Costa Counties in California;

Seattle: King County in Washington;

Tampa Bay: Pinellas and Hillsborough Counties in Florida;

Texas: Cities of Dallas, Ft. Worth and Arlington; and Dallas and Tarrant Counties in Texas;

Toronto: Cities of Scarborough, York, East York, North York, Etobicoke and Toronto, commonly referred to as Metropolitan Toronto.

(e) INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE (AAA) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the International League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

Buffalo: Erie County in New York;

Charlotte: Mecklenburg County in North Carolina and York County in South Carolina;

Columbus: Franklin County in Ohio;

Durham: Durham, Wake and Orange Counties in North Carolina; provided, however that Wake County shall be shared with the Carolina franchise of the Carolina League;
Gwinnett (Lawrenceville): Barrow and Gwinnett Counties in Georgia; provided, however, that Gwinnett County shall be shared with the Atlanta franchise in the National League, that no 15-mile buffer shall extend into the City of Atlanta or Cobb County in Georgia and that if the same entity owns the right to operate the Atlanta franchise in the National League and the Gwinnett Club, then the Gwinnett Club's 15-mile buffer shall not extend into Fulton, Forsyth and DeKalb Counties in Georgia, but if the same entity does not own the right to operate the Atlanta franchise in the National League and the Gwinnett Club, then the Gwinnett Club's buffer shall extend into each of Fulton, Forsyth and DeKalb Counties in Georgia as follows: in Fulton County, westward until Georgia 400/Highway 19 and southward until Interstate 285; in Forsyth County, westward until Georgia 400/Highway 19; and in DeKalb County, westward until Interstate 285 and southward until Decatur/Rockbridge Road;

Indianapolis: Marion County in Indiana;

Lehigh Valley (Allentown): Lehigh County in Pennsylvania;

Louisville: Jefferson County in Kentucky;

Norfolk: Cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, Hampton, Chesapeake and Newport News; and York and Isle of Wight Counties in Virginia;
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 52

Pawtucket: Providence, Kent and Bristol Counties in Rhode Island; and Bristol and Worcester Counties and the area south and west of Highway 128 in Norfolk County in Massachusetts; provided, however, that the described territory in Massachusetts shall be shared with the Boston franchise in the American League;

Rochester: Monroe County in New York;
Scranton/Wilkes-Barre: Lackawanna and Luzerne Counties in Pennsylvania;
Syracuse: Onondaga County in New York;
Toledo: Lucas, Ottawa and Wood Counties in Ohio.

(d) MEXICAN LEAGUE (AAA) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Mexican League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below, provided, however, that for each Club no 15-mile buffer shall extend beyond the described territory:

Aguascalientes: State of Aguascalientes;
Campeche: State of Campeche in Mexico shared with Ciudad del Carmen Club of the Mexican League;
Dos Laredos: State of Tamaulipas in Mexico and Texas in United States
Durango: State of Durango in Mexico
Laguna (Torreon): State of Coahuila in Mexico;
León: State of Guanajuanto in Mexico
Mexico City: Federal District in Mexico;
Monclova: State of Coahuila in Mexico shared with the Saltillo and Laguna Clubs of the Mexican League;
Monterrey: State of Nuevo Leon in Mexico;
Oaxaca: State of Oaxaca in Mexico;
Puebla: State of Puebla in Mexico;
Quintana Roo (Cancun): State of Quintana Roo;
Saltillo: State of Coahuila in Mexico shared with the Monclova and Laguna Clubs of the Mexican League;
Tabasco (Villahermosa): State of Tabasco in Mexico;
Tijuana: State of Baja California in Mexico
Yucatan (Merida): State of Yucatan in Mexico.

(e) PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE (AAA) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Pacific Coast League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:
Albuquerque: Bernalillo County in New Mexico;
El Paso: El Paso County in Texas;
Fresno: Fresno County in California;
Iowa (Des Moines): Polk County in Iowa;
Las Vegas: Clark County in Nevada;
Memphis: Shelby County in Tennessee;
Nashville: Davidson County in Tennessee;
New Orleans: Orleans and Jefferson Parishes in Louisiana;
Oklahoma City: Oklahoma County in Oklahoma;
Omaha: Douglas County in Nebraska;
Reno: Washoe County in Nevada;
Round Rock: Travis and Williamson Counties in Texas;
Sacramento: Sacramento and Yolo Counties in California;
Salt Lake: Salt Lake County in Utah;
San Antonio: Bexar County in Texas
Tacoma: Pierce County in Washington.

(f) EASTERN LEAGUE (AA) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Eastern League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:
Akron: Stark and Summit Counties in Ohio; provided, however, that Summit County shall be shared with the Cleveland franchise in the American League;
Altoona: Blair County in Pennsylvania;
Binghamton: Broome County in New York;
Bowie: Anne Arundel and Prince Georges Counties in Maryland; provided, however, that with respect to Major League Clubs the Club’s territory does not include Anne Arundel County and the Club’s 15-mile buffer does not include the District of Columbia;
Erie: Erie County in Pennsylvania;
Harrisburg: Dauphin County in Pennsylvania;
Hartford: Hartford County in Connecticut;
New Hampshire (Manchester): No home territory;
Portland Cumberland County in Maine;
Reading: Berks County in Pennsylvania;
Richmond: City of Richmond, and Henrico, Chesterfield and Hanover Counties in Virginia;
Trenton: Mercer County in New Jersey.

(g) SOUTHERN LEAGUE (AA) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Southern League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:
Biloxi: Harrison County in Mississippi;
Birmingham: Jefferson County in Alabama;
Chattanooga: Hamilton County in Tennessee;
Jackson: Madison County in Tennessee;
Jacksonville: Duval County in Florida;
Mississippi (Pearl): Rankin County in Mississippi;
Mobile: Mobile and Baldwin Counties in Alabama;
Montgomery: Montgomery County in Alabama;
Pensacola: Escambia County in Florida
(h) TEXAS LEAGUE (AA) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Texas League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

- Amarillo: Potter County in Texas
- Arkansas (Little Rock): Pulaski County in Arkansas; provided, however that with respect to all Major League Clubs, the Club shall have no protected territory;
- Corpus Christi: Nueces County in Texas;
- Frisco: Collin County in Texas;
- Midland: Midland County in Texas;
- Northwest Arkansas (Springdale): Washington County in Arkansas;
- Springfield: Greene County in Missouri;
- Tulsa: Tulsa and Osage Counties in Oklahoma.

(i) CALIFORNIA LEAGUE (A) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the California League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

- Inland Empire (San Bernardino): San Bernardino County in California shared with the Rancho Cucamonga Club of the California League;
- Lake Elsinore: Riverside County in California;
- Lancaster: No home territory;
- Modesto: Stanislaus County in California;
- Rancho Cucamonga: San Bernardino County in California shared with the Inland Empire Club of the California League;
- San Jose: Santa Clara County in California;
- Stockton: San Joaquin County in California;
- Visalia: Tulare County in California.
CAROLINA LEAGUE (A) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Carolina League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

Carolina (Zebulon): Wake, Franklin, Wilson, Nash and Johnston Counties in North Carolina; provided, however, that Wake County shall be shared with the Durham franchise in the International League and the Club’s 15-mile buffer will not extend into Cumberland and Lenoir Counties with respect to a club or league of Class A Advanced Classification or below;

Down East (Kinston): Lenoir County in North Carolina;

Fayetteville: Cumberland County in North Carolina;

Frederick: Frederick and Montgomery Counties in Maryland; provided, however, that no 15-mile buffer shall extend into the District of Columbia or into Arlington, Fairfax or Prince William Counties, or any independent city bordering such counties, in the Commonwealth of Virginia and with respect to all Major League Clubs, the Club’s 15-mile buffer shall not extend into any city or county in the Commonwealth of Virginia;

Lynchburg: City of Lynchburg, and Amherst, Appomattox, Bedford and Campbell Counties in Virginia;

Myrtle Beach: Horry County in South Carolina;

Potomac (Woodbridge): No home territory;

Salem: Cities of Salem, Roanoke and Radford, and Roanoke and Montgomery Counties in Virginia; provided, however, that the Club’s 15-mile buffer will not extend from the boundaries of the City of Radford and Montgomery County;

Wilmington: New Castle County in Delaware and Cecil County, Maryland;

Winston-Salem: Forsyth County in North Carolina.
(k) FLORIDA STATE LEAGUE (A) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Florida State League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

- Bradenton: No home territory;
- Charlotte (Port Charlotte): Charlotte County in Florida.
- Clearwater: No home territory;
- Daytona: Volusia County in Florida;
- Dunedin: No home territory;
- Florida (Kissimmee): Osceola County in Florida
- Fort Myers: Lee County in Florida;
- Jupiter: Palm Beach County in Florida shared with the Palm Beach Club of the Florida State League;
- Lakeland: Polk County in Florida;
- Palm Beach (Jupiter): Palm Beach County in Florida shared with the Jupiter Club of the Florida State League;
- St. Lucie: St. Lucie County in Florida;
- Tampa: No home territory.

(l) MIDWEST LEAGUE (A) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Midwest League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

- Beloit: Rock County in Wisconsin;
- Bowling Green: Warren County in Kentucky;
- Burlington: Des Moines County in Iowa and Henderson County in Illinois;
- Cedar Rapids: Linn County in Iowa;
- Clinton: Clinton County in Iowa and Whiteside County in Illinois;
- Dayton: No home territory;
- Fort Wayne: Allen County in Indiana;
- Great Lakes (Midland): Midland County in Michigan;
- Kane County (Geneva): Kane County in Illinois;
- Lake County (Eastlake): No home territory;
Lansing: Ingham County in Michigan;
Peoria: Peoria, Tazewell and Woodford Counties in Illinois;
Quad Cities (Davenport): Scott County in Iowa and Rock Island County in Illinois;
South Bend: St. Joseph County in Indiana;
West Michigan (Comstock Park): Kent County in Michigan;
Wisconsin (Appleton): Outagamie County in Wisconsin.

(m) SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE (A) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the South Atlantic League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

Asheville: Buncombe County in North Carolina;
Augusta: Richmond County in Georgia and Aiken County in South Carolina;
Charleston, S.C.: Charleston County in South Carolina;
Columbia: Richmond and Lexington Counties in South Carolina;
Delmarva (Salisbury): Wicomico County in Maryland;
Greensboro: Guilford County in North Carolina;
Greenville: Greenville County in South Carolina;
Hagerstown: Washington County in Maryland;
Hickory: Burke, Catawba and Caldwell Counties in North Carolina;
Kannapolis: Cabarrus and Rowan County in North Carolina; provided, however, that the Club’s 15-mile buffer does not include Mecklenburg County, North Carolina;
Lakewood: No home territory;
Lexington: Fayette County in Kentucky;
Rome: Floyd County in Georgia;
West Virginia (Charleston): Kanawha County in West Virginia.
**MAJOR LEAGUE RULES**

**MLR Attachment 52**

(n) **NEW YORK-PENN LEAGUE (SHORT-SEASON A) CIRCUIT.**

The circuit of the New York-Penn League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>City</th>
<th>Home Territory</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aberdeen</td>
<td>No home territory;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auburn</td>
<td>Cayuga County in New York;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batavia</td>
<td>Genesee County in New York;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brooklyn</td>
<td>No home territory;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut</td>
<td>New London County in Connecticut;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>provided, however, that with respect to the International League and Eastern League: (1) the New York-Penn League and the Connecticut Club waive all rights to object to the relocation of the Pawtucket and Hartford Clubs within their own territories, (2) with respect to the International League and Pawtucket Club the Connecticut Club may relocate within the city limits of Norwich, Connecticut notwithstanding any other provision of any applicable rules and (3) with respect to the Eastern League and Hartford Club, the Connecticut Club may relocate anywhere within New London County notwithstanding any other provision of applicable rules;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hudson Valley</td>
<td>Dutchess County in New York;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Fishkill)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowell</td>
<td>No home territory;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahoning Valley</td>
<td>Trumbull County in Ohio; provided, however that with respect to all Major League Clubs, the Club shall have no protected territory;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Niles)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State College</td>
<td>Centre County in Pennsylvania;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staten Island</td>
<td>No home territory;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tri-City (Troy)</td>
<td>Rensselaer County in New York;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>Chittenden County in Vermont;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Burlington)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
West Virginia: Monongalia County in West Virginia
Williamsport: Lycoming County in Pennsylvania.

(o) NORTHWEST LEAGUE (Short-Season A) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Northwest League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

    Boise:    Ada County in Idaho;
    Eugene:   Lane County in Oregon;
    Everett:  Snohomish County in Washington;
    Hillsboro: Washington County in Oregon;
    Salem-Keizer: Marion County in Oregon;
    Spokane: Spokane County in Washington;
    Tri-City (Pasco): Franklin County in Washington;
    Vancouver: Greater Vancouver District in British Columbia;

(p) APPALACHIAN LEAGUE (Rookie) CIRCUIT. The circuit of the Appalachian League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

    Bluefield: Mercer County in West Virginia shared with the Princeton Club of the Appalachian League;
    Bristol: City of Bristol and Washington County in Virginia;
    Burlington: Alamance County in North Carolina;
    Danville: City of Danville and Pittsylvania County in Virginia;
    Elizabethton: Carter County in Tennessee;
    Greeneville: Greene County in Tennessee;
    Johnson City: Washington County in Tennessee;
    Kingsport: Sullivan County in Tennessee;
    Princeton: Mercer County in West Virginia shared with the Bluefield Club of the Appalachian League;
    Pulaski: Pulaski County in Virginia.
(q) **PIONEER LEAGUE (Rookie) CIRCUIT.** The circuit of the Pioneer League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

- **Billings:** Yellowstone County in Montana;
- **Colorado Springs:** El Paso County in Colorado;
- **Grand Junction:** Mesa County in Colorado;
- **Great Falls:** Cascade County in Montana;
- **Idaho Falls:** Bonneville County in Idaho;
- **Missoula:** Missoula County in Montana;
- **Ogden:** Weber County in Utah;
- **Orem:** Utah County in Utah.

(r) **GULF COAST LEAGUE (Rookie) CIRCUIT.** The circuit of the Gulf Coast League shall comprise the following cities, as defined below:

- **Bradenton:** Manatee County in Florida;
- **Sarasota:** Sarasota County in Florida.
STANDARD MINOR LEAGUE FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

CLUB NAME _______________________
LEAGUE ________________ CLASSIFICATION
YEAR ENDING ________________

*Completed By: ________________
Title: ________________
Date: ________________

*Number of Dates this Season

___________ Regular Season Dates
___________ Exhibition/All-Star Date
___________ Rain Out Dates
___________ Reported Attendance

*Source of Information (check one):

___________ Audited Financial Statement
___________ Reviewed Financial Statement
___________ Compiled by outside firm
___________ Compiled internally

* Form of Ownership:

___________ Partnership
___________ Subchapter S Corporation
___________ C Corporation
___________ Other (specify) ________________

*Year Franchise Purchased: ________________

*Currency:

___________ U.S. Dollars
___________ Canadian Dollars
## BALANCE SHEET

### ASSETS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CURRENT ASSETS</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NON-CURRENT ASSETS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROPERTY &amp; EQUIPMENT</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STADIUM/LEASEHOLD</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated depreciation</td>
<td>$(__________)</td>
<td>(A4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL (Net of Depreciation)</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BASEBALL ASSETS (FRANCHISE)</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NON-BASEBALL ASSETS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOANS/ADVANCES TO OWNERS</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NON-OWNER RELATED ASSETS</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL ASSETS</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(A9)</td>
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---

**NOTE:** Line numbers at right refer to Detailed Instructions.
### BALANCE SHEET

#### LIABILITIES AND OWNER EQUITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Liabilities</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Reference</th>
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<td>$__________</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deferred Revenues</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stadium Related</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loans/Advances from Owners</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L5)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Debt</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L6)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Liabilities</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L7)*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Owner Equity</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L8)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total Liabilities</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>And Owner Equity</td>
<td>$__________</td>
<td>(L9)**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* If zero insert $1.00 to allow for equity to liabilities calculation.

** Line L9 should equal A9

**NOTE:** Line numbers at right refer to Detailed Instructions.
# INCOME STATEMENT

## REVENUES

### Ticket Revenues:
- **Gross Receipts**: $\text{_____}$ (I1)
- **Direct Costs**: $(\text{_____})$ (I2)
- **Payment to Major Leagues**: $(\text{_____})$ (I3)
- **Net**: $\text{_____}$ (I4)

### Advertising Revenues:
- **Gross Revenues**: $\text{_____}$ (I5)
- **Direct Costs**: $(\text{_____})$ (I6)
- **Net**: $\text{_____}$ (I7)

### Concessions:
- **Gross Revenues**: $\text{_____}$ (I8)
- **Direct Costs**: $(\text{_____})$ (I9)
- **Net**: $\text{_____}$ (I10)

### Other:
- **Gross Revenues**: $\text{_____}$ * (I11)
- **Direct Costs**: $(\text{_____})$ (I12)
- **Net**: $\text{_____}$ (I13)

**TOTAL REVENUES**: $\text{_____}$ (I14)

## OPERATING EXPENSES

- **Park and Game Expenses**: $\text{_____}$ (I15)
- **Team Expenses**: $\text{_____}$ (I16)
- **General & Administrative**: $\text{_____}$ (I17)
- **Management Fees**: $\text{_____}$ (I18)
- **Other**: $\text{_____}$ (I19)

**TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES**: $\text{_____}$ (I20)

## DEBT SERVICE & OTHER EXPENSES

- **Interest – 3rd Party Debt**: $\text{_____}$ (I21)
- **Interest – Owner Debt**: $\text{_____}$ (I22)
- **Depreciation & Amortization**: $\text{_____}$ (I23)
- **Income Taxes**: $\text{_____}$ (I24)
- **Other (Itemize)**: $\text{_____}$ (I25)

**TOTAL DEBT SERVICE/OTHER**: $\text{_____}$ (I26)

**NET INCOME (LOSS)**: $\text{_____}$ (I27)

---

* Identify the amount of any EXPANSION FEES included as other revenue.

**NOTE:** Line numbers at right refer to Detailed Instructions.
EQUITY TO LIABILITIES RATIO TEST WORKSHEET

ASSET ADJUSTMENTS
1. Enter ‘TOTAL ASSETS’ (Line A9) . . . . . . . $ __________ (R1)
2. Enter amount, if any, that PBA minimum franchise value exceeds Line A6 . . . . . . . . . $ __________ (R2)
3. Enter amount, if any, that appraisals for non-current, non-baseball assets exceed historical cost bases for such assets (attached copies of appraisals and details) . . . $ __________ (R3)
4. Deduct ‘Deferred Revenues’ (Line L2) . . . . . $(__________) (R4)
5. Deduct ‘Loans/Advances to Owners’ (Line A7) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ...
DETAILED INSTRUCTIONS

The following detailed instructions are intended to assist Clubs in uniformly completing this Report. Line numbers in parentheses refer to the corresponding lines in the Standard Financial Report:

BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS

(Line A1) **Current Assets.** Enter the total of cash, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other comparable assets. **Do not** include any receivables from owners, affiliates and related parties here (include in Line A7).

(Line A2, A3 & A8) **Non-Current Non-Baseball Assets.** Historical cost is to be used as the basis of the asset(s).

(Line A2) **Property and Equipment.** Enter total cost of furniture, fixtures, equipment, and the like.

(Line A3) **Stadium/Leasehold.** Enter total cost of stadium acquisition and improvements (including video displays, scoreboards, etc.)

(Line A4) **Accumulated Depreciation.** Enter total accumulated depreciation on assets included in Lines A2 and A3.

(Line A5) **Total (Net of Depreciation).** Sum of Lines A2 plus A3, less Line A4.

(Line A6) **Baseball Assets (Franchise).** Enter value of franchise on Club’s books.

(Line A7) **Loans/Advances to Owners.** Enter total outstanding balances of loans/advances from Club to stockholders, partners, etc., whether current or non-current.

(Line A8) **Other Non-Owner Related Non-Baseball Assets.** Enter total amount of other assets (deposits, etc.).
BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES AND OWNER EQUITY

(Line L1) **Current Liabilities.** Enter total of accounts payable, accrued expenses and other similar current liabilities. Do not enter amounts payable to owners, affiliates and related parties here (include in Line L4).

(Line L2) **Deferred Revenues.** Enter total of revenues (net of deferred expenses) on Club's books that are related to a future period, (for example, sale of a billboard sign in November for next season, assuming a fiscal year end of December 31).

(Line L3) **Stadium Related Debt.** Total debt incurred for stadium acquisition or improvements (including video displays, scoreboards, etc.)

(Line L4) **Loans/Advances From Others.** Total loans or advances (current and long term) from stockholders, partners, affiliates and related parties.

(Line L5) **Other Debt.** Total all other debt per books.

(Line L6) **Total Debt.** Sum of Line L3, L4 and L5.

(Line L7) **Total Liabilities.** Sum of Lines L1, L2 and L6.

(Line L8) **Owner Equity.** Total equity of stockholders, partners, etc.; should be equal to Line A9 (Total Assets) less Line L7 (Total Liabilities).

(Line L9) **Total Liabilities and Owner Equity.** Sum of Lines L7 and L8 (must equal Line A9, Total Assets).
### INCOME STATEMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I1</td>
<td><strong>Gross Ticket Receipts.</strong> Enter total revenue from ticket sales (should equal amount from NA Ticket Reporting form).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I2</td>
<td><strong>Direct Cost, Tickets.</strong> Enter direct cost associated with ticket revenues (sales and admission taxes, payments accrued per leases, printing costs, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I3</td>
<td><strong>Payment to Major Leagues.</strong> Enter payment to Minor League Association as a result of the “5% tax” on ticket revenues (1992 and subsequent years).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I4</td>
<td><strong>Net Ticket Revenue.</strong> Line I1, less Line I2, Less Line I3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I5–I7</td>
<td><strong>Advertising Revenues.</strong> Enter total gross revenues from advertising (billboards, program ads, radio, etc.) on Line I5; enter direct cost associated with such revenue (printing, painting, radio costs, etc.) on Line I6; and enter net on Line I7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I8–I10</td>
<td><strong>Concessions Revenue.</strong> Enter total gross revenues from sale on Line I8; enter direct cost of sales on Line I9; enter net on Line I10. If concessions are provided by outside concessionaire, amount received by Club would appear on Line I10, but enter concessionaire’s gross sales on Line I8, and amount retained by concessionaire on Line I9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I11–I13</td>
<td><strong>Other Revenues.</strong> Enter gross sales (souvenirs, concerts, parking, expansion fees, etc.) on Line I11; enter direct cost of such sales on Line I12; enter net on Line I13.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I14</td>
<td><strong>Total Revenues.</strong> Sum of Lines I4, I7, I10 and I13.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I15</td>
<td><strong>Park and Game Expenses.</strong> Enter total expenses (rent under ballpark lease, utilities, maintenance, security, labor, etc.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**MAJOR LEAGUE RULES**
**MLR Attachment 54**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I16</td>
<td>Team Expenses</td>
<td>Enter total expenses, net of reimbursements from Major League Affiliate (team travel, hotel, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I17</td>
<td>General and Administrative</td>
<td>Enter total of all other operating expenses of Club (salaries, league and Minor League Association dues, insurance, office expenses, etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I18</td>
<td>Management Fees</td>
<td>Enter amounts paid to owners and related parties under management agreements (other than salaries).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I19</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Enter any miscellaneous expenses not included elsewhere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I20</td>
<td>Total Operating Expenses</td>
<td>Sum of Lines I15 to I19.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I21</td>
<td>Interest – 3rd Party Debt</td>
<td>Enter interest incurred on debt to non-owners (those other than stockholders, partners or related parties).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I22</td>
<td>Interest – Owner Debt</td>
<td>Enter interest on debts to stockholders, partners, related parties, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I23</td>
<td>Depreciation and Amortization</td>
<td>Enter current period (year) total.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I24</td>
<td>Income Taxes</td>
<td>Enter income taxes incurred (estimated if necessary) by entity owning franchise and reporting on this Form. Enter “N/A” if reporting entity is a partnership, sub-S corporation, or other non-taxpaying entity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I25</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Enter any expenses not entered elsewhere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I26</td>
<td>Total Debt Service/Other</td>
<td>Sum of Liens I21 and I25.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 54

EQUITY TO LIABILITIES RATIO TEST (Refer also to Rule 54(b)(3) and Rule 54(a)(5)(C)(iv))

(Line R1) Total Assets. Enter amount from Line A9.

(Line R2) PBA Franchise Value Adjustment. If franchise value entered on Line A6 is less than $4 million (if AAA), $2.5 million (if AA), $1 million (if A) or $750,000 (if Short-Season A or Rookie), then enter difference on Line R2. Enter -0- if A6 is greater than the corresponding “PBA Allowance” figures listed in previous sentence.

Example #1: Your AA franchise is $2.0 million per books (Line A6), enter 500,000 on Line R2 ($2.5 million “allowance for AA” less $2.0 million from Line A6).

Example #2: Your Class A franchise is $1.5 million per books (Line A6), enter -0- on Line R2 (your $1.5 million is greater than PBA “Allowance for Full A” of $1.0 million).

(Line R3) Non Current, Non-Baseball Asset Adjustment. Rule 54(a)(5)(C)(iv)(cc) allows “appraised value” to be used in lieu of “historical cost” for purposes of the equity-to-liability ratio test. If this adjustment is applicable, attach calculation and copies of appraisals(s) and enter adjustment amount in Line R3.

(Line R4) Deduct “Deferred Revenues”. Enter amount from Line L2.

(Line R5) Deduct “Loans/Advances to Owners”. Enter -0- if it can be demonstrated that the amounts will be repaid within a reasonable time period (See Rule 54(a)(5)(C)(iv)(fi)); otherwise enter amount from Line A7.


(Line R7) Total Liabilities. Enter amount from Line L7.

(Line R8) Deduct “Deferred Revenues”. Enter amount from Line L2.
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 54

(Line R9) Deduct “Stadium Related Debt”. Enter amount from Line L3.


(Line R12) Adjusted Equity Line R6 less Line R1 1.

(Line R13) PBA Ratio Test. Divide Line R12 (Adjusted Equity) by Line R11 (Adjusted Liabilities). If result is equal to or greater than 1.222 (55-to-45) test is passed.
STANDARD FORM LETTER ESTABLISHING PDC

The parties to this Player Development Contract, ____, (Major League Club) and ____, (National Association Club) hereby adopt and agree to all provisions of the standard Player Development Contract (PDC) as set forth in the Major League Rules (MLR) incorporated by reference into the Professional Baseball Agreement (PBA) between the Major Leagues and the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, Inc. As used in the PDC, the term “Major League Club” shall refer to __________ and the term “Minor League Club” shall refer to __________. This Agreement shall be in effect from the ______ day of __________, _______ through September 30, ___.

________________________________________  By: ________________
(Major League Club)

________________________________________  By: ________________
(National Association Club)
MAJOR LEAGUE RULES
MLR Attachment 58

ATTACHMENT 58

MINOR LEAGUE FACILITY STANDARDS AND COMPLIANCE INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Standards

Unless expressed as recommendations, these facility standards are minimum requirements for all new Minor League facilities. The standards outlined in Sections 11, 12 and 13 are applicable to both new and existing facilities.

New Facilities

Any facility that is scheduled for a construction starting date of January 1, 1991 or later shall be considered a “new facility.” All plans for new facilities, including construction time schedules, must be submitted to field inspection personnel designated by the Commissioner's Office and the President of the Minor League Association, for review and approval by the field inspection personnel prior to the start of construction. Such review must be completed within 30 days after submission or the plans shall be deemed approved. If such plans meet the standards they shall be approved. Notwithstanding its facility’s designation as a “new facility,” a Minor League Club that can demonstrate that its new facility construction planning and approval process was at such a stage as of November 17, 1990 that requiring compliance with a minimum new facilities standard (other than those outlined in Sections 11, 12 and 13) will cause it to suffer a material hardship, may apply to the President of the Minor League Association and to the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee for a variance from such standard.

Existing Facilities

Any facility other than a “new facility” as defined above shall be considered an “existing facility.” All existing facilities must meet the standards outlined in Sections 11, 12 and 13 (playing field and other team facilities) by no later than April 1, 1995. All plans for additions, alterations or renovations of such facilities, including new turf installations, must be submitted to field inspection personnel designated by the Commissioner's Office and to the President of the Minor League Association, for review and approval by the field inspection personnel (including construction time schedules) prior to the start of construction. Such review must be completed within 30 days after submission or the plans shall be deemed approved. If such plans meet the standards they shall be approved.
# MAJOR LEAGUE RULES

MLR Attachment 58

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<th>SECTION</th>
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<th>2.0 Public Comfort Stations</th>
<th>3.0 Concession and Vending</th>
<th>4.0 Miscellaneous Public Areas</th>
<th>5.0 Ticket Windows and Entry Turnstiles</th>
<th>6.0 Security and First Aid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.1 Seating Capacity</td>
<td>2.1 Comfort Station Distribution</td>
<td>3.1 Concession Areas</td>
<td>4.1 Stadium Club/Restaurant/Banquet Facility</td>
<td>5.1 Ticket Windows</td>
<td>6.1 Security Command Post</td>
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<td></td>
<td>1.2 Grades of Seating</td>
<td>2.2 Plumbing Fixtures</td>
<td>3.2 Concession Vendors</td>
<td>4.2 Picnic/Beer Garden Facility</td>
<td>5.2 Turnstiles/Entry Positions</td>
<td>6.2 First Aid Station</td>
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<td>1.3 Seating Distribution</td>
<td>2.3 Handicapped Accessibilities</td>
<td>3.3 Concession Compliance/Codes and Regulations</td>
<td>4.3 Family Recreation Area</td>
<td>5.3 Handicapped Accessibility</td>
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<td>1.4 Seat Spacing</td>
<td>2.4 Drinking Fountains</td>
<td>3.4 Concession Storage and Novelty Stands</td>
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<td>4.0 Miscellaneous Public Areas</td>
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<td>5.0 Ticket Windows and Entry Turnstiles</td>
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<td>2.0 Public Comfort Stations</td>
<td>3.0 Concession and Vending</td>
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MLR Attachment 58
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<td>Access and Control</td>
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<td>Handicapped Parking</td>
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<td>Scoreboard</td>
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SECTION 1.0 SEATING

This section establishes standards for the number, type and arrangement of seating in all facilities.

1.1 SEATING CAPACITY

Seating capacities shall be established to be appropriate for the size of the Minor League Club’s market. Recommended minimum capacities are as listed below. All facilities shall conform with the seating grade, seating distribution and spacing requirements described in sections 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4.

1.1.1 Class AAA Capacity 10,000 seats
1.1.2 Class AA Capacity 6,000 seats
1.1.3 Class A Capacity 4,000 seats
1.1.4 Short-Season Class A/Rookie 2,500 seats

1.2 GRADES OF SEATING

In order to enhance the professional atmosphere of the facility, each facility shall provide a minimum of two separate and distinct grades of seating (three separate and distinct grades are recommended). This provision is intended to designate and define general types of seating and not to define pricing or ticketing structures.

1.2.1 TYPES OF SEATING

Seating types shall be defined as in sections 1.2.2, 1.2.3, and 1.2.4.

1.2.2 BOX SEATING

Defined as Arm Chair Seats with Backs. Additional seat width and leg room is recommended, with an additional three inches of tread width to be provided as compared to the tread width in the other seating areas. Following the traditional definition of box seating, it is recommended that additional access to smaller groupings of box seats be provided.

1.2.3 RESERVED SEATING

Defined as a bench with back as a minimum requirement.

1.2.4 GENERAL ADMISSION SEATING

Defined as a bench as a minimum requirement.
1.3 SEATING DISTRIBUTION

In no event shall more than 90% of the total seating capacity be General Admission seating. Recommended seating distributions are as follows.

For two grades of seating:
- Box or Reserved: 25% of total capacity
- General Admission: 75% of total capacity

For three grades of seating:
- Box: 25% of total capacity
- Reserved: 25% of total capacity
- General Admission: 50% of total capacity

1.4 SEAT SPACING

The spacing and layout of all seating, aisles, vomitories, cross-aisles and concourses comprising the established exiting system shall conform to all applicable local, state and federal codes and regulations. (NFPA 101 for Assembly Occupancies shall be considered the minimum requirement if the facility does not fall under jurisdiction of other regulations.)

1.5 HANDICAPPED ACCESSIBILITY

All facilities shall comply with all applicable local, state and federal codes and regulations regarding access of Handicapped patrons and employees. (ANSI A117-1 shall be considered the minimum requirements.)

SECTION 2.0 PUBLIC COMFORT STATIONS

This section determines and defines the number of plumbing fixtures and their arrangement at the facilities.

2.1 COMFORT STATION DISTRIBUTION

The distribution of the fixtures should be in accordance with the distribution of the seating locations and exiting system to allow minimal walking distances from all parts of the facility to public toilet facilities.
2.2 PLUMBING FIXTURES

The minimum plumbing fixture ratios shall be as follows:

Water closets 1:125 Women
1:450 Men

Lavatories (sinks) 1:150 Women
1:150 Men

Urinals 1:125 men

2.2.1 COMFORT STATION ACCESSORIES

All public restroom facilities shall provide mirrors, purse shelves (in women’s), hand drying facilities and trash cans. It is recommended that a table/platform for diaper changing be located in each restroom.

2.3 HANDICAPPED ACCESSIBILITIES

All facilities shall comply with all applicable local, state and federal codes and regulations (ANSI. A117-1). It is recommended that all facilities provide a minimum of one, unisex h.c. toilet facility per level. This facility shall be similar to a residential bathroom, and allow a h.c. patron to use the facility with the assistance of his/her companion of the opposite sex.

2.4 DRINKING FOUNTAINS

All facilities shall provide drinking fountains per local, state and federal codes and regulations.

2.5 PUBLIC TELEPHONES

All facilities shall provide telephones per local, state and federal codes and regulations.

SECTION 3.0 CONCESSION AND VENDING

The following standards for Concessions and Vending are recommended for all facilities. Many of the conditions may be affected by an existing operational agreement between the facility and concessionaire. It is recommended that these standards be incorporated into any new operational agreement negotiated after the effective date of this PBA.

3.1 CONCESSION AREAS

It is recommended all facilities provide 5 lineal feet of counter space (with corresponding support space) per 350 seats in the total facility
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capacity. The distribution of the concession areas shall be commensurate with the distribution of the patrons to minimize walking distances. [Example: 12,000 seats/350 = 34.28 X 5’ = 171 lineal feet of counter. Each stand averages 25’ per stand. Therefore, a minimum of 7 stands, distributed throughout the facility are recommended.]

3.2 CONCESSION VENDORS

If concession vendors are provided at the facility, the following ratios are recommended: one vendor per 350 seats, with 15 sq. ft. of vending commissary space for each vendor separate from the concession areas.

3.3 CONCESSION COMPLIANCE/CODES AND REGULATIONS

Concessionaires are responsible for compliance with all local, state and federal regulations in regard to Health Standards, Fire Department regulations, power, exhaust and ventilation requirements. The agreement between the facility and concessionaire shall define which party is responsible for required modifications.

3.4 CONCESSION STORAGE AND NOVELTY STANDS

The following standards shall be minimum requirements.

3.4.1 CONCESSION STORAGE

All facilities shall provide adequate storage for concession inventory. It is recommended that the storage area be of such size to store the inventory necessary to stage the number of games in an average home stand. In the Agreement between the facility and the concessionaire, the concessionaire shall provide empirical data to determine the required amount of storage space.

3.4.2 NOVELTY STANDS

Any provided novelty stand(s) acting as a sales point for retail sales shall present products in a professional manner commensurate with standard retail sales areas.

SECTION 4.0 MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC AREAS

4.1 STADIUM CLUB/RESTAURANT/BANQUET FACILITY

This type of facility shall be optional.
4.2 PICNIC/BEER GARDEN FACILITY

This type of facility shall be optional.

4.3 FAMILY RECREATION AREA

This type of facility shall be optional.

SECTION 5.0 TICKET WINDOWS AND ENTRY TURNTILES

The following Sections 5.1, 5.2, and 5.3 shall be minimum requirements.

5.1 TICKET WINDOWS

All facilities shall provide one ticket window for each 1500 seats of total capacity.

5.2 TURNTILES/ENTRY POSITIONS

All facilities shall provide one turnstile or equivalent entry position (minimum of 30” wide) for each 1500 seats of total capacity.

5.3 HANDICAPPED ACCESSIBILITY

All facilities shall provide access per all applicable local, state and federal codes and regulations to all public and private areas of the facility. (ANSI A117.1)

SECTION 6.0 SECURITY AND FIRST AID

6.1 SECURITY COMMAND POST

All facilities shall provide a “command post” for event security forces, centrally located with provisions for removing unruly patrons from the facility.

6.2 FIRST AID STATION

All facilities shall provide a first aid station during all events. It is recommended that certified medical personnel staff the station at all events.

SECTION 7.0 PARKING AND FACILITY ACCESS

The following Sections 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 shall be applicable to all facilities.
7.1 PARKING SPACES

It is recommended all facilities shall provide public parking spaces at a ratio of 1 space per 3 seats of total capacity. Such parking spaces shall be on-site or within a 10 minute (1/2 mile) walking distance of the stadium.

7.2 ACCESS AND CONTROL

All facilities shall coordinate with local law enforcement officials to provide controlled on-site traffic access, so as to promote a safe and trouble-free access environment.

7.3 HANDICAPPED PARKING

All facilities shall conform with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION 8.0 SOUND SYSTEM AND SCOREBOARD

8.1 SOUND SYSTEM

All facilities shall provide an acoustically balanced sound system integrated with the capacity to deliver clear audio messages to the press box, concourses and all public areas within the facility.

8.2 SCOREBOARD

All facilities shall provide a scoreboard that provides the following as minimum requirements. All scoreboard characters are to be large enough to be seen throughout the facility.

- Line Score
- Ball-Strike-Out
- Player at Bat

8.3 SCOREBOARD LOCATION

No part of any scoreboard and/or associated lighted advertising panels may be located within 50' of the center line of the playing field.

8.4 CLOCK

All facilities shall provide a time-of-day clock that is in full view of all field personnel from the beginning of batting practice through the close of each game.
SECTION 9.0 MEDIA FACILITIES

9.1 PRESS PARKING AND ACCESS

It is recommended that all facilities provide a parking area for all members of the media with direct access to the facility. It is also recommended that parking be provided for television vans and broadcast trucks.

9.2 PUBLIC ADDRESS/SCOREBOARD PERSONNEL

All facilities shall provide space in the press box for the public address announcer and scoreboard operator(s). It is recommended that the PA/scoreboard area have a minimum of 50 sq. ft. of floor space in addition to the floor space required for the scoreboard equipment.

9.3 RADIO BROADCAST BOOTHS

It is recommended that all facilities provide two radio broadcast booths (home and visitor) that provide a direct view of the entire field and facilitate the broadcast of the game. Each shall provide counters, chairs, power, lighting and telephone jack.

9.4 TELEVISION BROADCAST AND CAMERA BOOTH

It is recommended that all facilities provide a spare broadcast/camera booth available for local television broadcasts and local television media. The booth should have a direct view of the entire field with operable windows or closures.

9.5 PRINT MEDIA AREA

It is recommended that all facilities provide a separate area for 6 to 10 members of the print media with a direct view of the entire field. Counter, chairs, power, lighting and telephone jack shall be provided.

9.6 MEDIA TOILET FACILITIES

It is recommended that all facilities provide media restroom facilities separate from public restrooms, located with direct access to the press box.

9.7 MEDIA WORKROOM/LOUNGE

This type of facility shall be optional.
9.8 HANDICAPPED ACCESSIBILITY TO PRESS BOX

Facilities shall conform to all applicable local, state and federal codes and regulations for accessibility to the press box. (ANSI-A117.1)

SECTION 10.0 ADMINISTRATION AREA

10.1 FACILITY ADMINISTRATION AREA

It is recommended that all facilities provide administrative space of 250-300 sq. ft. per person for facility and maintenance operations with separate toilet facilities directly adjacent.

10.2 STADIUM PERSONNEL DRESSING/LOCKER FACILITIES

It is recommended that all facilities provide separate dressing/locker facilities (separate for each sex) for all maintenance and event employees (including concession personnel) separate from the public.

10.2.1 STADIUM PERSONNEL TOILET FACILITIES

It is recommended that all facilities provide toilet facilities for stadium personnel separate from the public. Direct access to personnel locker rooms is desirable.

10.3 TEAM ADMINISTRATION AREA

If the tenant team has a permanent administration area away from the facility, an on-site game day team administration area must be provided. If the team’s permanent administration area is at the facility, it is recommended that the area provide 250-300 sq. ft. per person for team operations with adjacent toilet facilities.

SECTION 11.0 TEAM FACILITIES

The following shall be minimum requirements.

11.1 HOME CLUBHOUSE/DRESSING AREA

The number of lockers provided shall be at least five more than the Club’s active player limit for its classification of play. The minimum size of each locker shall be 24” w x 72” h (36” w x 72” h is recommended). A lockable storage compartment is recommended for each locker.
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Minimum floorspace requirements for the team dressing area shall be as follows:

New facility: 1,000 sq. ft.
Existing facility: 800 sq. ft. (1,000 sq. ft. is recommended)

11.2 SHOWER AND TOILET FACILITIES

All facilities shall provide separate shower, drying and toilet areas with the following minimum fixture counts:

New facility:
- shower heads: 8 (10 recommended)
- water closets: 2
- urinals: 2
- lavatories: 4 (8 recommended)

Existing facilities:
- shower heads: 6 (10 recommended)
- water closets: 2
- urinals: 2
- lavatories: 2 (8 recommended)

11.3 TRAINING ROOM

All new facilities shall provide a separate training room of not less than 300 sq. ft. divided into three areas: treatment, whirlpool and rehabilitation. The training room shall have space for 1 or 2 treatment tables, a minimum of 2 whirlpools, hydroculator (4-pack minimum), scale, stationary bicycle, ice machine and an area for 2 or 3 pieces of rehabilitation/weight equipment. The training room shall contain a lockable storage area for training supplies. It is recommended that additional space be provided for a separate office/dressing area for the trainer and team physician. It is also recommended that a valuable storage box be installed in the training room.

All existing facilities shall comply with the above paragraph, with the exception that the minimum square footage requirement shall be 175 sq. ft. (300 sq. ft. is recommended).

11.4 TEAM LAUNDRY FACILITY

All facilities shall provide commercial quality laundry facilities (washer and dryer) for the home team to provide daily washing capability. This room may be combined with the Team Equipment Room.
11.5 TEAM EQUIPMENT ROOM

All facilities shall provide adequate lockable equipment storage space (minimum of 300 sq. ft. in a new facility) contiguous with the clubhouse.

11.6 COACHES’ LOCKERS

All new facilities shall provide a minimum of 4 coaches lockers (6 are recommended) in addition to the players lockers. It is recommended these lockers shall be in a separate area from the players lockers. Locker size and floor space requirements (per capita) shall be the same as in the players dressing area.

Existing facilities shall comply with the above paragraph, with the exception that a minimum of 3 coaches lockers are to be provided.

11.7 FIELD MANAGER’S OFFICE

All facilities shall provide a field manager’s office with direct access to the home clubhouse. It shall include a separate toilet, shower and dressing area, along with a desk and adequate meeting space for 6-8 persons. At existing facilities the separate toilet, shower and dressing area is recommended and not required.

11.8 VISITORS CLUBHOUSE/DRESSING AREA

The number of lockers provided shall be at least three more than the Club’s active player limit for its classification of play. Minimum floor space requirements shall be as follows:

New facility: 750 sq. ft.
Existing facility: 500 sq. ft (750 sq. ft. is recommended)

11.9 VISITORS SHOWER AND TOILET FACILITIES

All facilities shall provide separate shower, drying and toilet facilities with minimum fixture counts as follows:

New facility: shower heads: 6 (8 recommended)
              water closets: 2
              urinals: 2
              lavatories: 4

Existing facility: shower heads: 4 (8 recommended)
                  water closets: 2
                  urinals: 2
                  lavatories: 2 (4 recommended)
11.10 VISITORS TRAINING ROOM

All new facilities shall provide a separate training room (minimum of 150 sq. ft.), with space for one training table, one whirlpool, and a hydroculturator (4-pack minimum). In existing facilities, this area may be integrated into the players’ dressing area, provided that the dressing area is at least 650 sq. ft.

11.11 VISITING FIELD MANAGER’S OFFICE

All facilities shall provide a separate office for the visiting field manager. It shall include a separate toilet, shower and dressing area, along with a desk and adequate meeting space for 2-4 people. At existing facilities, the separate toilet, shower and dressing area is recommended and not required.

11.12 TEAM STORAGE (MAJOR LEAGUE PARENT TEAM)

It is recommended that all facilities provide a minimum of 300 sq. ft. of lockable team storage, separate from other team storage, with year round access only to the major league team.

11.13 UMPIRE FACILITIES

All facilities shall provide a private dressing, shower, and toilet facility for umpires. This area shall provide enough lockers (each a minimum of 36” w x 72” h) to accommodate the number of umpires typically assigned to work in the applicable classification of play. In new facilities, this area shall be a minimum of 200 sq. ft.

11.14 FIELD/DUGOUT ACCESS

It is required that all new facilities and recommended that all existing facilities provide a direct access route to the dugout/playing field. Similar access is to be provided for the umpires.

11.15 PLAYER PARKING

It is recommended that all facilities designate a parking area with clubhouse access for players and other uniformed team personnel.

11.16 HITTING/PITCHING TUNNELS

It is recommended that each facility provide two covered tunnels for players to practice hitting and pitching in an enclosed environment. If provided, these tunnels should be reasonably close to the home clubhouse with minimal public access.
11.17 PRE- AND POST-GAME WAITING AREA

It is recommended that all facilities provide a pre-game and post-game waiting area for families of players and other uniformed personnel.

SECTION 12.0 PLAYING FIELD

12.1 FIELD DIMENSIONS

Layouts of all new fields (and modifications to existing fields) shall be submitted for approval by the parent Major League Club and the Minor League Club. All field dimensions shall comply with the minimum dimensions specified in Section 2.01 of the Official Baseball Rules.

12.2 PLAYING SURFACE

All facilities shall provide a field surface (natural or synthetic) without defects and/or “trip-hazards” that could affect the normal play of the game or jeopardize player safety. Warning track material shall identify all zones within 15’ of all walls and fences. This warning track must be of a material to provide visual and tactile notice of a significant change in surface type.

12.3 FIELD GRADE

The maximum allowable grade from the base of the pitcher’s mound to the warning track in foul territory shall be 6”. The maximum allowable grade from second base to the outfield warning track shall be 20”.

12.4 FIELD WALL

The permanent outfield wall or fence in all new facilities shall be a minimum of 8’ high.

12.5 BULLPENS

All facilities must provide a bullpen area for each team. These areas may be located in foul territory down the baselines or just immediately outside the field wall. Each must be visible to both dugouts and to the press box. Each shall have two regulation pitching mounds and home plates, adequate distance and clearance for each pitcher and catcher, and a bench for 10 players. If the bullpens are in foul ball areas, care shall be taken to integrate the slope of the pitcher’s mound into the field so as not to create a trip hazard for fielders as they approach the bullpen. It is recommended that all facilities have phones connecting the bullpens to the dugouts.
12.6 DUGOUTS

All facilities must provide two enclosed dugouts (home and visitor). Each dugout in a new facility must accommodate 25-30 uniformed personnel on a bench with seatback. Each dugout in an existing facility shall accommodate 20-25 uniformed personnel. Each dugout must have a helmet rack for a minimum of 15 helmets and a bat rack for a minimum of 30 bats. It is recommended that a bat swing/storage area be directly accessible to each dugout. It is recommended that each dugout include a refrigerated water cooler (drinking fountain) and provide direct access to a restroom. It is recommended that all facilities have telephones connecting the dugouts to the bullpens and to the press box. All dugouts shall provide as feasible an anti-skid surface as possible on steps and walkways.

12.7 FIELD EQUIPMENT

All facilities shall provide the following field equipment. Examples given shall serve as guidelines for equipment quality, and the equipment provided shall meet or exceed the examples specified.

12.7.1 BATTING CAGE

All facilities shall provide a full cover batting cage. New batting cages shall have minimum dimensions of 18’ wide, 14’ deep and 9’ high. It is recommended that the cage be portable and made of an aluminum frame to provide maximum maintainability. Existing batting cages not meeting the above standards may be approved by the parent Major League Club.

12.7.2 FIELD SCREENS

All facilities shall provide a pitching screen, first base screen, 2nd base/double play screen, and a shag protector screen. New screens shall have the following minimum dimensions:

- Pitching screen: 7’ h x 8’ w with 4’ x 4’ notch in upper corner.
- Double play screen: 7’ h x 14’ w with hinged wings.
- First base and shag protector screens: 7’ h x 8’ w.

All existing screens not meeting the above standards may be approved by the parent Major League Club.
Periodic checks of the batting cage and all screens shall be performed to verify frame and net integrity.

12.7.3 BATTER’S EYE

All facilities shall provide a solid monochromatic batter’s eye painted in a flat, dark color with minimum dimensions of 16’ high and 40’ wide centered in the outfield. If a centerfield camera is integrated into the batter’s eye, the camera must be the same color as the batter’s eye. It is recommended that all new facilities provide a batter’s eye with minimum dimensions of 40’ high and 80’ wide. Any advertising sign abutting the batter’s eye shall not include white lettering, a white background, any neon or other lighting or motion effects.

12.7.4 FOUL POLES

All facilities shall provide two foul poles of a bright color that are a minimum of 30’ high (45’ is recommended) with a screen to the fair side of the pole. No white signs shall be allowed on or immediately adjacent to each side of the foul pole.

12.7.5 FLAG POLE

All facilities shall provide a flag pole for the United States Flag or Canadian Flag, as applicable, in clear view of the entire seating bowl.

12.7.6 SCOREBOARDS, VIDEO MONITORS AND MOTION SIGNS

In addition to other provisions of these Minor League Facility Standards (including, but not limited to, Section 8.3 (Scoreboard Location)), the President of the Minor League Association, in consultation with the Commissioner or the Commissioner’s designee, shall develop and distribute guidelines regarding the use and location of scoreboards, video monitors, LED boards and LED/matrix boards so as not to interfere with play.
12.8 FIELD LIGHTING
All new lighting systems shall maintain the following minimum brightness requirements after 100 hours of burning:

Class AAA and Class AA: 100 fc average in infield/
                        70 fc average in outfield.

Class A and Rookie: 70 fc average in infield/
                50 fc average in outfield.

The height and location of poles in all new lighting systems shall follow IES standards.

All existing lighting systems shall maintain the following minimum brightness requirements:

Class AAA and Class AA: 70 fc average in infield/
                        50 fc average in outfield.

Class A and Rookie: 60 fc average in infield/
                40 fc average in outfield.

All lighting systems shall operate with a maximum variance ratio of 1.2/1 in the infield and 2/1 in the outfield. The variance ratios shall be computed by comparing the highest and lowest footcandle readings in the infield and the outfield.

12.9 BATTING CAGE GATE
All new facilities shall provide a gate large enough to allow the batting cage to be freely taken to and from the playing field.

12.10 BACKSTOP
All facilities shall provide a backstop behind home plate. The configuration and dimensions shall vary due to sight-lines for the press box and insurance requirements for the facility. Periodic inspections shall be performed to insure the integrity of the backstop.

12.11 PLAYING FIELD TARPS
All Class AAA, Class AA and full season Class A facilities shall provide a full infield tarp and pitcher’s mound, home plate, base pit, and bullpen tarps, except that this requirement may be waived by the President of the Minor League Association in the event that the facility is located in an area
that does not experience sufficient rainfall to justify the expense of tarps. The tarps shall be oversized to prevent water from running under the edge to a dirt area. The tarps shall be stored in an easily accessible location but in a way not to create a safety hazard on the playing field. Each facility is required to provide adequate manpower to operate the placement and/or removal of the tarps.

SECTION 13.0 MAINTENANCE

This section outlines requirements and recommendations for overall maintenance of the facility and playing field in a professional manner.

13.1 FACILITY MAINTENANCE AND CLEANLINESS

Each facility shall develop a maintenance program (both short-term and long-term) for use by its maintenance personnel. All public areas shall be completely free of trash and rubbish at the opening of each event, and stadium personnel shall be responsible for cleanliness during the event.

Each facility shall follow its maintenance program for interior repairs and touch-ups to maintain the professional atmosphere of the facility. Long-term maintenance shall be ongoing in order to deter major facility problems and to minimize potential disruptions to the public.

13.2 FIELD MAINTENANCE

The playing field shall be maintained at the highest possible professional level. Every reasonable effort shall be made to insure the safety of the players and the smooth play of the game. The facility shall follow professional grounds-keeping practices and shall utilize proper maintenance equipment. Nail-drags, screens, tampers and rakes are recommended to maintain all dirt areas. Proper turf care equipment (mowers, tractors, etc.) shall be used, and an appropriate maintenance plan shall be developed and followed to care for the playing field.

13.2.1 PLAYING FIELD RECONDITIONING

The pitcher’s mound and base pit areas shall be reconditioned prior to each game through the use of clay materials and tampers.

13.2.2 FIELD MAINTENANCE MATERIALS

All facilities are required to have a sufficient amount of drying material on hand at all times for reconditioning the infield. A chemical drying agent and/or calsonite clay may be used in combination with sand to stabilize areas affected by excessive moisture. Sand may not be the sole drying agent.
13.2.3 LAYOUT OF PLAYING FIELD

The entire playing field shall be laid out to coincide with the provisions of Sections 2.01 through 2.05 of the Official Baseball Rules.

13.2.4 IRRIGATION SYSTEM

All new facilities shall provide a full field irrigation system as well as water lines 1 1/2” or larger behind both home plate and second base for watering the infield grass and base pit areas. It is recommended that a series of water outlets 1” or larger be distributed around the playing field in order to water the field if the irrigation system should become inoperable. It is recommended that a full-field irrigation system be provided at all existing facilities.

13.2.5 FIELD DRAINAGE SYSTEM

All new facilities shall provide an underfield drainage system integrated into the subbase of the turf (natural or synthetic) surface. This system shall be a system of a drain tile fields in a porous collection bed (or similar system) below the turf base.

It is recommended an optimal slope of .5% be maintained from the base of the pitcher’s mound to the baselines and from second base to the outfield warning track.